Question 1.5.2

Find the intersection I of the angle bisectors of B and C

Solution

From (1.5.1) the bisectors of B and C are obtained as

$$\left(\frac{11}{\sqrt{122}} + \frac{7}{\sqrt{74}} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{122}} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{74}}\right) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{74}} - \frac{38}{\sqrt{122}}$$
 (1)

and

$$\left(\frac{11}{\sqrt{122}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{122}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{38}{\sqrt{122}}$$
 (2)

respectively.

The pair of linear equations can be written in the form

$$AX = B \tag{3}$$

$$X = A^{-1}B \tag{4}$$

Here,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{11}{\sqrt{122}} + \frac{7}{\sqrt{74}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{122}} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{74}} \\ \frac{11}{\sqrt{122}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{122}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$
 (5)

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{\sqrt{74}} - \frac{38}{\sqrt{122}} \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{38}{\sqrt{122}} \end{bmatrix}$$
 (6)

We obtain A^{-1} as

$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{6}{\sqrt{61}} + \frac{24}{\sqrt{37}\sqrt{61}} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{37}}\right)} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{122}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{122}} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{74}} \\ \frac{11}{\sqrt{122}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{-11}{\sqrt{122}} - \frac{7}{\sqrt{74}} \end{bmatrix}$$

and $A^{-1}B$ as

$$\frac{1}{(\frac{6}{\sqrt{61}} + \frac{24}{\sqrt{37}\sqrt{61}} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{37}})} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{6}{\sqrt{37}} - \frac{96}{\sqrt{37}\sqrt{61}} - \frac{18}{\sqrt{61}} \\ -\frac{30}{\sqrt{61}} + \frac{144}{\sqrt{37}\sqrt{61}} - \frac{6}{\sqrt{37}} \end{bmatrix}$$

on simplification we otain

$$\mathbf{I} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{37} + 4 + \sqrt{61}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{61} - 16 - 3\sqrt{37} \\ -\sqrt{61} + 24 - 5\sqrt{37} \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$