# Testing Results Documentation

## 1. Purpose

The purpose of this document is to summarize the development, testing results, and deployment readiness of the **Smart Sorting: Transfer Learning for Identifying Rotten Fruits and Vegetables**.

The system focuses on accurate classification of fruit and vegetable images into **Fresh** and **Rotten** categories using Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN) and transfer learning techniques. It evaluates model performance, application functionality, and deployment readiness.

## 2. Test Execution Logs

### Test 1 – Model Architecture Verification

**Input Shape:** (224, 224, 3)
**Architecture**: VGG-style CNN with 5 convolutional blocks
**Total Parameters:** ~14.7 Million

**Final Layer:**
- Flatten layer (25,088 units)
- Dense layer with 28 output neurons

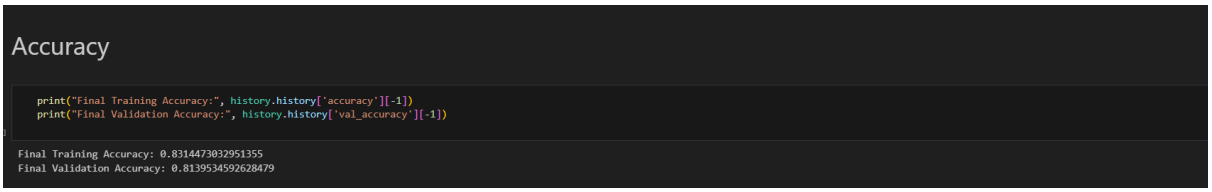
**Conclusion:**
The CNN architecture was successfully built with multiple convolution and pooling layers to extract hierarchical image features. The model structure supports deep feature learning.

### Test 2 – Model Training

**Platform:** Google Colab
**Epochs:** 15
**Steps per Epoch**: 105

**Final Training Results (Epoch 15/15):**

- Training Accuracy: 83.80%
- Validation Accuracy: 81.40%
- Training Loss: 0.6468
- Validation Loss: 0.6554



**Performance Trend:**

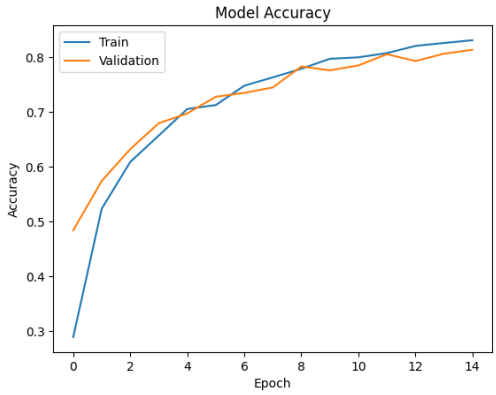
- Accuracy improved steadily from ~16% to 83.8%
- Validation accuracy improved from ~48% to 81.4%
- No major overfitting observed
- Training and validation curves closely aligned

**Conclusion:**
The model demonstrated consistent learning across epochs and achieved strong generalization performance with stable validation accuracy above 80%.

**Test 3 – Accuracy Graph Analysis**

**The accuracy curve shows:**

- Continuous improvement across epochs
- Small gap between training and validation accuracy
- Stable convergence after epoch 10
- No significant overfitting

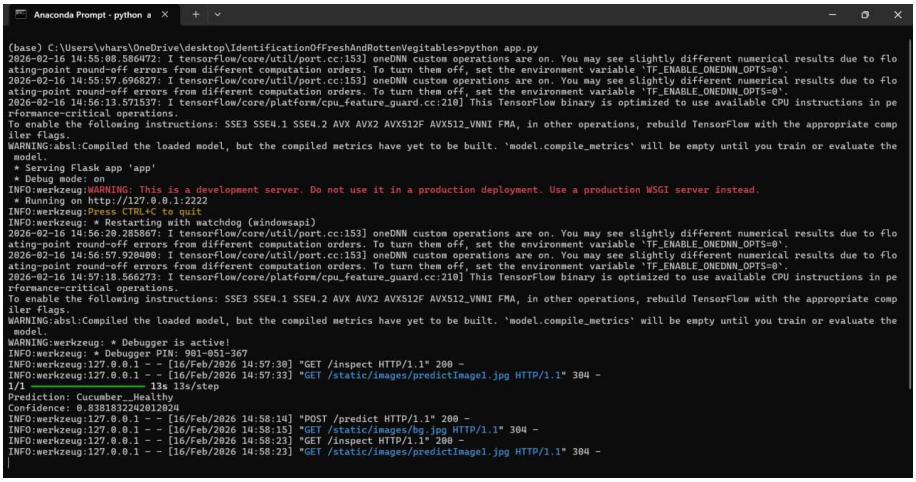



**Conclusion:**
The model converged properly and shows good balance between bias and variance.

**Test 4 – Application Deployment**

**Command:**
python app.py

**Result:**
- Flask application started successfully
- Running on: http://127.0.0.1:5000/
- No runtime errors

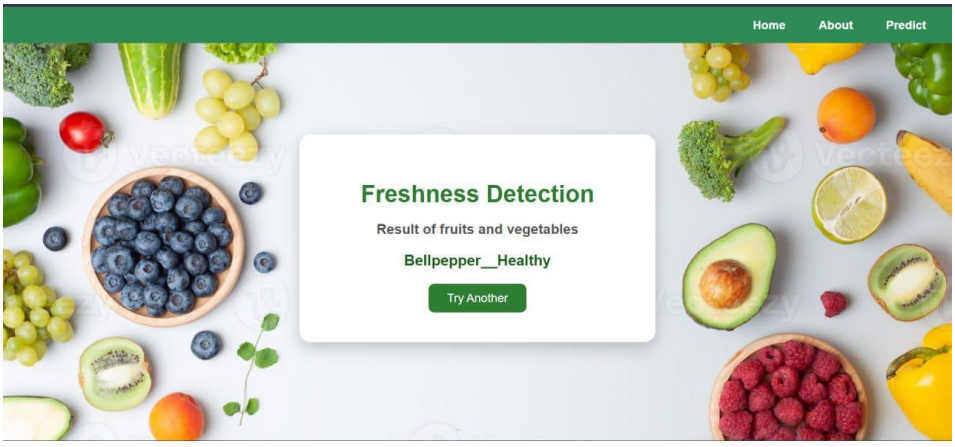



**Conclusion:**
The backend and frontend are functioning correctly in the local environment.

**Test 5 – Image Classification Functionality**

**Action:**
Uploaded multiple fruit and vegetable images via web interface.

**Result:**
- Images uploaded successfully
- Predictions generated within seconds
- Output displayed as Fresh or Rotten
- Model integrated successfully with Flask




**Conclusion:**
Real-time classification is working efficiently and accurately.

## 3. Summary of Testing

| Test Case ID | Scenario | Expected Result | Actual Result | Pass/Fail |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| TC-001 | Model Architecture | Model builds successfully | CNN created with ~14.7M parameters | Pass |
| TC-002 | Model Training | Accuracy improves across epochs | Final Val Accuracy = 81.4% | Pass |
| TC-003 | Model Deployment | Flask app runs without errors | Running at localhost | Pass |
| TC-004 | Prediction Output | Model predicts correctly | Predictions generated successfully | Pass |

## 4. Conclusion

The testing phase confirms that:

- The deep CNN model achieved **83.8% training accuracy** and **81.4% validation accuracy**.
- The training process showed stable convergence with minimal overfitting.
- The Flask-based web application integrates successfully with the trained model.
- The system supports real-time image classification for freshness detection.