## Experiment 7: To implement Kruskal's MST Algorithm using Greedy Method

## Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int i,j,k,a,b,u,v,n,ne=1;
int min,mincost=0,cost[9][9],parent[9];
int find(int);
int uni(int,int);
void main()
{
       clrscr();
       printf("\n\tImplementation of Kruskal's algorithm\n");
       printf("\nEnter the no. of vertices:");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       printf("\nEnter the cost adjacency matrix:\n");
       for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
       {
               for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
               {
                       scanf("%d",&cost[i][j]);
                       if(cost[i][j]==0)
                              cost[i][j]=999;
               }
       }
```

```
printf("The edges of Minimum Cost Spanning Tree are\n");
while(ne < n)
{
       for(i=1,min=999;i<=n;i++)
       {
              for(j=1;j \le n;j++)
              {
                     if(cost[i][j] < min)
                      {
                             min=cost[i][j];
                             a=u=i;
                             b=v=j;
                      }
              }
       u=find(u);
       v=find(v);
       if(uni(u,v))
       {
              printf("%d edge (%d,%d) = %d\n",ne++,a,b,min);
              mincost +=min;
       cost[a][b]=cost[b][a]=999;
}
printf("\n\tMinimum cost = %d\n",mincost);
```

```
getch();
}
int find(int i)
{
       while(parent[i])
       i=parent[i];
       return i;
}
int uni(int i,int j)
{
       if(i!=j)
        {
               parent[j]=i;
               return 1;
        }
       return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Implementation of Kruskal's algorithm

Enter the no. of vertices:4

Enter the cost adjacency matrix:
0 0 4 2 1 3
4 2 0 0 1 2
0 0 2 1 2 0

The edges of Minimum Cost Spanning Tree are
1 edge (2,1) =1
2 edge (1,4) =2
3 edge (3,4) =2

Minimum cost = 5
```