

Assignment 2

Artificial Datasets

Univariate Case

- a) Generate 20 real number for the variable X from the uniform distribution $U [0,1]$
- b) Construct the training set $T = \{ (x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_{20}, y_{20}) \}$ using the relation
 1. $Y_i = \sin(2 \pi x_i) + \epsilon_i$ where $\epsilon_i \sim N(0, 0.25)$
- c) In the similar way construct a testing set of size 50
 - a. I.e. Test = $\{ (x'_1, y'_1), (x'_2, y'_2), \dots, (x'_{50}, y'_{50}) \}$
- d) Estimate the regularized least squared polynomial regression model of order $M = 1, 2, 3, 9$, using the training set T.
 - i. For example for $M=1$, we need to estimate
 - ii. $F(x) = \beta_1 x + \beta_0$
 - iii. For $M = 2$
 - iv. $F(x) = \beta_2 x^2 + \beta_1 x + \beta_0$.
- e) List the value of coefficients of estimated regularized least squared polynomial regression models for each case.
- f) Obtain the prediction on testing set and compute the RMSE for regularized least squared polynomial regression models for order $M = 1, 2, 3$ and 9.
- g) Plot the estimate obtained by regularized least squared polynomial regression models for order $M = 1, 2, 3$ and 9 for training set along with y_1, y_2, \dots, y_{20} . Also plot our actual mean estimate $E(Y/X) = \sin(2 \pi x_i)$.
- h) Plot the estimate obtained by regularized least squared polynomial regression models for order $M = 1, 2, 3$ and 9 for testing set along with $y'_1, y'_2, \dots, y'_{50}$. Also plot the $\sin(2 \pi x'_i)$.
- i) Study the effect of regularization parameter λ on testing RMSE and flexibility of curve and list your observations.

Bivariate Case

- a) Construct the training set $T = \{ (x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_3, y_{20}) \}$ using the relation

$Y_i = \sin(2\pi(|x_i|)) + \epsilon_i$ where $\epsilon_i \sim N(0, 0.25)$ and $x_i = (x_i^1, x_i^2)$ where x_i^1, x_i^2 are from $U[0, 1]$. In the similar way construct a testing set of size 50

- a. I.e. Test = $\{(x'_1, y'_1), (x'_2, y'_2), \dots, (x'_{50}, y'_{50})\}$
- b) Obtain the prediction on testing set and compute the RMSE for regularized least squared polynomial regression models for order $M = 1, 2$ and 5 . Also plot the estimated function and target function for the training set and testing set.

Real-world Datasets

- a. Consider the motorcycle dataset. Estimate the Regularized Least Square regression models using the n sigmoidal basis functions. A variant of sigmoidal basis function can be obtained using

$$\sigma(a, b, x) = a^T x + b, a \in R^n, b \in R \text{ for } x \in R^n.$$

- I. Plot the estimated function and obtain the training RMSE error for $n = 2, 5, 10$. What happens when you increase the number of basis functions.
- II. For $n = 10$, find the minimum mean and standard deviations of RMSE, NMSE and R^2 using leave-one out method by tuning the parameter λ .
- b. Consider the Boston Housing dataset. Use the ten-fold cross validation for obtaining the prediction of house price using the regularized least square RBF kernel regression model. By tuning the parameter λ and kernel parameter σ , obtain the minimum of mean of RMSE, NMSE, R^2 , MAE, training times (in seconds) along with their standard deviation across different folds.