Class-XII

History(027)

SECTION-A

Aus: 1 Objective Resolution' was introduced in the Constituent Assembly was premulyated by Jawaharlah Nehru.

It was considered as momentous Resolution because of following

- (i) It include India as an Independent, Soveriegn and Republic.
- (ii) It emphasis on the Equality, Instice and liberty.
- (iii) Special safequends to religious minorities and the depressed class.
- (iv). It proposed for the people and after learning from the failures and achievements of other nations. And after, it became 'Preamble of India'.

Aus: 2 b The economic conditions of the Paharies Cefter the settlement of Santhals affected them severly.

- (i) Initially, Saharias resist the coming of outsiders (Santhals)
 but later they accepted their coming and went deeper
 into the barren and rocky area.
 - ii) After, arrival of Southals, fertile area of the region became inaccessible to them.
 - seguegate from their economic processes.
 - (iv) As Sauthals, had cut down the timber and cleared forest hunters and gatherers affected a lot, because they were butimately thus connected to the forest.

That's why the battle between the Hoe and Plough was the long One.

Aus: 3 "The simmi similarities in the pattern of revelt of 1857:

Tay partly in its planning and coordination because of following reasons: i) There are some indirect evidence for its planing like when 7th Swadh irregular cavalry refused to accept the Contridges in early may and wrote to the native Infantry 48th. Hey acted for their faith and awaited for 48th order. people and emissions more from one station to another found Gwadh police and 41st native Infantry told him to kill on to gove it to them to Kill him, but military police denied. (iv) Charles ball also said that there was nightly occurrence in Kampun where pauchayat composed people from different cantonment and

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	in early may and wrote to the native Infantry 48th they	
1	acted for their faith and avaited for 48 th order.	* •
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-	ii) People and emissions more from one station to another found	<u>.</u>
+	people and emissions more from one station to another found beople to talk about revolt.	44.
(iii) Snother case, when Captain Hearsey was given protection by	
	Swadle police and 41st native Enjactry told him to kill on to	
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that one day, all letters may be published. Candling used to his daily 'Harijan journal'. and after all letters d by Tawaharlas Nehry as "Bruch of old Letters". Contemporaries Newspapers. hum about movements and Candlife as well. All the newspapers and magazines wrote from their perspective Cond their views like 'Time' Magazine of britishers have different views for Gandhi and the movement: Meralds' of Motifal Nelwa and "Down" of Muhammad Ali Tinnah. So, These were some important points to know about any personality.

3 5 3	SECTION-B
	Aus:5 The causes and Significance of Salt Satyagraha
	Salt Satyaguaha was launced by Crowdli on 12 March 1930 with 76 trusted volunteers and her he covered 240 miles in
	Indispensable
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Salt Satyagrala.
	Fourteen times tax led to wider dissortent.
	Monopoly of britishers: Britishers have the monopoly over the salt and they stop people for manufacturing
	salt and they stop people for manufacturing

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of salt and oppressed them to buy at higher price from the market, and even people were not able to buy due to high taxation. Indispensable to use: Salt was an indispensable material for Tall the people whether rich or poor. So, all required the salt for the food, it was very common, so handlige said that it was nature's material, we will break. this law & manufactured Salt. Fourten times tax: Salt has more than 14 times tax according to its people and fourfold serve so according decided to breek it and to manufacture salt along the coast Wider Discontent: Crandhiji knew that it will be the niest inaccessible to poor. He gives ! I demands to lord Irwin, he refused handhi led to Dandi March from his ashram Sabarmat

	Significance of Salt Satypyraha	
		, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
	Candle to world attention	
	Women's Participation	
 ;	Candle to would attention -> Women's Participation -> britishers betieved that their faith rule not last forever.	
· · · · ·		
	i) Salt Satyagraha was notable, by this Crandhiji gains the worldwide attention, it was covered by American and Ceuropean Magazine 'Time'.	
	worldwide attention, it was covered by American And	
	Ceuropean Magazine Time.	
•		-
	ii) On the ordvise of Kamaladevi Chattarpadhaya, womens were also actively participated in that movement and arrested as well for Salt (aw and for liquor lax.	
	well for Salt law and for liquor lax.	
·		
	(iii) By this, britishers releas came to know that there rule would not last forever, they had to give some power to Indians.	
	would not last forever, they had to give some power to	
	Indians:	

Sus: 6 Chain of grievances of talugdars, and peasants led Civilizances of Talugdays: (i) Talugdans faced a lot from britishers after the ameration of Swadle. Initially, talugdans were having armed retainer, they built forts and have controlled over vast land. (ii) There were many foot soldiers around 12,000 to big talugolars and 200 to small one. (iii) After the arrival of britishers, they didn't want to control these features of talugdars and in 1856, they introduced Summary Settlement. iv) In Summary Settlement, they told that talugdars do not have permanent stake on the land, whatever they had have

thorough force and fraud. This led to the talughers having initially 67% of land reduced by 38% after this settlement. new officers were recruited for Collection, this led to creation of problem for both company and peasants: Crievances of Peasants. (i) The dispossession of the talegolars led to the end of the entire social order. Peasants were facing many problems. father figure and used to help peasants if any problem eccured with them. iii) Peasants were depressed because of high revenue Charges and they were no one to help them to reduces them.

(iv) Apart Juon this, when there was conflict between the builishers and the sepays, mostly peasants have discontent with the builishers, this led to their participation in the renalt of 1857.

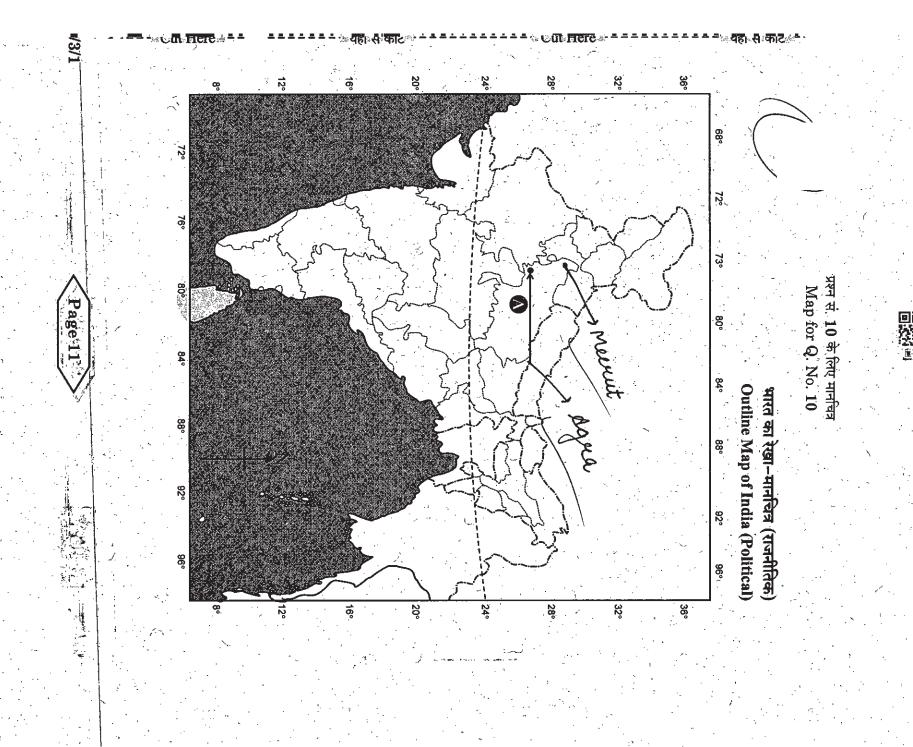
Conclusions: Due to the britishers superiority every section of society came to fight or to do revolt against britishers.

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	Aus: 7 The process of manuscript production in the Mughab. Court involved a number of people perform a variety of Kask which are as follows:	
	(i) Manuscript means the text which are handwritting. In Mughal court manuscript production was very essential.	
	ii) There was a <u>Kitabkhana</u> , in English translated as library was a <u>scriptorium</u> where new books were produced and	-
5	Old ones were kept. Scribe or Calligrapher	
	Papuakun	
	People penform Painter Variety of tasks	
	[Milder]	
	Bookbinder	

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	Paper Maker: Paper maker used to make falies.	
	Scribes on Callignapher: They used to write the text.	
	Painter: They used to illustrate the scene as per text.	y
	aliders: Illuminate the pages, to read it clearly	
	Bookbinder: They justed to bind all the Johnis Jolios and Covered it with Ornamental cover.	
(iii)		<u> </u>
	After the completion of book, it because it became a wealth of intellectual projects, shows prestige and power.	
(iv)	People were also awarded for the precious object like	
	People were also awarded for the precious object like Calligraphers and Painters and get many of awards for their work, whereas others were not.	

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	Calligraphy, a skill of great importance and Akbar's favour was not nostalig a fluid style a galam made up of trimmed reed of 5 to 10 mm dipped into link (Siyahi) and then calligraphers wrote.	te
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	Even, l'aitings shows the special power for communicating ideas, that's why they were awarded.	
	Conclusion: All the people work hard to made this precious object which shows prestige and power of Kingdom.	
	of Kingdome.	
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	Aus: B.1 Akbar's accessibility accessibility and affability used to attached him with the mind of his people, that's why he was the great ruler.	
	(b.2) Akbar was interested to know about the doctrines of christanity.	y
1	18.3) For, he creates an opportunity almost every day for common people and to converse with him:	-
	(ii) he endeavours to show himself pleasant and spoke with all of them and understand them.	







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}	Aus: (9.1) Crovind Ballat Point have concerned for united	
	nation, he didn't want to break the unity among	
<i>_</i>	Aus: (9.1) Crovind Ballat Paut have concerned for united nation, he didn't want to break the unity among people he want people to loyal with nation.	
<u> </u>		
•	* X demoderacy to loyal with each other is important. and	
	(9.2) Loyalty considered as an important aspect because in * Demogracy to/ loyal with each other is important. And these/loyalities should exclusively centred argued state.	
	(9.3) For success of democracy one must train himself in self discipline.	
>		
2	ii) In democracy, less sare for himself and more for	
	Others.	
		<u> </u>
	7 (9.2) In a democracy, we should create system where	
	any Individual on group lea lived easily by loyalty,	
<u> </u>	1 (9.2) În a democracy, we should create system where any individual on group to lived easily, by loyalty, otherwise democracy will doomed.	