Training Day 4

24th June 2025

Topics Covered – JavaScript Hoisting, Type Coercion

Hoisting

We learned that **Hoisting** is JavaScript's default behavior of moving declarations (not initializations) to the top of their scope during compilation.

```
Example:
```

```
console.log(a); // undefined
var a = 5;
```

In the background, JavaScript treats it like:

```
var a;
console.log(a);
a = 5;
```

Only declarations (var, function) are hoisted, not the actual assignments.

Type Coercion

Coercion refers to JavaScript's ability to automatically or implicitly convert data types during operations.

Examples:

```
console.\log("5" + 2); // "52" (string concatenation) console.\log("5" - 2); // 3 (string converted to number)
```

We also discussed **strict comparison** (===) which checks both value and type.

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Code Task – Loops Implementation

We practiced creating loops to handle repetitive tasks. Focused on three main types:

• For Loop

```
for (let i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {
  console.log("Count:", i);
}</pre>
```

• While Loop

```
let i = 1;
while (i <= 5) {
  console.log(i);
  i++;
}</pre>
```

• Do-While Loop

```
let j = 1;
do {
  console.log(j);
  j++;
} while (j <= 5);</pre>
```

Task Objective: Use loops to print multiplication tables, iterate over arrays, and build simple logic like number checking.

Task for Tomorrow

- Practice problems on nested loops (e.g., pattern printing, tables).
- Explore break and continue statements.
- Begin introduction to **functions** in JavaScript: definition, usage, and types.