

```

library(readxl)
library(lme4)

## Loading required package: Matrix
library(lmerTest)

##
## Attaching package: 'lmerTest'
## The following object is masked from 'package:lme4':
##
##      lmer
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##      step
library(car)

## Loading required package: carData
library(MuMIn)

data <- read_excel("../Data/PredictingOutcomes_ParticipantPredictions.xlsx", sheet = "Study 1A")

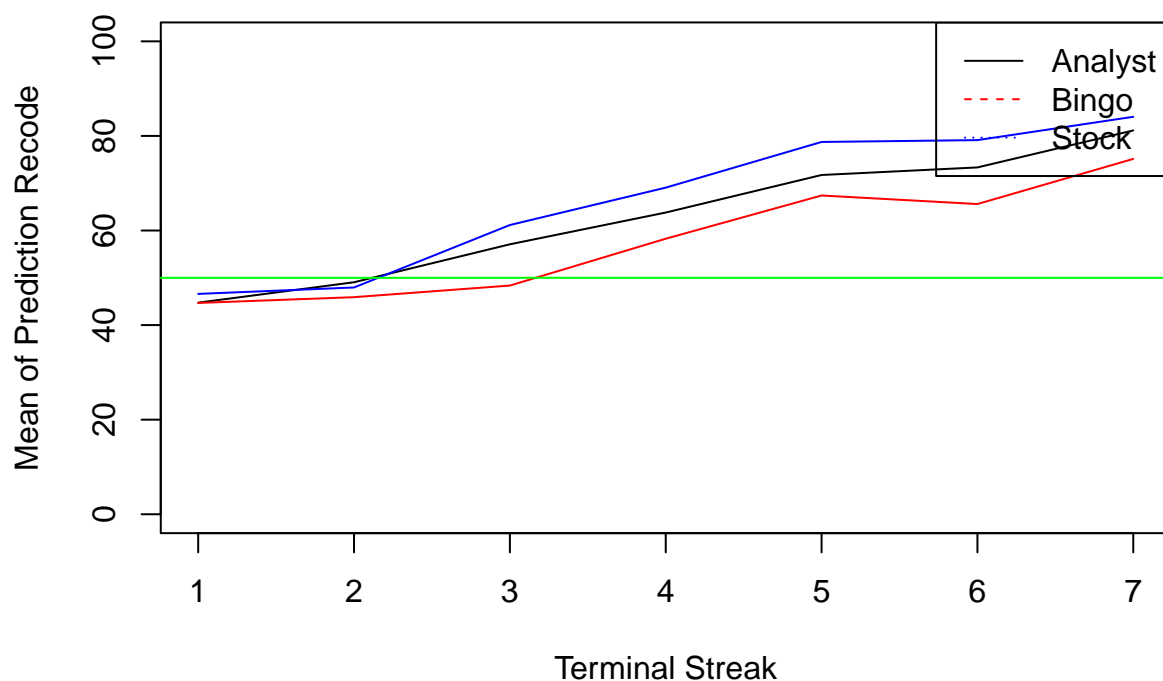
# divide the data based on the generator
data1 <- data[data$generator == "analyst",]
data2 <- data[data$generator == "bingo",]
data3 <- data[data$generator == "stock",]

calculate the mean of prediciotn_recode for each terminwal streak from 1 to 7
mean1 <- aggregate(data1$prediction_recode, by = list(data1$terminal_streak_length), FUN = mean)
mean2 <- aggregate(data2$prediction_recode, by = list(data2$terminal_streak_length), FUN = mean)
mean3 <- aggregate(data3$prediction_recode, by = list(data3$terminal_streak_length), FUN = mean)

plot(mean1$Group.1,mean1$x, type = "l",ylim=c(0,100), xlab = "Terminal Streak", ylab = "Mean of Predict
lines(mean2$Group.1,mean2$x, col = "red")
lines(mean3$Group.1,mean3$x, col = "blue")
abline(h = 50, col = "green")
legend("topright", legend = c("Analyst", "Bingo", "Stock"), col = c("black", "red", "blue"), lty = 1:3)

```

Mean of Prediction Recode for each Terminal Streak



calculate the mean of prediction_recode for each participant_id

```
mean1_id <- aggregate(data1$prediction_recode, by = list(data1$participant_id), FUN = median)
mean2_id <- aggregate(data2$prediction_recode, by = list(data2$participant_id), FUN = median)
mean3_id <- aggregate(data3$prediction_recode, by = list(data3$participant_id), FUN = median)
```

apply kruskal wais test so that the p value is 0.018

```
kruskal.test(mean1_id$x, mean2_id$x, mean3_id$x)
```

```
##
## Kruskal-Wallis rank sum test
##
## data: mean1_id$x and mean2_id$x
## Kruskal-Wallis chi-squared = 28.016, df = 32, p-value = 0.6686
```

apply a one way mixed anova to test the effect of condition and one within streak length on the rating of probability that the terminal streak would repeat

```
model <- lmer(prediction_recode ~ generator + terminal_streak_length + (1|participant_id), data = data)
summary(model)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: prediction_recode ~ generator + terminal_streak_length + (1 |
## participant_id)
## Data: data
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 23923
##
## Scaled residuals:
## Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
```

```
## -2.9610 -0.7164 0.1112 0.6704 2.5875
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## participant_id (Intercept) 22.7 4.764
## Residual 581.5 24.114
## Number of obs: 2592, groups: participant_id, 144
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 39.1414 1.1769 222.6852 33.258 <2e-16 ***
## generatorbingo -2.0111 1.4832 141.0000 -1.356 0.1773
## generatorstock 2.5634 1.5330 141.0000 1.672 0.0967 .
## terminal_streak_length 5.8588 0.2464 2447.0000 23.776 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) gnrtrb gnrtrs
## generatrbing -0.630
## genertrstck -0.610 0.484
## trmnl_strk_ -0.454 0.000 0.000
```

tell the p value

```
anova(model)
```

```
## Type III Analysis of Variance Table with Satterthwaite's method
## Sum Sq Mean Sq NumDF DenDF F value Pr(>F)
## generator 5184 2592 2 141 4.4574 0.01327 *
## terminal_streak_length 328707 328707 1 2447 565.2955 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

calculate the p-value

```
p <- anova(model)$`Pr(>F)`
p
```

```
## [1] 1.327064e-02 1.357107e-112
```