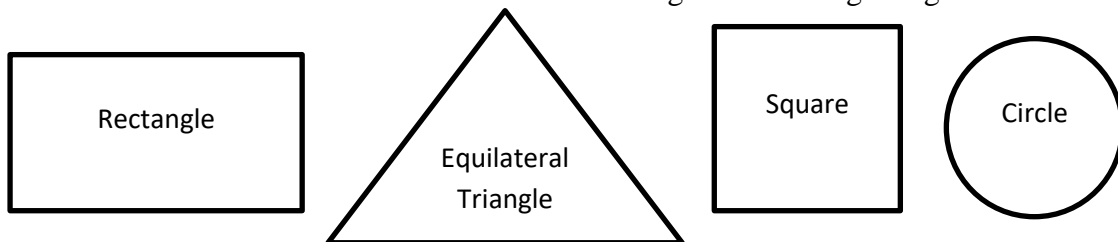
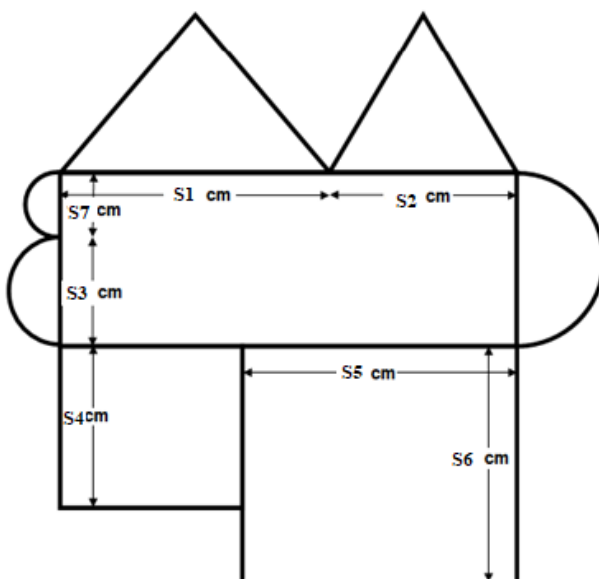


Assignment No. 1**Given Date: 20th February, 2019****Subject: Web Technologies through PHP****Program/Branch: B.Tech/CSE-OSOS****Faculty: Pushpendra K Rajput****Code: CSEG2011****Term/Sec: IV/OSOS****Session: 2018-2019****Last Date of Submission: 8th March, 2019****Note:-**

- Assignment will not be considered after the submission date.
- No copied materials will be accepted.
- Students are advised to submit the Assignment in online mode only.
- Attach a screenshot of one sample output in Q.1 and Q.5.

Q.1 Write PHP functions to calculate area for different geometrical figures given below:

Write all these functions in your program and make appropriate function calls to compute the area of the figure displayed below:



Where,

S1: Last digit of your roll no.

S2: Second last digit of roll no.

S3: 2.5

S4: $S5 \% 5$

S5: Last two digits of roll no.

S6: S5

S7 : 1.5

If any value is 0 make it 9.

Expected Output: Area of displayed Figure is: _____. (in the form of a web Page)

Q.2 Differentiate between Formal Parameters and Actual Parameters with suitable examples.

Q.3 **Write the first line of the function definition, including the formal argument declarations, for each of the situations described below.**

- (a) A function called `sample` generates and returns an integer quantity.
- (b) A function called `root` accepts two integer arguments and returns a floating-point result.
- (c) A function called `convert` accepts a character and returns another character.
- (d) A function called `transfer` accepts a long integer and returns a character.
- (e) A function called `inverse` accepts a character and returns a long integer.
- (f) A function called `process` accepts an integer and two floating-point quantities (in that order), and returns a double-precision quantity.
- (g) A function called *value* accepts two double-precision quantities and a short-integer quantity (in that order). The input quantities are processed to yield a double-precision value which is displayed as a final result.

Q.4 Write and test the following `power()` function in recursive manner that return x^n (x raised to the power n), where n can be any integer:

```
function power($x,$n) ;
```

Q.5 A number can be represented in different number systems, defined with its radix or base. Examples are binary, octal, decimal, hexadecimal, etc. Design a web page “Number system Conversion”, that provides conversion of a number from one number system to another number system based on user’s choice.

Evaluation criteria:

1. User Interface
2. Functionality Included
3. Modular Design
4. Code writing styles (use of comment and structure of the code)