

# Assignment 19

AI24BTECH11008- Sarvajith

30. A constant and uniform magnetic field  $\vec{B} = B_0 \hat{k}$  pervades all space. Which one of the following is the correct choice for the vector potential in Coulomb gauge? (2018)
- (A)  $-B_0 (x + y) \hat{i}$   
 (B)  $B_0 (x + y) \hat{j}$   
 (C)  $-B_0 (x \hat{j})$   
 (D)  $-\frac{1}{2} B_0 (x \hat{i} - y \hat{j})$
31. If H is the Hamiltonian for a free particle with mass m , the commutator  $[x, [x, H]]$  is (2018)
- (A)  $\frac{\hbar^2}{m}$   
 (B)  $-\frac{\hbar^2}{m}$   
 (C)  $-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}$   
 (D)  $\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}$
32. A long straight wire, having radius a and resistance per unit length r , carries a current I . The magnitude and direction of the Poynting vector on the surface of the wire is (2018)
- (A)  $\frac{I^2 r}{2\pi a}$ , perpendicular to axis of the wire and pointing inwards  
 (B)  $\frac{I^2 r}{2\pi a}$ , perpendicular to axis of the wire and pointing outwards  
 (C)  $\frac{I^2 r}{\pi a}$ , perpendicular to axis of the wire and pointing inwards  
 (D)  $\frac{I^2 r}{\pi a}$ , perpendicular to axis of the wire and pointing outwards
33. Three particles are to be distributed in four non-degenerate energy levels. The possible number of ways of distribution: (i) for distinguishable particles, and (ii) for identical Boson, respectively, is (2018)
- (A) (i) 24, (ii) 4  
 (B) (i) 24, (ii) 20  
 (C) (i) 64, (ii) 20  
 (D) (i) 60, (ii) 16
34. The term symbol for the electronic ground state of oxygen atom is (2018)
- (A)  $^1S_0$   
 (B)  $^1D_2$   
 (C)  $^3P_0$   
 (D)  $^3P_2$
35. The energy dispersion for electrons in one dimensional lattice with lattice parameter a is given by  $E(k) = E_0 - \frac{1}{2} W \cos ka$ , where W and  $E_0$  are constants. The effective mass of the electron near the bottom of the band is (2018)
- (A)  $\frac{2\hbar^2}{W a^2}$   
 (B)  $\frac{\hbar^2}{W a^2}$

- (C)  $\frac{\hbar^2}{2W a^2}$   
 (D)  $\frac{\hbar^2}{4W a^2}$

36. Amongst electrical resistivity  $\rho$ , thermal conductivity  $\kappa$ , specific heat  $C$ , Young's modulus  $Y$  and magnetic susceptibility  $\chi$ , which quantities show a sharp change at the superconducting transition temperature? (2018)

- (A)  $\rho, \kappa, C, Y$   
 (B)  $\rho, C, \chi$   
 (C)  $\rho, \kappa, C, \chi$   
 (D)  $\kappa, Y, \chi$

37. A quarter wave plate introduces a path difference of  $\frac{\lambda}{4}$  between the two components of polarization parallel and perpendicular to the optic axis. An electromagnetic wave with  $\vec{E} = (\hat{x} + \hat{y}) E_0 e^{i(kz - \omega t)}$  is incident normally on a quarter wave plate which has its optic axis making an angle  $135^\circ$  with the  $x$ -axis as shown. (2018) The

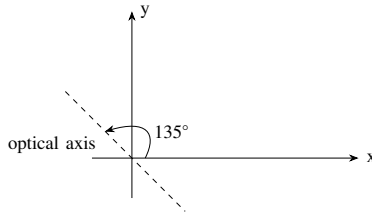


Fig. 0.1: 1

emergent electromagnetic wave would be

- (A) elliptically polarized  
 (B) circularly polarized  
 (C) linearly polarized with polarization as that of incident wave  
 (D) linearly polarized but with polarization at  $90^\circ$  to that of the incident wave
38. A  $p$ -doped semiconductor slab carries a current  $I = 100\text{mA}$  in a magnetic field  $B = 0.2\text{T}$  as shown. One measures  $V_y = 0.25\text{mV}$  and  $V_x = 2\text{mV}$ . The mobility of holes in the semiconductor is .....  $\text{m}^2\text{V}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$  (2018)

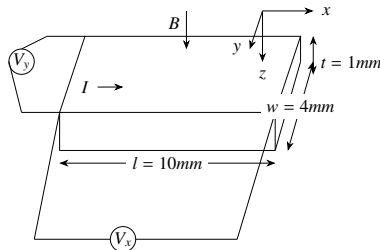


Fig. 0.2: 2

39. An  $n$ -channel FET having Gate-Source switch-off voltage  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -2\text{V}$  is used

to invert a 0-5 V square-wave signal as shown. The maximum allowed value of R would be ..... $k\Omega$  (2018)

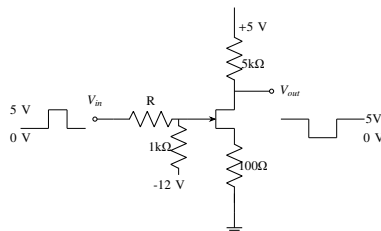


Fig. 0.3: 3

40. Inside a large nucleus, a nucleon with mass  $939\text{MeV}c^{-2}$  has Fermi momentum  $1.40\text{fm}^{-1}$  at absolute zero temperature. Its velocity is  $Xc$ , where the value of X is..... (up to two decimal places). (2018)
41.  $4\text{MeV}$   $\gamma$  - rays emitted by the de-excitation of  $^{19}\text{F}$  are attributed, assuming spherical symmetry, to the transition of protons from  $1d_{3/2}$  state to  $1d_{5/2}$  state. If the contribution of spin-orbit term to the total energy is written as  $C\langle\vec{l} \cdot \vec{s}\rangle$  the magnitude of C is ..... $\text{MeV}$  (up to one decimal place). (2018)
42. An  $\alpha$  particle is emitted by a  $^{230}_{90}\text{Th}$  nucleus. Assuming the potential to be purely Coulombic beyond the point of separation, the height of the Coulomb barrier is.....  $\text{MeV}$  (up to two decimal places). (2018)