	nvironmental Studies (MSBTE)	
Q5 Q6	Discuss, how the Hard	
0.8 0.9 0.10	Define the following terms: Biodiversity hotspots (Refer Section 4.5.2) How in situ methods of biodiversity conservation are better than the ex situ methods. (Refer Section 4.6.1) Explain the various law for biodiversity conservation. (Refer Section 4.6.2)	
MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS		

0.1 The variation of life forms within an ecosystem or on			
earth is named as			
(i) Biome (ii) Biodiversity			
(iii) Biological variety (iv) None of the above			
Ans.: (ii)			
Q.2 Which one of following is not a type of biodiversity?			
(i) Genetic (ii) Species			
(iv) None of the above			
Ans.: (iii)			
Q.3 Which of the following forms level of biodiversity?			
Alpha biodiversity (ii) Delta biodiversity			
(iii) Species biodiversity (iv) None of the above			
Ans.: (i)			
Q.4 Measurement of overall diversity for different			
ecosystems within a region comes under which of			
following levels?			
(i) Alpha (ii) Beta			
(iv) None of the above			
Ans.: (iii)			
0.5 Whittaker described three metrics to measure			
species biodiversity			
Species richness			
(ii) Simpson index			
(iii) Shannon-wiener index			
(iv) None of the above			
~(i)			

Biodiversity and Its Conservation Q. 6 Which of the following index is used to calculate the trend in population size of a cross section of the species? Mean species Abundance index (ii) Simpsons index (iii) Species richness (iv) None of the above Ans.: (i) Q. 7 Which of the following are types of uses of biodiversity? Consumptive and productive uses (ii) Only productive uses (iii) Only consumptive uses (iv) None of the above Ans.: Several agricultural disaster occurs due to lack of Q. 8 biodiversity. Which of the following term is used to describe "lack of biodiversity"? (ii) Pollination (i) Aquaculture (iv) None of the above (iii) Monoculture Ans.: Irish potato Famine is an agricultural disaster. In Q. 9 which year it had occurred? (ii) 1971 (iv) None of the above (iii) 1972 (i) Ans.: US Southern Corn Leaf Blight epidemic is an Q. 10 agriculture disaster of 1970. Which of following contributed as a major cause for it? **Biome** (ii) Bioculture (iii) Monoculture (iv) None of the above Ans.: (iii) Q. 11 Which of the following describes value biodiversity? (i) Gardening, collecting butterflies (ii) Botanical garden (iii) Clearing land for civil uses (a) Both (i) and (ii) (b) Only (ii)

(d) None of the above

(c) Both (ii) and (iii)

Ans.: (a)



- Q. 12 Which of the following statement is correct for India?

 (1) India is the 7th largest country in world with
 - mega diversity,
 - (ii) India has no rank in world w.r.t. biodiversity
 - (iii) Coasts in India do not play role in biodiversity
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (1)

- Q. 13 Which of the following is major biodiversity in Maharashtra?
 - (ii) Deccan penninsula Chhota Nagpur
 - (ii) Deccan penninsula Deccan South
 - (iii) Deccan penninsula Central Highlands
 - (Iv) None of the above

Ans.: (I)

- Q. 14 Which of the following has largest desert?
 - (I) Kutchchh
 - (ii) West coast
 - (iii) Nicobars
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (I)

- Q. 15 Which of the following are Islands?
 - الله Andaman and Nicobars
 - (ii) Lakshadweep
 - (iii) Malabar Plains
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (I)

Q. 16 Which of the following are semi Arids?

Ai) Punjab, Gujarat, Rajputana

- (ii) Malabar plains
- (iii) Nicobars
- (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (I)

Q. 17 Himalayan mountain falls in which region,

2A, 2B, 2C, 2D

- (ii) 8A
- (iii) 6B
- (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (I)

Q. 18 Himalayan region is divided into North west, West, central and East Himalayas. These are known as

(I) Biotic provinces

- (ii) Mountain ranges
- (iii) Ablotic regions
- (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (I)

Q. 19 Alpine zone of Himalaya lies very high and is full of particular type of trees. Which of the following is correct description for height and type of tree

(f) 12000 + ft altitude, Timber trees

- (ii) 5500 12000 ft altitude, Kailand chir, Deoder
- (iii) 5000 ft altitude, Shisham trees
- (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (I)

Q. 20 Ladakh mountains and Tibetan plateau are part of

(J) Trans Himalaya region

- (ii) Desert
- (iii) Semi Arid
- (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (i)

- Q. 21 Kuchch and Thar comprise majorly of
 - (i) Western Ghats
 - (ii) Himalayan region
 - (崩) Deserts
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (III)

Q. 22 Aravali mountain are covering states such as

(f) Gujarat, M. P. Rajasthan

- (ii) Ladakh mountain
- (iii) Coastal region
- (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (i

Q. 23 Punjab plains, Gujarat and Rajputana comprise which of following regions?

(I) Semi Arid

- (ii) Western Ghats
- (iii) Central Himalaya
- (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (I)

Ratna Giri is located in which of following state?

Environmental Studies (MSBTE) 4-17 Which of the river plain extends upto Himalayan Q. 31 0.24 Foot Hills? The Gangetic plain (ii) Punjab plain (iii) Brahmaputra valley (iv) None of the above Ans.: (i) The Gangetic plain extends through which of the 0.25 states? Western U. P. and West Bengal (ii) Madhyapradesh and Uttar Pradesh (iv) None of the above (iii) Western Bengal Ans.: (i) The North-East India comprises of _ Q. 26 Himalayan hill ranges (ii) Aravali hill ranges (iii) Non-Himalayan hill ranges (iv) None of the above Ans.: (iii) Cheerapunji is situated in which of the following region in India? (i) The Western Ghats (if) The North-East India (iv) None of the above (iii) The North India Ans.: (ii) Which of the following place(s) receive maximum rainfall in India? (i) The North-East India (ii) Non Himalayan hills Cheerapunji in the North-East India (iv) None of the above Ans.: (iii) In which of the following Islands of Lakshadweep is Q. 29 situated? (ii) Bay of Bengal Arabian sea (iv) None of the above (iii) Atlantic ocean Ans.: (i) Q. 30 In which of the following the Islands of Andaman and Nicobar are situated?

(ii) Atlantic ocean

(iv) None of the above

(i) Arabian sea

Ans.: (iii)

彻 Bay of Bengal

Chennai - Tamilnadu (ii) Madhya Pradesh (iv) None of the above Maharashtra Ans.: (iii) Asiatic cheetah, Lion and wild Ass are on verge of Q. 32 getting almost extinguished. Which of the following term is used commonly to describe such a situation Endangered species/ Threatened species (ii) Rare species (iii) Unique species (iv) None of the above (i) Ans.: Which of the following animal comes under category Q. 33 of "Critically endangered species"? Sumatran Rhinoceros (ii) Asiatic Lion (iv) None of the above (iii) Indian Tiger Ans.: (i) Which of the following animal comes under category Q. 34 of "Threatened species"? (iii) Dog (ii) Mouse Leopard (iv) None of the above Ans.: (i) Which of the following is an Indian Biodiversity Q. 35 Hotspots? (ii) National parks The western ghats (iv) None of the above (iii) Botanical gardens (i) Ans.: Uncontrolled hybridization of different species of Q. 36 animals / plants. Which of the following pollution it leads to (ii) Homogenization Genetic pollution (iv) None of the above (iii) Genetic swamping (i) Ans.: "Genetic pollution" may be originated due to one of Q. 37 the following. Which of the following may be possible reason: Uncontrolled hybridization (ii) Unprofitability



- (iii) Natural phenomenon
- (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (1)

- Q. 38 Which of the following is considered to be major threat to global biodiversity?
 - (i) Genetically modified species
 - (ii) Global warming
 - (iii) Pollination
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (II)

- Q. 39 Conservation of species of botanical gardens, zoos, gene banks etc. is done observing certain methods. Which of the following term is used for such methods?
 - (i) In-situ conservation methods
 - Ex-situ conservation methods
 - (iii) Heritage conservation
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (II)

- Q. 40 The 'Global zoo Ecoregions' is a system derived to conserve biodiversity. Which of following has taken this initiative?
 - The world wild-life fund
 - (ii) Africa
 - (iii) Latin America
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (I)

- A world map of hot spots with details of flora and Q. 41 fauna is prepared by _
 - The national geographic society
 - (ii) Scientific organizations.
 - (iii) Environmentalist
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (1)

- Which of the following acronym stands for and is Q. 42 preferred by Edward O. Wilson for threats to biodiversity Habitat (destruction), Invasive (Species), Pollution, Population (explosion) and Overharvesting
 - HIPPO
- (ii) HIPPEO
- (iii) HINPPEO
- (iv) None of the above

Ans. :

- The millenium Ecosystem Assessment -2005 took Q. 43 up study of threat to ecosystems in world. Which of following marked "most threatened ecosystem"?
 - Fresh water ecosystem
 - (ii) Air pollution
 - (iii) Water pollution
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.:

- Poaching of wild animals is very common. Which of Q. 44 following is main reason?
 - Animals killed for their organs
 - (ii) Animals are killed only for food
 - (iii) Animals are killed as they are overpopulated
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: **(I)**

- Q. 45 Which of the following conservation methods are applied only to wild fauna and flora, and not to domesticated animals and plants?
 - In-situ conservation methods
 - (ii) Ex-situ conservation methods
 - (iii) Both (i) and (ii)
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans.: (i)

- Q. 46 Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species [CITES] and World Heritage Convention [WHC] was held in years _
 - 1976 & 1977 respectively
 - (ii) 1981
 - (iii) 1986
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans. : (i)

- Q. 47 Under world Heritage convention's ratification, which of the following monuments in India were covered in Heritage conservation in years 1983 _
 - Ajanta-Ellora caves, Agra Fort, Taj mahal
 - (ii) National parks
 - (iii) Sambhar lake in Rajasthan
 - (iv) None of the above

Ans. : (1)

Environmental Studies (MSBTE) 4-1	Biodiversity and Its Conservation
Which of following is name of first National Park in India, established in year 1935 Hailey National park (ii) Sanjay Gandhi National park (iii) Sundarban National park (iv) None of the above	Q. 53 Which of the following national park has three wild life sancteries located at sajmekhali Lothian Island and Haliday Island? (i) Sundarban National park (ii) Rajiv Gandhi National park (iii) Kanha National park (iv) None of the above Ans.: (i)
The Hailey National park condenses in the Hailey National park Jim Corbett National park	Q. 54 Kanha National Park is rich with many rare wild animals. Which of the following is a type of deer? Barasingha (ii) Wild Tiger (iii) Asiatic Lion (iv) None of the above
(iii) Kanha National park (iv) None of the above	Ans.: (i) Q. 55 The United National Environment Program (UNEP) emphasizes which one of the following
0.50 Which of the following park is magnificent jungle of mangroves and is one of its own kind in world	Equality in In-situ and Ex-situ methods (ii) Establishment of sanctuaries (iii) Enhancing vegetation (iv) None of the above
(ii) Nagarhole (iii) Kanha National park (iv) None of the above	Ans.: (i) Q. 56 Wide range of flora and fauna is (i) Nature (ii) Biodiversity
Ans.: (i) Q.51 Which of following is official name of Nagarhole park?	(m) Little and the second seco
(ii) Rajiv Gandhi National park (iii) Jim Corbette National park (iii) Kanha National park (iv) None of the above	(i) Biodiversity (ii) Diversity (iii) Ecosystem (iv) Culture Ans.: (II) Q. 58 UN organized Biodiversity convention in year
Ans.: (i) Q.52 The famous Classic novel "The Jungle Book" written by Rudyard kipling is based on background of which	(ii) 1985
of the following national park? Kanha National park (ii) Sundarban (iii) Nagarhole	Ans.: (i) Q. 59 The liquid water component of the earth is called as (i) Lithosphere (ii) Hemisphere
(iv) None of the above	(i) Lithosphere (ii) Herrisphere (iii) Hydrosphere (iv) Androsphere Ans.: (iii)