#### First and last name

### Question 1/20

What are the properties of task environment involved in chess with clock?

- A. Fully observable, Dynamic ,Discrete, Multi Agent
- B. Fully observable, Static, Discrete, Multi Agent
- C. Fully observable, Static, Discrete, Single Agent
- D. Partially observable, Static, Discrete, Multi Agent

### Question 2/20

What is true about Iterative Deepening DFS?

- A. It's a Depth First Search, but it does it one level at a time, gradually increasing the limit, until a goal is found.
- B. It is the preferred informed search method
- C. It does not perform DFS in a BFS fashion.
- D. Is a depth-first search with a fixed depth limit l

#### **Ouestion 3/20**

Consider the following logical inferences:

I1: If it is Sunday then school will not open.

The school was open.

Inference: It was not Sunday.

I2: If it is Sunday then school will not open.

It was not Sunday.

Inference: The school was open.

Which of the following is correct?

- A. Both I1 and I2 are not correct inferences.
- B. Both I1 and I2 are correct inferences.
- C. I1 is not correct but I2 is a correct inference.
- D. I1 is correct but I2 is not a correct inference

### Question 4/20

The first order logic (FOL) statement ( $(RvQ)\land (Pv\neg Q)$ ) is equivalent to which of the following?

- A.  $((Rv \neg Q) \land (Pv \neg Q) \land (RvP))$
- B.  $((RvQ)\Lambda(Pv\neg Q)\Lambda(Rv\neg P))$
- C.  $((RvQ)\Lambda(Pv\neg Q)\Lambda(\neg RvP))$
- D.  $((RvQ)\Lambda(Pv\neg Q)\Lambda(RvP))$

### Question 5/20

We can find a function similar to a given function and having approximately the same value at a point with the help of:

- A. None of the above
- B. Taylor Series
- C. Linearization
- D. Gradient descant

## Question 6/20

We can find the approximate root of a number with the help of:

- A. Taylor Series
- B. Gradient descant
- C. Linearization
- D. None of the above

### Question 7/20

What is the time complexity in Bidirectional search algorithm?

- A. O(bd/2)
- B.  $O(b^{d/2})$
- C. O(bm)
- D.  $O(b^d)$

### Question 8/20

In first-order logic, how would you express that "something likes something"?

- A. xyLikes(x, y)
- B. xyLikes(x, y)
- C. xyLikes(x, y)
- D. xyLikes(x, y)

### Question 9/20

An orthogonal Matrix is a matrix, which when multiplied by its transpose results in

- A. Any Singular matrix
- B. Identity Matrix
- C. Any Non-Singular matrix
- D. None of these

## Question 10/20

Singular matrix is?

- A. invertible
- B. non-invertible
- C. None Of the above
- D. Both non-invertible and invertible

# Question 11/20

Matrix C has Hadamard product of two matrices A and B each element C is:

- A. sum of the product of each row of matrix A with each column of matrix B
- B. A random value
- C.  $c_{ij} = a_{ij} \times b_{ij}$
- D. None of the above

### Question 12/20

\_algorithm keeps track of k states rather than just one.

- A. Hill-Climbing search
- B. Local Beam search
- C. Stochastic hill-climbing search
- D. Random restart hill-climbing search

### Question 13/20

Suppose that price of 2 ball and 1 bat is 100 units, then What will be representation of problems in Linear Algebra in the form of x and y?

A. 
$$x + y = 100$$

B. 
$$2x + 2y = 100$$

C. 
$$2x + y = 100$$

D. 
$$2x + y = 200$$

## Question 14/20

If a function is differentiable at a point, then function is?

- A. not necessarily continuous at that point
- B. none of these
- C. not continuous at that point
- D. continuous at that point

#### Question 15/20

What is true regarding Determinant of a Matrix?

- A. To find determinant, subtract diagonal elements together.
- B. determinant is a vector value that can be computed from the elements of a Trace matrix
- C. Both A and C
- D. The concept of determinant is applicable to square matrices only.

#### Question 16/20

Alpha-beta is guaranteed to compute the same value for the root node as computed by...... with less or equal computation.

- A. Depth First search
- B. Breadth First search
- C. Minimax
- D. Bidirectional Search

## Question 17/20

Let v(x) mean x is a vegetarian, m(y) for y is meat, and e(x, y) for x eats y. Based on these, consider the following sentences:

I.  $x v(x) (y e(x, y) \neg m(y))$ 

II.  $x v(x) (\neg(y m(y) \land e(x, y)))$ 

III.  $x (y m(y) \land e(x, y)) \neg v(x)$ 

One can determine that

- A. Only II and III are equivalent sentences
- B. I, II, and III are equivalent sentences
- C. Only I and III are equivalent sentence
- D. Only I and II are equivalent sentences

## Question 18/20

Norm of a vector is its:

- A. unit vector in its direction
- B. none of the above
- C. direction
- D. magnitude

## Question 19/20

A\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an educated guess about a solution, such as a rule of thumb that points to the direction of a desired outcome but can't tell exactly how to reach it.

- A. Knowledge
- B. Learning
- C. Heuritics
- D. Explanation

### Question 20/20

The scalar product of 8i + j - 5k and 3i - 6j + 7k is:

- A. 10
- B. -15
- C. -17
- D. 25