

## Contents

<b>1 Program 1</b>	<b>2</b>
1.1 Number of Machine Accesses: 140 526 301 . . . . .	2
1.2 Access distance analytics . . . . .	2
1.3 Access distance filtered by LRU cache . . . . .	2
1.4 Hits and Misses for each trace when passed on LRU Cache . . . . .	3
1.5 Observations . . . . .	3
1.6 Sharing Profile . . . . .	3
<b>2 Program 2</b>	<b>4</b>
2.1 Number of Machine Accesses: 2 511 043 . . . . .	4
2.2 Access distance analytics . . . . .	4
2.3 Access distance filtered by LRU cache . . . . .	4
2.4 Hits and Misses for each trace when passed on LRU Cache . . . . .	5
2.5 Observations . . . . .	5
2.6 Sharing Profile . . . . .	5
<b>3 Program 3</b>	<b>6</b>
3.1 Number of Machine Accesses: 9 609 095 . . . . .	6
3.2 Access distance analytics . . . . .	6
3.3 Access distance filtered by LRU cache . . . . .	6
3.4 Hits and Misses for each trace when passed on LRU Cache . . . . .	7
3.5 Observations . . . . .	7
3.6 Sharing Profile . . . . .	7
<b>4 Program 4</b>	<b>8</b>
4.1 Number of Machine Accesses: 1 065 642 . . . . .	8
4.2 Access distance analytics . . . . .	8
4.3 Access distance filtered by LRU cache . . . . .	8
4.4 Hits and Misses for each trace when passed on LRU Cache . . . . .	9
4.5 Observations . . . . .	9
4.6 Sharing Profile . . . . .	9

# 1 Program 1

1.1 Number of Machine Accesses: 140 526 301

1.2 Access distance analytics

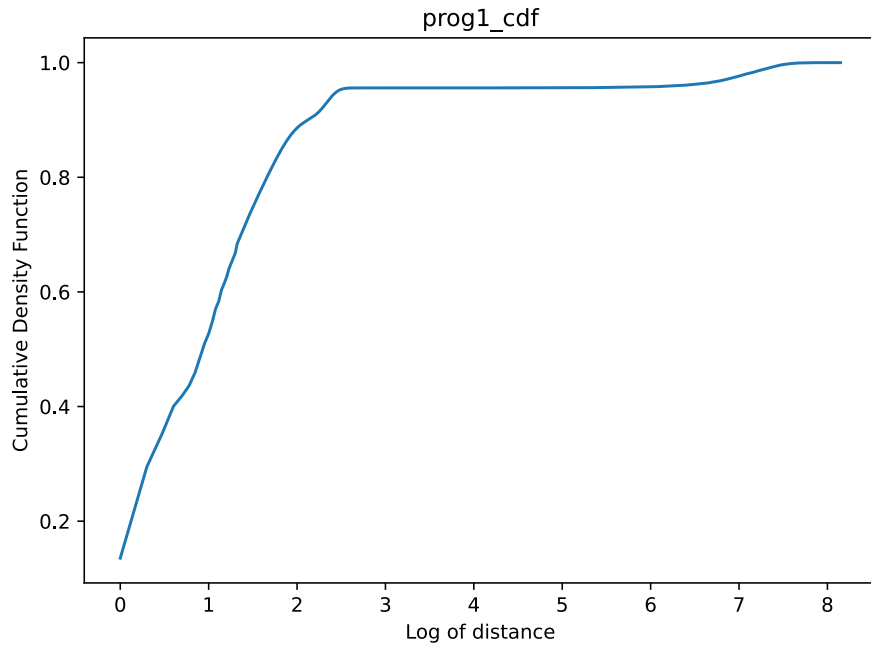


Figure 1: CDF vs Log of distance for Program 1

1.3 Access distance filtered by LRU cache

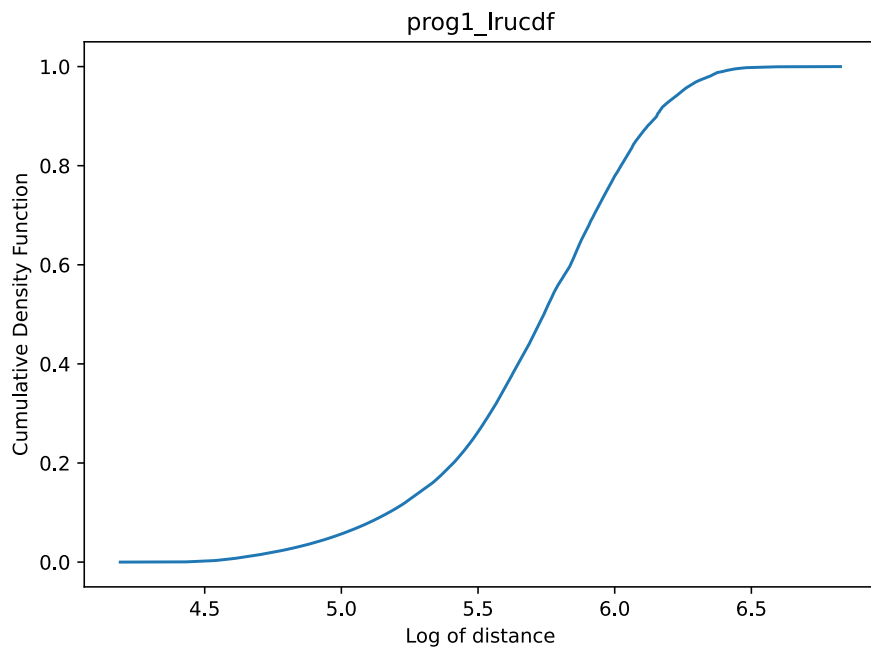


Figure 2: CDF vs Log of distance for Program 1 with LRU cache

## 1.4 Hits and Misses for each trace when passed on LRU Cache

- Hits: 133 827 577
- Misses: 6 698 724

## 1.5 Observations

- In the first plot, we observe that  $F(2.5) \approx 0.9$ . After  $d = 2.5$ , the CDF saturates and it increases later after  $d = 5$ . So, most of the machine accesses have a distance of around 300 and most of rest of accesses have a distance greater than 100000.
- After passing the trace through a layer of LRU Cache, we observe that machine accesses for small distances are filtered out. In essence, the second plot is a magnified version of the top right region of the first plot.

## 1.6 Sharing Profile

# Threads Shared	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	440	70	1872	32456	143251	244970	173832	124528

## 2 Program 2

### 2.1 Number of Machine Accesses: 2 511 043

### 2.2 Access distance analytics

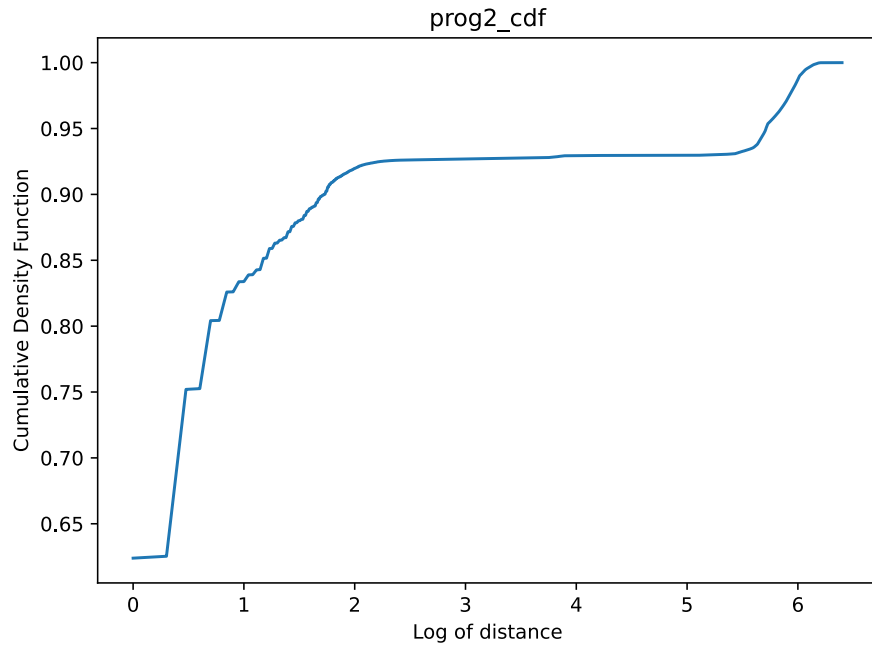


Figure 3: CDF vs Log of distance for Program 2

### 2.3 Access distance filtered by LRU cache

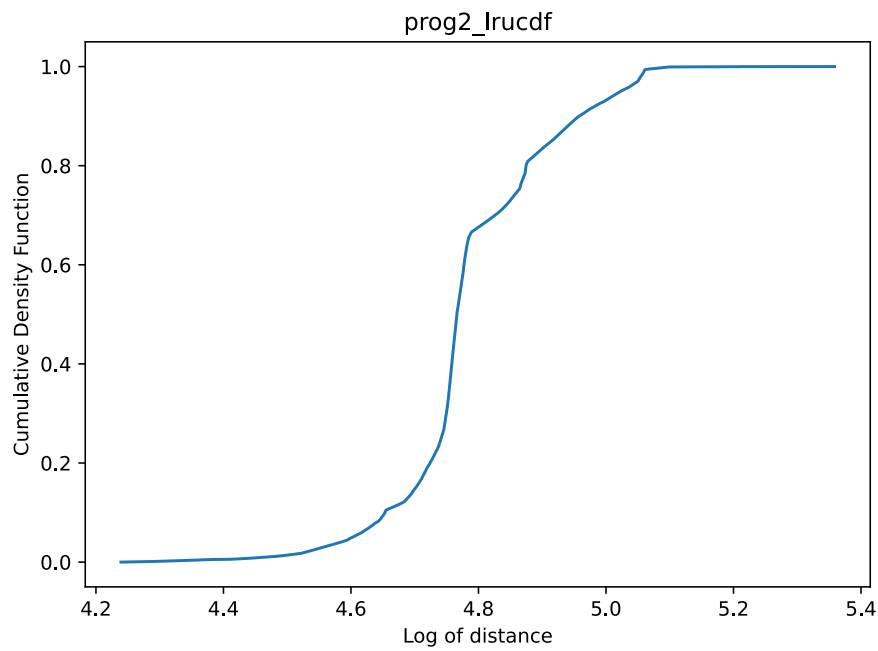


Figure 4: CDF vs Log of distance for Program 2 with LRU cache

## 2.4 Hits and Misses for each trace when passed on LRU Cache

- Hits: 2 282 709
- Misses: 228 334

## 2.5 Observations

- In the first plot, we observe that  $F(2) \approx 0.9$ . After  $d = 2$ , the CDF saturates and it increases later after  $d = 5.5$ . So, most of the machine accesses have a distance of around 100 and most of rest of accesses have a distance greater than 300000.
- After passing the trace through a layer of LRU Cache, we observe that machine accesses for small distances are filtered out. In essence, the second plot is a magnified version of the top right region of the first plot.

## 2.6 Sharing Profile

# Threads Shared	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2	438	8262	16384	40958	5	0	1	11

### 3 Program 3

#### 3.1 Number of Machine Accesses: 9 609 095

#### 3.2 Access distance analytics

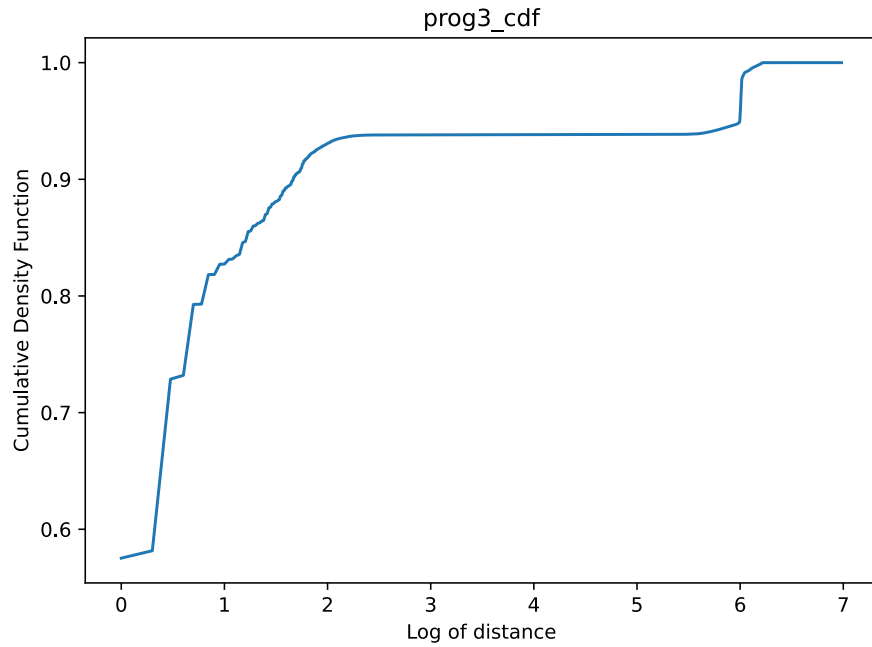


Figure 5: CDF vs Log of distance for Program 3

#### 3.3 Access distance filtered by LRU cache

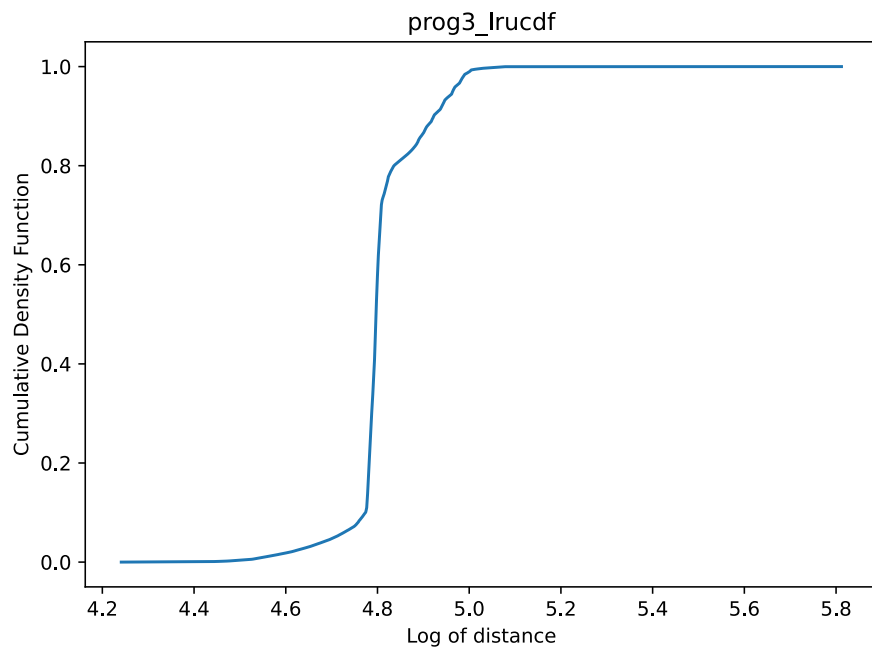


Figure 6: CDF vs Log of distance for Program 3 with LRU cache

### 3.4 Hits and Misses for each trace when passed on LRU Cache

- Hits: 8 960 747
- Misses: 648 348

### 3.5 Observations

- In the first plot, we observe that  $F(2) \approx 0.9$ . After  $d = 2$ , the CDF saturates and it increases sharply later after  $d = 6$ . So, most of the machine accesses have a distance of around 100 and most of rest of accesses have a distance greater than 1000000.
- After passing the trace through a layer of LRU Cache, we observe that machine accesses for small distances are filtered out. In essence, the second plot is a magnified version of the top right region of the first plot.
- For the second plot, there is a sharp increase at  $d = 4.8$ .

### 3.6 Sharing Profile

# Threads Shared	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	444	63	0	1	1	0	1	65546

## 4 Program 4

### 4.1 Number of Machine Accesses: 1 065 642

### 4.2 Access distance analytics

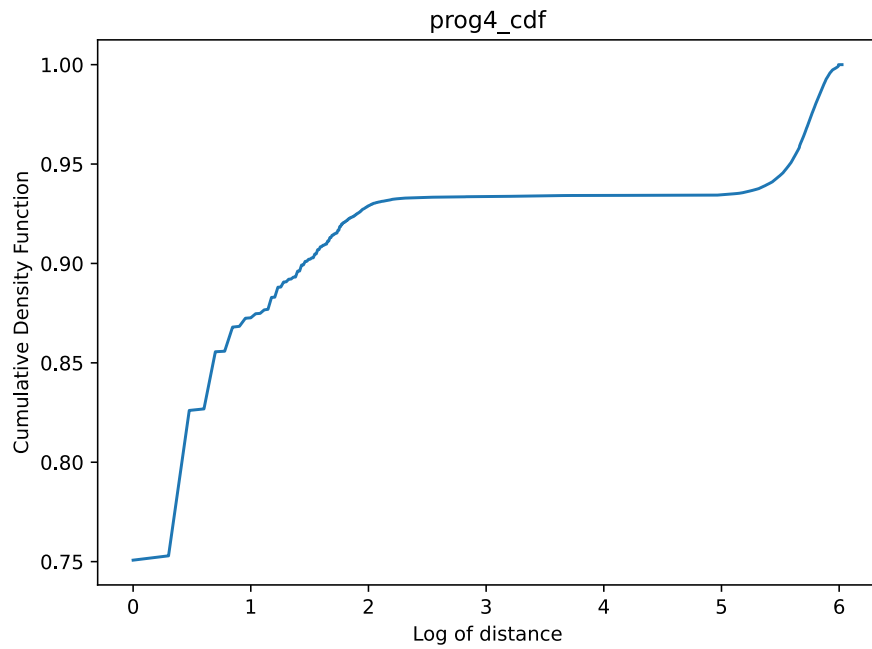


Figure 7: CDF vs Log of distance for Program 4

### 4.3 Access distance filtered by LRU cache

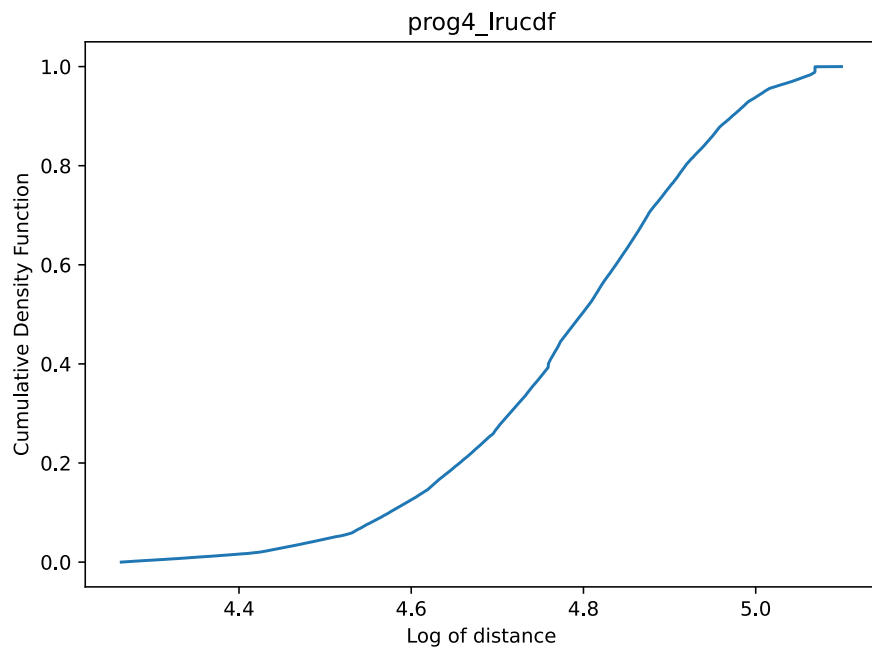


Figure 8: CDF vs Log of distance for Program 4 with LRU cache



#### 4.4 Hits and Misses for each trace when passed on LRU Cache

- Hits: 939 845
- Misses: 125 797

#### 4.5 Observations

- In the first plot, we observe that  $F(2) \approx 0.93$ . After  $d = 2$ , the CDF saturates and it increases later after  $d = 5.5$ . So, most of the machine accesses have a distance of around 100 and most of rest of accesses have a distance greater than 300000.
- After passing the trace through a layer of LRU Cache, we observe that machine accesses for small distances are filtered out. In essence, the second plot is a magnified version of the top right region of the first plot.

#### 4.6 Sharing Profile

# Threads Shared	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	8628	57410	6	0	0	0	2	12