

Contents

1. Introduction	2
2. Objectives	2
3. Architecture Overview	3
4. Application & Dockerization	4
Application Structure	4
Dockerfile	4
5. IAM Role & OIDC Configuration	5
Why OIDC?	5
Steps Performed	5
1. Created OIDC Identity Provider:	5
2. Created IAM Role:	5
3. Attached policies:.....	6
6. Amazon ECR Repository	7
Repository Configuration	7
7. ECS Fargate Setup	7
ECS Cluster.....	7
Task Definition.....	7
Service Configuration	8
GitHub Actions CI Workflow	9
9. CD Pipeline (Deploy to ECS)	11
Deployment Workflow	11
10. Verification & Rollback	15
Verification.....	15
Rollback Strategies	15

Option 1 – Task Definition Rollback.....	15
Option 2 – Image SHA Rollback	15
11. Issues Faced & Resolutions.....	15
Issue 1: GitHub Actions authentication failure	15
Issue 2: Port mapping conflict	16
12. Conclusion	16

CI/CD Pipeline for Dockerized Application on AWS ECS Fargate using GitHub Actions (OIDC)

1. Introduction

This project implements a complete CI/CD pipeline using GitHub Actions and AWS ECS Fargate, following practices such as:

1. Containerized application delivery
2. Infrastructure managed via AWS Console
3. Secure authentication using OIDC (OpenID Connect)
4. No long-term AWS credentials
5. Automated deployment with rollback capability

The pipeline ensures that every code change pushed to GitHub is automatically built, tested, containerized, and deployed to AWS.

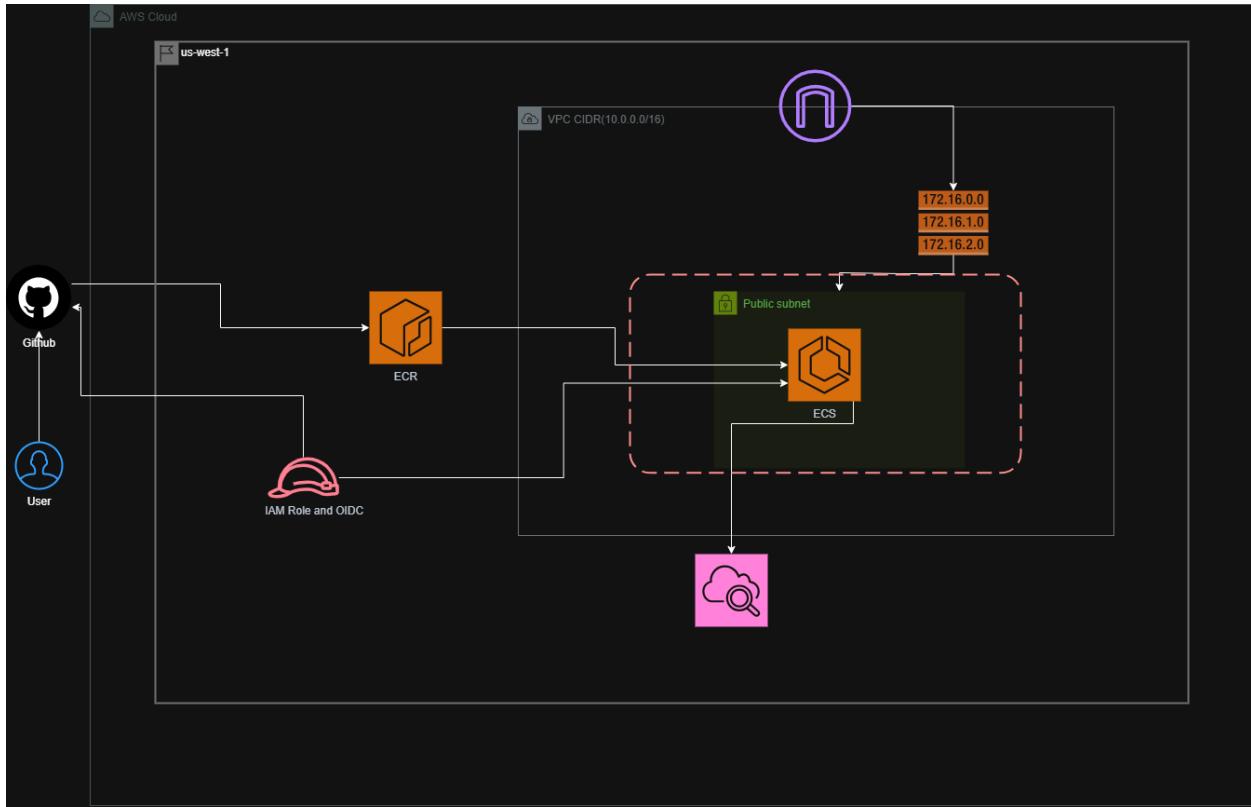
2. Objectives

The primary objectives of this project are:

1. To containerize a Node.js web application using Docker
2. To store container images securely in Amazon ECR
3. To deploy containers using Amazon ECS Fargate (serverless)
4. To implement CI/CD pipelines using GitHub Actions
5. To use IAM Role + OIDC for secure authentication

6. To verify deployments and enable rollback mechanisms

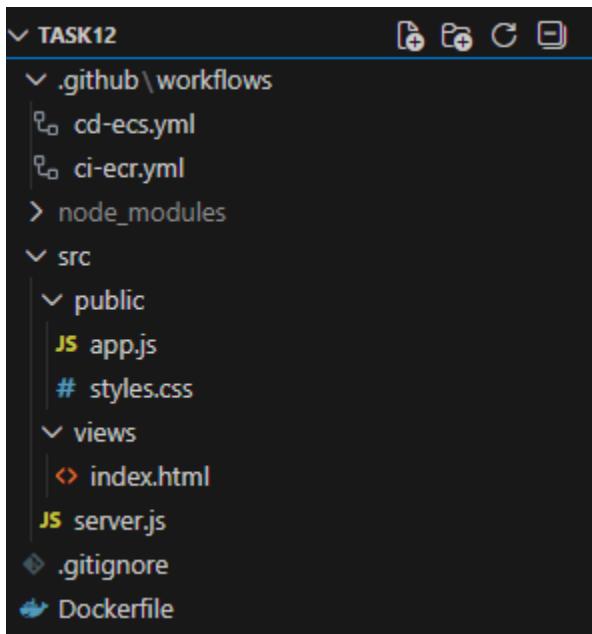
3. Architecture Overview



1. Developer pushes code to GitHub repository
2. GitHub Actions CI pipeline builds Docker image
3. Image is pushed to Amazon ECR
4. GitHub Actions CD pipeline updates ECS task definition
5. ECS service deploys new task revision
6. Application runs on ECS Fargate and is accessible via public IP

4. Application & Dockerization

Application Structure



Dockerfile

```
Dockerfile > ...
1  FROM node:20-alpine
2
3  WORKDIR /app
4
5  COPY package*.json ./
6  RUN npm ci --omit=dev
7
8  COPY src ./src
9
0  ENV PORT=3000
1  EXPOSE 3000
2
3  CMD ["npm", "start"]
4
```

The Dockerfile:

1. Uses a lightweight Node.js base image
2. Copies application source code

3. Installs dependencies
4. Exposes application port
5. Starts the application

5. IAM Role & OIDC Configuration

Why OIDC?

1. Eliminates long-term AWS access keys
2. Uses short-lived credentials
3. GitHub Actions assumes IAM role securely

Steps Performed

1. Created OIDC Identity Provider:

- o token.actions.githubusercontentcontent.com

The screenshot shows the AWS IAM Identity Provider configuration page for the provider 'token.actions.githubusercontentcontent.com'. The 'Summary' section displays the provider details: Provider is 'token.actions.githubusercontentcontent.com', Provider Type is 'OpenID Connect', Creation Time is 'September 03, 2025, 21:44 (UTC+05:00)', and ARN is 'arn:aws:iam::504649076991:oidc-provider/token.actions.githubusercontentcontent.com'. Below the summary, there are tabs for 'Audiences (1)', 'Endpoint verification', and 'Tags'. The 'Audiences (1)' tab is selected, showing one audience entry: 'sts.amazonaws.com'. An 'Actions' dropdown menu is visible next to the audience list.

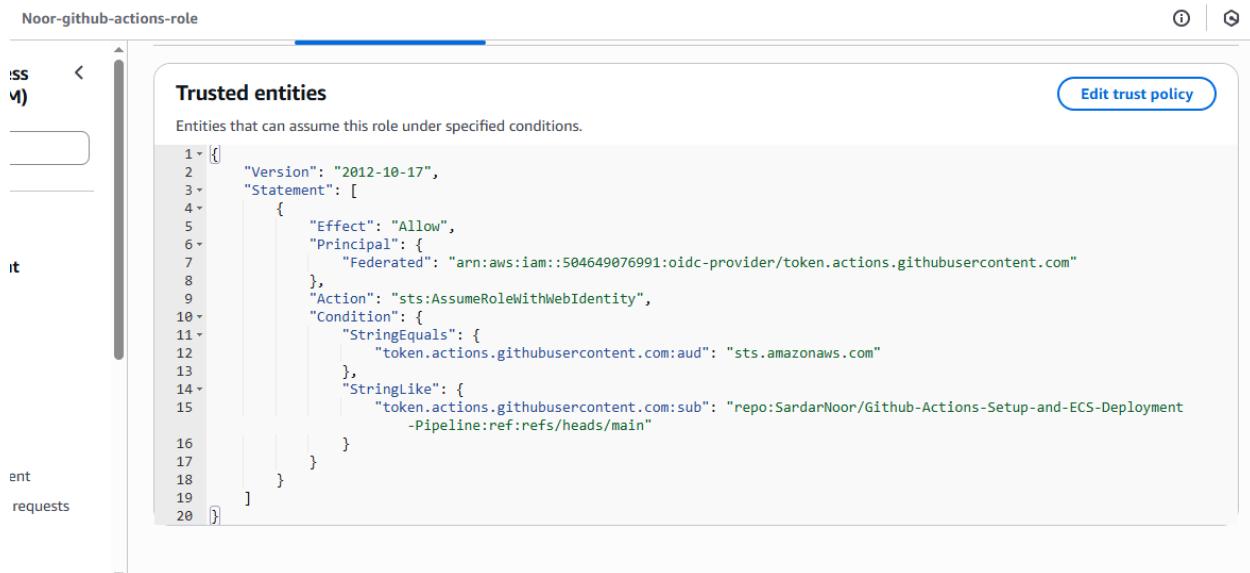
2. Created IAM Role:

Trust relationship restricted to:

1. GitHub user

2. Repository

3. Branch (main)

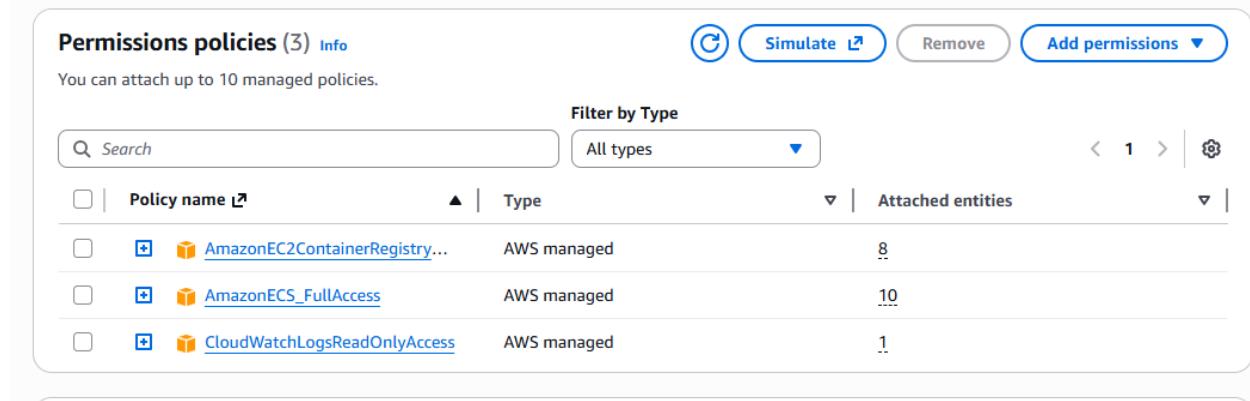


The screenshot shows the 'Trusted entities' section of the AWS IAM role configuration for 'Noor-github-actions-role'. It displays the JSON policy document:

```
1 [ {  
2     "Version": "2012-10-17",  
3     "Statement": [  
4         {  
5             "Effect": "Allow",  
6             "Principal": {  
7                 "Federated": "arn:aws:iam::504649076991:oidc-provider/token.actions.githubusercontent.com"  
8             },  
9             "Action": "sts:AssumeRoleWithWebIdentity",  
10            "Condition": {  
11                "StringEquals": {  
12                    "token.actions.githubusercontent.com:aud": "sts.amazonaws.com"  
13                },  
14                "StringLike": {  
15                    "token.actions.githubusercontent.com:sub": "repo:SardarNoor/Github-Actions-Setup-and-ECS-Deployment  
-Pipeline:ref:refs/heads/main"  
16                }  
17            }  
18        }  
19    ]  
20 }]
```

3.Attached policies:

1. AmazonEC2ContainerRegistryPowerUser
2. AmazonECS_FullAccess
3. CloudWatchLogsReadOnlyAccess



The screenshot shows the 'Permissions policies' section of the AWS IAM role configuration for 'Noor-github-actions-role'. It lists three attached managed policies:

Policy name	Type	Attached entities
AmazonEC2ContainerRegistry...	AWS managed	8
AmazonECS_FullAccess	AWS managed	10
CloudWatchLogsReadOnlyAccess	AWS managed	1

6. Amazon ECR Repository

Repository Configuration

1. Repository name: task12repo
2. Image tag mutability: **Mutable**
3. Encryption: AES-256 (default)

The screenshot shows the AWS ECR console under the 'Private repositories' section. A search bar at the top allows filtering by repository substring. Below it is a table with columns: Repository name, URI, Created at, Tag immutability, and Encryption type. One repository is listed:

Repository name	URI	Created at	Tag immutability	Encryption type
task12repo	504649076991.dkr.ecr.us-west-1.amazonaws.com/task12repo	03 January 2026, 02:47:20 (UTC+05)	Mutable	AES-256

7. ECS Fargate Setup

ECS Cluster

1. Cluster name: task12-cluster
2. Launch type: **Fargate**

The screenshot shows the AWS ECS console under the 'Clusters' section, specifically for the 'task12-cluster'. It displays a 'Cluster overview' with details like ARN, Status (Active), CloudWatch monitoring (Container Insights), and Registered container instances. Below this, there are sections for 'Services' and 'Tasks'. The 'Services' tab is selected, showing one service entry:

Draining	Active	Pending	Running
-	1	-	1

At the bottom, there are tabs for Services, Tasks, Infrastructure, Metrics, Scheduled tasks, Configuration, Event history, and Tags. A 'Services' section at the very bottom includes a 'Create' button and filtering options for launch type, scheduling strategy, and resource management type.

Task Definition

1. CPU: 0.25 vCPU

2. Memory: 0.5 GB
3. Network mode: awsvpc
4. Container port: 3000
5. Logging: CloudWatch Logs enabled

task12:1 Last updated 4 January 2026, 04:31 (UTC+5:00) [Deploy](#) [Actions](#) [Create new revision](#)

Overview	
ARN arn:aws:ecs:us-west-1:5046 49076991:task-definition/task1 2:1	Status ACTIVE
Task role -	Task execution role ecsTaskExecutionRole
Fault injection Turned off	Time created 3 January 2026, 23:33 (UTC+5:00)
	Operating system/Architecture Linux/X86_64
	App environment Fargate
	Network mode awsvpc

Containers [JSON](#) [Task placement](#) [Volumes \(0\)](#) [Requires attributes](#) [Tags](#)

Network settings			
Networking Turned on	DNS servers -	DNS search domains -	
Port mappings (1)			
Host port:Container port	Protocol	Port name	App protocol
3000:3000	tcp	task12-container-3000-tcp	http

Service Configuration

1. Desired tasks: 1
2. Capacity provider: FARGATE
3. Public subnets
4. Auto-assign public IP: **Enabled**

The screenshot shows the AWS CloudWatch Metrics interface for a service named 'task12-service'. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links to Clusters, task12-cluster, Services, task12-service, and Health. Below the navigation is a header for 'task12-service' with an 'Info' link, a 'Last updated' timestamp (4 January 2026, 04:34 (UTC+5:00)), and three buttons: 'Delete service' (blue), 'Update service' (orange), and a dropdown arrow.

The main content area is titled 'Service overview' with an 'Info' link. It displays the following status information:

- Status**: Active (green checkmark)
- Tasks (1 Desired)**: 0 pending | 1 running
- Task definition: revision**: task12:2
- Deployment status**: Success (green checkmark)

Below this, a navigation bar includes links for Health and metrics (which is selected and highlighted in blue), Tasks, Logs, Deployments, Events, Configuration and networking, and Service auto. The 'Health and metrics' section is expanded, showing the following details:

Status (Info)

Service name task12-service	Service ARN arn:aws:ecs:us-west-1:504649076991:service/task12-cluster/task12-service	Deployments current state 1 Completed task	Created at 3 January 2026, 23:46 (UTC+5:00)
Health check grace period 0 seconds			

8. CI Pipeline (Build & Push to ECR)

GitHub Actions CI Workflow

1. Trigger: push to main
2. Authenticate using OIDC
3. Build Docker image
4. Tag image
5. Push to ECR

```

.github > workflows > ci-ecr.yml
  1   name: CI - Build and Push to ECR
  2
  3   on:
  4     push:
  5       branches:
  6         - main
  7     workflow_dispatch:
  8
  9   permissions:
 10     id-token: write
 11     contents: read
 12
 13   env:
 14     AWS_REGION: us-west-1
 15     AWS_ACCOUNT_ID: "504649076991"
 16     ECR_REPOSITORY: task12repo
 17
 18   jobs:
 19     build-and-push:
 20       runs-on: ubuntu-latest
 21
 22       steps:
 23         - name: Checkout
 24           uses: actions/checkout@v4
 25
 26         - name: Configure AWS credentials (OIDC)
 27           uses: aws-actions/configure-aws-credentials@v4
 28           with:
 29             role-to-assume: arn:aws:iam::504649076991:role/Noor-github-actions-role
 30             aws-region: ${{ env.AWS_REGION }}
 31

```

```

    - name: Login to Amazon ECR
      id: login-ecr
      uses: aws-actions/amazon-ecr-login@v2

    - name: Build, tag, and push Docker image
      env:
        ECR_REGISTRY: ${{ steps.login-ecr.outputs.registry }}
        IMAGE_TAG_SHA: ${{ github.sha }}
      run:
        docker build -t $ECR_REGISTRY/${{ env.ECR_REPOSITORY }}:latest .
        docker tag $ECR_REGISTRY/${{ env.ECR_REPOSITORY }}:latest \
          $ECR_REGISTRY/${{ env.ECR_REPOSITORY }}:$IMAGE_TAG_SHA

        docker push $ECR_REGISTRY/${{ env.ECR_REPOSITORY }}:latest
        docker push $ECR_REGISTRY/${{ env.ECR_REPOSITORY }}:$IMAGE_TAG_SHA

```

The screenshot shows a CI pipeline named "CI - Build and Push to ECR #2". The pipeline has one job named "build-and-push" which succeeded 1 hour ago in 15s. The job log details the following steps:

- Set up job (2s)
- Checkout (0s)
- Configure AWS credentials (OIDC) (1s)
- Login to Amazon ECR (0s)
- Build, tag, and push Docker image (7s)
- Post Login to Amazon ECR (1s)
- Post Configure AWS credentials (OIDC) (0s)
- Post Checkout (0s)
- Complete job (0s)

Below the logs, there is a table showing the ECR image details:

Image tags	Type	Created at	Image size	Image digest	Last pulled at
latest, d0987be071a79b8 14cbfbe2bf4b4910 2b2a7ff84c	Image	04 January 2026, 01:53:51 (UTC+05)	49.36	sha256:c864...	04 January 2026, 01:54:24 (UTC+05)

9. CD Pipeline (Deploy to ECS)

Deployment Workflow

1. Fetch existing task definition
2. Update container image
3. Register new revision
4. Update ECS service
5. Wait for service stability

```
.github > workflows > cd-ecs.yml
1   name: CD - Deploy to ECS Fargate
2
3   on:
4     push:
5       branches:
6         - main
7     workflow_dispatch:
8
9   permissions:
10    id-token: write
11    contents: read
12
13 env:
14   AWS_REGION: us-west-1
15   AWS_ACCOUNT_ID: "504649076991"
16   ECR_REPOSITORY: task12repo
17
18 jobs:
19   deploy:
20     runs-on: ubuntu-latest
21
22     steps:
23       - name: Checkout
24         uses: actions/checkout@v4
25
26       - name: Configure AWS credentials (OIDC)
27         uses: aws-actions/configure-aws-credentials@v4
28         with:
29           role-to-assume: arn:aws:iam::504649076991:role/Noor-github-actions-role
30           aws-region: ${{ env.AWS_REGION }}
31
```

```
- name: Login to Amazon ECR
  id: login-ecr
  uses: aws-actions/amazon-ecr-login@v2

- name: Get current task definition JSON
  run: |
    aws ecs describe-task-definition \
      --task-definition "${{ secrets.ECS_TASK_DEFINITION }}" \
      --query taskDefinition \
      > taskdef.json

- name: Render new task definition (update image)
  env:
    ECR_REGISTRY: ${{ steps.login-ecr.outputs.registry }}
    IMAGE_URI: ${{ steps.login-ecr.outputs.registry }}/${{ env.ECR_REPOSITORY }}:latest
  run: |
    IMAGE_URI="$ECR_REGISTRY/${{ env.ECR_REPOSITORY }}:latest"
    echo "Using IMAGE_URI=$IMAGE_URI"

    python -c << 'PY'
    import json, os
    image_uri = os.environ["IMAGE_URI"]
    with open("taskdef.json") as f:
      td = json.load(f)
```

```

# Keep only fields allowed in register-task-definition
keys = [
    "family", "taskRoleArn", "executionRoleArn", "networkMode",
    "containerDefinitions", "volumes", "placementConstraints",
    "requiresCompatibilities", "cpu", "memory", "runtimePlatform",
    "ipcMode", "pidMode", "proxyConfiguration", "inferenceAccelerators",
    "ephemeralStorage"
]
new_td = {k: td.get(k) for k in keys if td.get(k) is not None}

# Update first container image (single-container app)
new_td["containerDefinitions"][0]["image"] = image_uri

with open("taskdef-rendered.json", "w") as f:
    json.dump(new_td, f, indent=2)
print("Rendered taskdef-rendered.json with updated image:", image_uri)
PY
shell: bash

```

```

- name: Register new task definition revision
  id: register
  run: |
    REVISION_ARN=$(aws ecs register-task-definition \
    --cli-input-json file://taskdef-rendered.json \
    --query 'taskDefinition.taskDefinitionArn' \
    --output text)
    echo "revision_arn=$REVISION_ARN" >> $GITHUB_OUTPUT
    echo "Registered: $REVISION_ARN"

- name: Update ECS service
  run: |
    aws ecs update-service \
    --cluster "${{ secrets.ECS_CLUSTER }}" \
    --service "${{ secrets.ECS_SERVICE }}" \
    --task-definition "${{ steps.register.outputs.revision_arn }}" \
    --force-new-deployment

- name: Wait for service stability
  run: |
    aws ecs wait services-stable \
    --cluster "${{ secrets.ECS_CLUSTER }}" \
    --services "${{ secrets.ECS_SERVICE }}"

```

Repository secrets		New repository secret
Name	Last updated	
ECS_CLUSTER	2 hours ago	Edit Delete
ECS_SERVICE	2 hours ago	Edit Delete
ECS_TASK_DEFINITION	2 hours ago	Edit Delete

← CD - Deploy to ECS Fargate
✓ added second workflow i.e cd-ecs.yml #1

[Re-run all jobs](#) [...](#)

[Summary](#)

All jobs

deploy

Run details

Usage

Workflow file

deploy

succeeded 2 hours ago in 3m 32s

Search logs

- > Set up job 1s
- > Checkout 1s
- > Configure AWS credentials (OIDC) 0s
- > Login to Amazon ECR 2s
- > Get current task definition JSON 3s
- > Render new task definition (update image) 0s
- > Register new task definition revision 1s
- > Update ECS service 1s
- > Wait for service stability 3m 21s
- > Post Login to Amazon ECR 0s
- > Post Configure AWS credentials (OIDC) 0s

> Clusters > task12-cluster > Services > task12-service > Deployments

[i](#) [e](#) [g](#)

Status Active	Tasks (1 Desired) 0 pending 1 running	Task definition: revision task12:2	Deployment status Success
----------------------------------	--	--	--

[Health and metrics](#) [Tasks](#) [Logs](#) [Deployments](#) [Events](#) [Configuration and networking](#) [Service au](#)

Last deployment [Info](#)

Deployment ID aRnYRboUKSV_Gc3tgivyr	Deployment status Success	Deployment controller type ECS	Deployment strategy Rolling update
Min and max running tasks Info 100% min and 200% max	Deployment duration 3 minutes, 5 seconds	Created at 4 January 2026, 01:53 (UTC+5:00)	Started at 4 January 2026, 01:53 (UTC+5:00)
Stopped at -	Finished at 4 January 2026, 01:56 (UTC+5:00)		

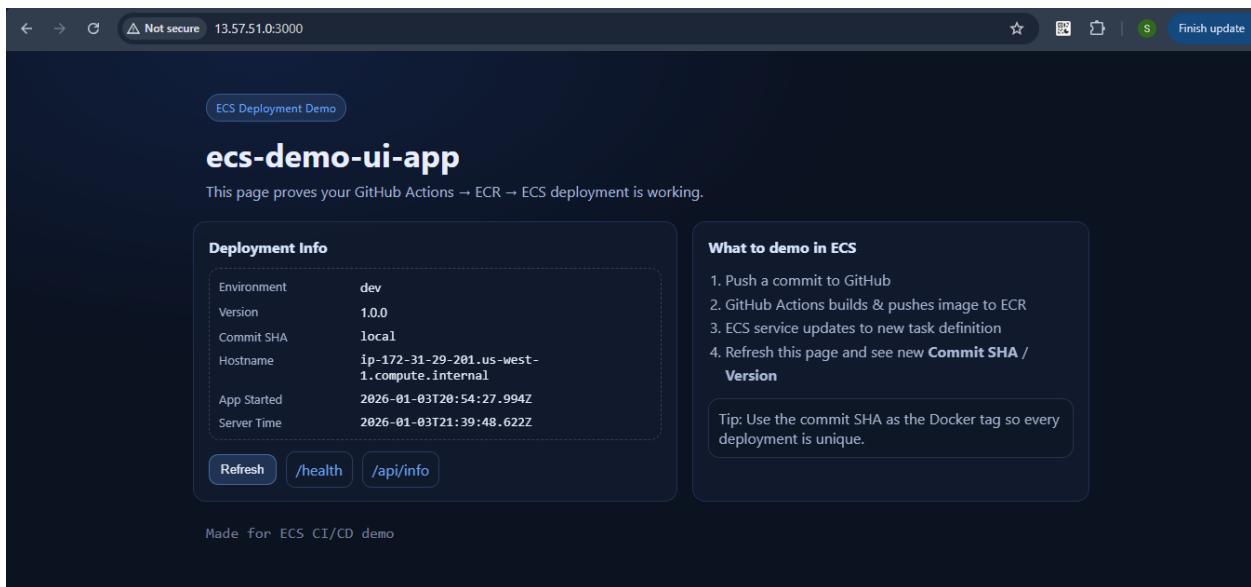
Service revisions (2) [Info](#)

A service revision includes the number of tasks involved in the service deployment. You can choose to view details for all service revisions created on or after 21 October 2024.

10. Verification & Rollback

Verification

1. Confirm ECS service is stable
2. Task state: **RUNNING**
3. Retrieve task public IP
4. Access the application



Rollback Strategies

Option 1 – Task Definition Rollback

Update ECS service to previous revision

Option 2 – Image SHA Rollback

Use specific ECR image tag

11. Issues Faced & Resolutions

Issue 1: GitHub Actions authentication failure

Cause: Missing OIDC trust conditions

Resolution: Corrected IAM trust policy

Issue 2: Port mapping conflict

Cause: Duplicate port mapping in Fargate

Resolution: Ensured unique port mapping name

12. Conclusion

This project demonstrates a modern deployment architecture using AWS native services and GitHub Actions. By leveraging OIDC authentication, container best practices, and ECS Fargate, the solution eliminates manual deployments, reduces security risks, and enables rapid, reliable releases.