Evolving a Simple Gait for a Bipedal Robot

The **core idea** is to use a genetic algorithm within a physics simulation (Webots) to evolve a functional and efficient walking behavior for a two-legged robot.

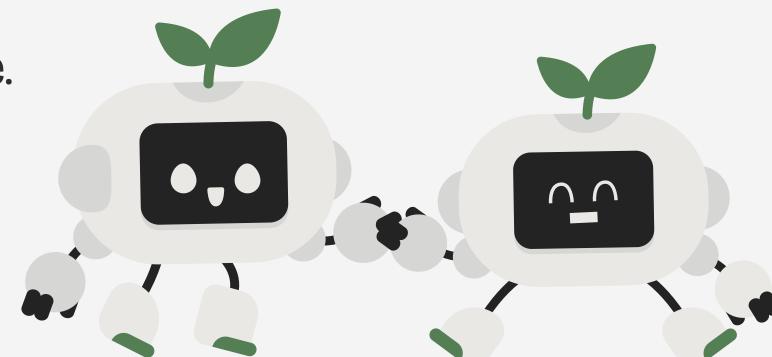
Ideology / Concept

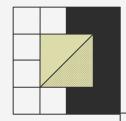
- Simulate evolutionary learning in bipedal robots.
- Robots learn, adapt, and evolve walking strategies over generations.
- Evolutionary algorithms allow self-discovery of optimal movement patterns.
- Phase 1 focuses on laying the foundation for this process.

Phase 1 Goals & Project Structure

Goals:

- Build the bipedal robot prototype (legs, joints, sensors, motors).
- Set up the evolutionary supervisor for multiple robots and generations.
- Define fitness criteria like distance and balance.
- Organize the project structure for modular development.

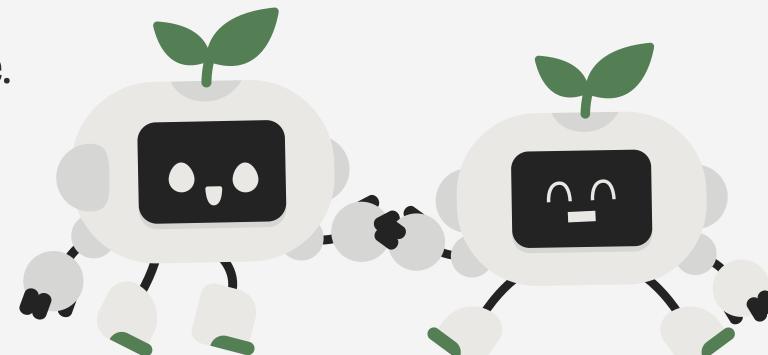




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Project Structure

```
bipedal evolution project/
worlds/
 — evolution world.wbt
                                # Main Webots world file
controllers/
    evolutionary_supervisor/ # Evolution management
        evolutionary_supervisor.py
        genome.py
        population.py
        environment.py
    bipedal_robot/
                                # Individual robot controller
       bipedal_robot.py
```