Bootstrap with Angular

Prerequisites

To follow this tutorial, you will need:

- Node.js installed.
- **npm** installed.
- An IDE. This demonstration uses **Visual Studio Code**.
- <u>Angular CLI</u> installed on your machine. To install the Angular CLI, you need to open a console window. It's recommended to install the CLI globally so that you can start new projects anywhere. Then, run **npm install** -g @angular/cli@latest.

Create a Project

The next step is to build the project. Move to the directory that you wish to create it in, and type the following command: **ng new hello-world**

You can replace **hello-world** with your own project ID.

Running this command will load the CLI and prompt you to answer the following questions:

- 1. "Add Angular Routing?": Here, you'll choose if you're building an app with multiple pages.
- 2. "Which stylesheet format would you like to use?": Here, select your preferred CSS platform.

Then, navigate to the project folder. Switch into it using the **cd** command to access your project.

When the project is ready and you're in the correct folder, start it by running the following: **ng serve --open**

Get Bootstrap Ready and Installed

If you're running Angular already, you'll need to open a new console window to manage the installation. Then, enter the following: **npm install --save bootstrap**

Wait for the installation to finish, which should only take a few minutes.

Next, you need to import Bootstrap CSS.

In your application's global **scss** file — which will most likely be **styles.scss** — import the Bootstrap file using this command: @**import** "**~bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.css"**;

This will include the Bootstrap 5 styling, allowing you to use all the CSS features that Bootstrap provides.

If you don't want to import the **Bootstrap.css** file, you can also include it here under **styles**, below **src/styles.scss**:

Angular won't recognize it right away if it's running. So, close the page and stop **ng serve --open** by typing Ctrl+C. This will cause the node to terminate the Angular application.

Then, type **ng serve --open** to get it started again.

Build a Modal

Now that you've installed Bootstrap, let's see how it works with a small modal. Angular generates an example app with a single main component under the app folder.

Click on the app.component.html file. You'll see a default template. Erase the code that's there and add the following code to create a button and modal:

```
<div role="main">
 <button (click)="trigger()" data-toggle="modal" data-target="#helloModal"</pre>
type="button" class="btn btn-primary">Click Me!</button>
</div>
<div #helloModal class="modal fade" id="helloModal" role="dialog" aria-</pre>
labelledby="helloModalLabel" aria-hidden="true">
 <div class="modal-dialog" role="document">
  <div class="modal-content">
   <div class="modal-header">
    <h5 class="modal-title" id="helloModalLabel">Greetings!</h5>
    <button (click)="trigger()" type="button" class="close" data-dismiss="modal"</pre>
aria-label="Close">
      <span aria-hidden="true">&times;</span>
    </button>
   </div>
   <div class="modal-body">
    Hello, World! I'm a modal!
   </div>
   <div class="modal-footer">
    <button (click)="trigger()" type="button" class="btn btn-secondary" data-
dismiss="modal">Close</button>
```

```
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
```

Open the **app.component.html** file in the same folder, and add the following additional imports after **Component**:

```
import { Component, ElementRef, ViewChild, AfterViewInit } from
'@angular/core';
import * as bootstrap from 'bootstrap';
```

Now you're ready to create a functional modal. In **app.component.ts**, add these methods and variables to the class:

```
export class AppComponent implements AfterViewInit {
    @ViewChild('helloModal') helloEl?: ElementRef;
    modal?: bootstrap.Modal;
    ngAfterViewInit() {
        this.modal = new bootstrap.Modal(this.helloEl?.nativeElement, {});
    }
    trigger() {
        this.modal?.toggle();
    }
}
```

