

Quiz-2

1

Total Marks: 20

Q Show that:

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_{0,OLS}) = \frac{\sigma^2}{N} \left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2}{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2} \right)$$

A

Note that subscript x reflects that x is given.
i.e; $V_x(\hat{\beta}_{0,OLS}) = V(\hat{\beta}_{0,OLS}|x)$.

$$V_x(\hat{\beta}_{0,OLS}) = V_x(\bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x})$$

$$= \underbrace{V_x(\bar{y})}_{\text{I}} + \underbrace{\bar{x}^2 V_x(\hat{\beta}_1)}_{\text{II}} - \underbrace{2\bar{x} \text{cov}(\hat{\beta}_1, \bar{y})}_{\text{III}}$$

($\because V(ax) = a^2 V(x)$)

$$\text{I} = V_x\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N y_i}{N}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{i=1}^N V_x(y_i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{i=1}^N \sigma^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{N^2} (N\sigma^2)$$

$$= \sigma^2 / N$$

7 marks

$$(\because V(\bar{y}_i) = \sigma^2 \cdot \forall i)$$

$$\textcircled{\text{II}} = \bar{x}^2 \cdot V_x(\hat{\beta}_1)$$

6 marks

$$= \bar{x}^2 \left(\frac{\sigma^2}{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2} \right) \quad (\text{from class notes})$$

$$\textcircled{\text{III}} = 2\bar{x} \text{cov}(\hat{\beta}_1, \bar{y})$$

7 marks

$$= 2\bar{x} \left(E[(\hat{\beta}_{1,OLS} - E(\hat{\beta}_{1,OLS}))(\bar{y} - E(\bar{y}))] \right)$$

$$\therefore \text{cov}(X, Y) = E[(X - E(X))(Y - E(Y))]$$

$$= 2\bar{x} E[(\hat{\beta}_{1,OLS} - \beta_1)(\bar{y} - \bar{y})] = 0$$

0 $(\because \hat{\beta}_{1,OLS}$ is unbiased.)
&

expectation of a constant is the constant itself.)

$$\text{so, } V(\hat{\beta}_{0,OLS}) = \textcircled{\text{I}} + \textcircled{\text{II}} - \textcircled{\text{III}}$$

$$= \frac{\sigma^2}{N} + \frac{\bar{x}^2 \sigma^2}{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sigma^2}{N \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + N \bar{x}^2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{\sigma^2}{N} \frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2} \left(\underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - N\bar{x}^2}_{\text{from (A) in Quiz-1 soln(s)}} + N\bar{x}^2 \right)$$

$$V(\hat{\beta}_{0,OLS}) = \frac{\sigma^2}{N} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2}{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$