CS 771A: Introduction to Machine Learning			Quiz 3	(16 Oct 2019)
Name				30 marks
Roll No	Dept.			Page 1 of 2

Instructions:

- 1. This question paper contains 1 page (2 sides of paper). Please verify.
- 2. Write your name, roll number, department above in block letters neatly with ink.
- 3. Write your final answers neatly with a blue/black pen. Pencil marks may get smudged.
- 4. Don't overwrite/scratch answers especially in MCQ. We will entertain no requests for leniency.
- 5. Do not rush to fill in answers. You have enough time to solve this quiz.

Q1. Write T or F for True/False (write only in the box on the right hand side) (8x2=16 marks)

1	Suppose a matrix $A \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$ is invertible. Then the linear map corresponding to A can never have two or more distinct elements in its kernel	
2	For every set of three vectors $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}^2$ that lie on a line, all linear combinations of those three vectors must lie on that same line.	
3	Every linear transformation $f: \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}^k$ must map the origin to the origin i.e. $f(0) = 0$	
4	Every convex combination of two vectors $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{R}^2$ is necessarily an affine combination as well.	
5	Given an orthonormal matrix $A \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$, an eigen-decomposition of A will always exist although an singular value decomposition for A may or may not exist	
6	Suppose we have $k < d$ vecs $\mathbf{x}^1,, \mathbf{x}^k \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mathbf{u} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ s.t. $\mathbf{u} \in \mathrm{span}(\mathbf{x}^1,, \mathbf{x}^k)$. Then for any other vector $\mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^d$, we must have $\mathbf{u} \in \mathrm{span}(\mathbf{x}^1,, \mathbf{x}^k, \mathbf{v})$ as well	
7	A square symmetric matrix that is positive definite (i.e. all eigenvalues strictly greater than 0) is always invertible	
8	If a vector $\mathbf{a} \in \mathbb{R}^2$ is linearly dependent on $\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q} \in \mathbb{R}^2$ with $\mathbf{a} = m \cdot \mathbf{p} + n \cdot \mathbf{q}$ for some $m \neq 0, n \neq 0$, then the vector \mathbf{p} is linearly dependent on \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{q} as well	

Q2. Fill the circle (don't tick) next to all the correct options (many may be correct).(3+2=5 marks)

2.1 Suppose $A \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$ is a square symmetric positive definite matrix with all eigenvalues strictly greater than zero. Which all of the following statements is true?

Α	We must have $trace(A) > 0$	
В	The function $f(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}^{T} A \mathbf{x}$ has a unique minimum	
С	The matrix $A+I_d$ must be positive definite as well	
D	The matrix $A-I_d$ must be positive definite as well	(

2.2 Let X,Y be two r.v. (not necessarily independent) with same support $S_X = \{1,2\} = S_Y$. Let $P \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$ with $P_{ij} = \mathbb{P}[X=i,Y=j], i,j \in \{1,2\}$ encode the joint PMF where P_{ij} is the element in the i^{th} row and j^{th} column. Let $\mathbf{1} = [1,1] \in \mathbb{R}^2$ denote the all ones vector. Which of the following is true?

Α	P 1 gives marginal PMF of X	\bigcup
В	$P^{T}1$ gives marginal PMF of X	\bigcirc
	P1 gives marginal PMF of Y	\bigcirc
D	$P^{T}1$ gives marginal PMF of Y	

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Q3 Consider the vector $\mathbf{x} = [1,2,3,4,5]$ row and five columns. First of all write i.e. find $U \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times r}$, $\Sigma \in \mathbb{R}^{r \times r}$, $V \in \mathbb{R}^{5 \times r}$	down the rank of X . The state of X is the state of X in the state of X in the state of X in the state of X is the state of X in the	hen write down the thin S	SVD of X
Q4. The following matrix is known to hentries of the matrix. Write only inside		•	_
	- 3	1]	
 - 8		-2	
	END OF QUIZ		
R	OUGH WORK	get graded	
Nothing Wr	itten here w		
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