

## Learning Unit 01: Introduction

## **Study Questions**

- 1. Find the compound interest on Rs. 10000 at 10% p.a. for 2 years.
  - a) Rs. 1400
  - b) Rs. 1100
  - c) Rs. 2100
  - d) Rs. 800
- 2. Find the compound interest on Rs. 15000 at 20% p.a. for 3 years.
  - a) Rs. 11400
  - b) Rs. 11000
  - c) Rs. 12000
  - d) Rs. 10920
- 3. Find the compound interest on Rs. 5000 at 15% p.a. for 2 years.
  - a) Rs. 1650.5
  - b) Rs. 1612.5
  - c) Rs. 1200.4
  - d) Rs. 800.25
- 4. Find the compound interest on Rs.2000 at 10% p.a. for 4 years.
  - a) Rs. 890
  - b) Rs. 900
  - c) Rs. 662
  - d) Rs. 800
- 5. Find the compound interest on Rs. 8000 at 5% p.a. for 2 years.
  - a) Rs. 1400
  - b) Rs. 1100
  - c) Rs. 1200
  - d) Rs. 820



## **Study Explanations**

1. C)

$$CI = P\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^{n} - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 10000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{10}{100}\right)^{2} - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 2100$$

2. d)

$$CI = P\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^{n} - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 15000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{20}{100}\right)^{3} - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 10920$$

3. b)

$$CI = P\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^{n} - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 5000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{15}{100}\right)^{2} - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 1612.5$$

4. c)

$$CI = P\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^{n} - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 2000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{10}{100}\right)^{3} - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 662$$

5. d)

$$CI = P\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 8000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{5}{100}\right)^2 - 1\right]$$

$$CI = 820$$