Program:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Process {
  int prio, active, no;
};
public class BullyRing {
  static Process[] p = new Process[10];
  static Process[] q = new Process[10];
  static int ch, p_no, i = 0, j, max, co_ordinator, new_p, new_p_prio;
  static int[] alive = new int[10];
  static int[] high_prio = new int[10];
  static int high_prio_cnt, pn, high;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    for (int i = 0; i < p.length; i++) {
      p[i] = new Process();
    for (int i = 0; i < q.length; i++) {
      q[i] = new Process();
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("\n1.Bully\n2.Ring\n3.exit");
    System.out.println("\nEnter the choice : ");
    ch = scan.nextInt();
    switch (ch) {
      case 1:
        System.out.println("\nEnter the No of processes : ");
        p_no = scan.nextInt();
        for (i = 0; i  {
           System.out.println("\nEnter the priority of Process P" + i + " : ");
           p[i].prio = scan.nextInt();
           p[i].no = i;
           p[i].active = 1;
        sort();
        display();
        System.out.println(
             "\n\nProcess Co-ordinator is Process P" + p[0].no + " with priority " + p[0].prio + " ...");
        System.out.println("\n\nChoose Process want to communicate with Co-ordinator: ");
        new_p = scan.nextInt();
        for (i = 0; i < p_no; i++) {
           if (p[i].no == new p)
             new_p_prio = p[i].prio;
        System.out.println("\nIt's Priority is " + new_p_prio + " ");
        System.out.println("\n\nProcess P" + new_p + " sending request to Co-ordinator ...");
        System.out.println(
             "\n\nProcess P" + new_p + " doesn't getting response from Co-ordinator before TimeOut...");
        System.out.println("\n\ni.e. Co-Ordinator has been crashed ...");
        p[0].active = 0;
        System.out.println("\n\nProcess P" + new_p + " Ininiates Election Algo ...");
        System.out.println("\n\nProcess P" + new_p + " sending election massages to : ");
        high_prio_cnt = 0;
        j = 0;
        for (i = 0; i < p_no; i++) {
           if (p[i].prio >= new_p_prio && p[i].active == 1 && p[i].no != new_p) {
             System.out.println("P" + p[i].no + "");
             high_prio_cnt++;
             high_prio[j++] = p[i].no;
```

```
if (high_prio_cnt == 0) {
          System.out.println("\n\n No one is Alive ...");
          System.out.println("\n\n*** Process P" + new p + " is new Co-ordinator ... ***");
       } else {
          System.out.println("\n\n Processes replied to Process P" + new_p + " : ");
         for (i = 0; i < high_prio_cnt; i++)</pre>
            System.out.println(" P" + high_prio[i] + " ");
         System.out.println("\n\n Now Processes ");
         for (i = 0; i < high_prio_cnt; i++)</pre>
            System.out.println(" P" + high_prio[i] + " ");
         System.out.println(" doing Election among them");
          System.out.println("\n\n New Co-ordinator is Process P" + high prio[0] + " ");
         System.out.println("\n\n New Co-ordinator sending Co-ordinator msg to all other Processes ... ");
       }
       break;
     case 2:
       high = -999;
       System.out.println("\n\nEnter The No Of Process:");
       p_no = scan.nextInt();
       System.out.println("\n\nEnter The Priorities For: ");
       for (i = 0; i  {
         System.out.println("\n\nPriority Of P" + i + " :");
          p[i].prio = scan.nextInt();
          if (p[i].prio > high) {
            pn = i;
            high = p[i].prio;
         }
         System.out.println("\n^p" + i + " Is Sending Msg To p" + (i + 1) % p_no);
         System.out.println("\n P" + i + " -> P" + (i + 1) % p_no);
       System.out.println("\n\nDeciding Co=ordinator....");
       System.out.println("\n\nThe p" + pn + " Is Co-ordinator with priority " + high + "....");
       break;
     case 3:
       System.exit(0);
  }
}
static void display() {
  System.out.println("\nP_ID\t Priority\tActive");
  for (i = 0; i < p_no; i++)
     System.out.printf("\n\n%d\t\t%d\t\t%d", p[i].no, p[i].prio, p[i].active);
}
static void sort() {
  int j;
  Process process = new Process();
  Process temp = new Process();
  for (i = 0; i < p_no; i++) {
     max = p[i].prio;
     for (j = i + 1; j < p_no; j++) {
       if (p[j].prio > p[i].prio) {
         temp = p[j];
          p[j] = p[i];
         p[i] = temp;
       }
    }
  }
}
```

}

Output:

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 6 % javac BullyRing.java (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 6 % java BullyRing

1.Bully

2.Ring

3.exit

Enter the choice: 1

Enter the No of processes: 7

Enter the priority of Process P0:1

Enter the priority of Process P1:2

Enter the priority of Process P2:3

Enter the priority of Process P3:4

Enter the priority of Process P4:5

Enter the priority of Process P5:6

Enter the priority of Process P6: 7

| P_ID | Priority | Active |
|------|----------|--------|
| 6 | 7 | 1 |
| 5 | 6 | 1 |
| 4 | 5 | 1 |
| 3 | 4 | 1 |
| 2 | 3 | 1 |
| 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |

Process Co-ordinator is Process P6 with priority 7 ...

Choose Process want to communicate with Co-ordinator: 1

It's Priority is 2

Process P1 sending request to Co-ordinator ...

Process P1 doesn't getting response from Co-ordinator before TimeOut...

i.e. Co-Ordinator has been crashed ...

Process P1 Ininiates Election Algo ...

Process P1 sending election massages to: P5 P4 P3 P2

Processes replied to Process P1: P5 P4 P3 P2

Now Processes P5 P4 P3 P2 doing Election among them

New Co-ordinator is Process P5

New Co-ordinator sending Co-ordinator msg to all other Processes ... % (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 6 % ./a.out

1.Bully

2.Ring

3.exit

Enter the choice: 2

Enter The No Of Process:5

Enter The Priorities For:

Priority Of P0:1

P0 Is Sending Msg To p1 P0 -> P1

Priority Of P1:2

P1 Is Sending Msg To p2 P1 -> P2

Priority Of P2:3

P2 Is Sending Msg To p3 P2 -> P3

Priority Of P3:4

P3 Is Sending Msg To p4 P3 -> P4

Priority Of P4:5

P4 Is Sending Msg To p0 P4 -> P0

Deciding Co=ordinator....

The p4 Is Co-ordinator with priority 5....% (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 6 %

Program:

```
import java.util.InputMismatchException;
import java.util.Scanner;
class TokenRing {
  public static void main(String args[]) throws Throwable {
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the num of nodes:");
    int n = scan.nextInt();
    int m = n - 1;
    // Decides the number of nodes forming the ring
    int token = 0;
    int ch = 0, flag = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      System.out.print(" " + i);
    }
    System.out.println(" " + 0);
    do {
       System.out.println("Enter sender:");
       int s = scan.nextInt();
       System.out.println("Enter receiver:");
       int r = scan.nextInt();
       System.out.println("Enter Data:");
       int a;
       a = scan.nextInt();
       System.out.print("Token passing:");
       for (int i = token, j = token; (i % n) != s; i++, j = (j + 1) % n) {
         System.out.print(" " + j + "->");
       System.out.println(" " + s);
       System.out.println("Sender" + s + " sending data: " + a);
       for (int i = s + 1; i != r; i = (i + 1) \% n) {
         System.out.println("data " + a + " forwarded by " + i);
       System.out.println("Receiver " + r + " received data: " + a + "\n");
       token = s;
       do {
         try {
           if (flag == 1)
             System.out.print("Invalid Input!!...");
           System.out.print("Do you want to send again?? enter 1 for Yes and 0 for No:");
           ch = scan.nextInt();
           if (ch!= 1 && ch!= 0)
             flag = 1;
           else
             flag = 0;
         } catch (InputMismatchException e) {
           System.out.println("Invalid Input");
      } while (ch != 1 && ch != 0);
    } while (ch == 1);
  }
}
```

Output:

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 5 % javac TokenRing.java (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 5 % java TokenRing Enter the num of nodes:

```
5
012340
Enter sender:
3
```

```
4
Enter Data:
3
Token passing: 0-> 1-> 2-> 3
Sender 3 sending data: 3
Receiver 4 received data: 3

Do you want to send again?? enter 1 for Yes and 0 for No : 1
Enter sender:
3
Enter receiver:
2
Enter Data:
5
Token passing: 3
Sender 3 sending data: 5
data 5 forwarded by 4
data 5 forwarded by 0
data 5 forwarded by 1
Receiver 2 received data: 5
```

Do you want to send again?? enter 1 for Yes and 0 for No : 0 (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 5 %

Enter receiver:

```
Program:
file: master.py
# Python3 program imitating a clock server
from functools import reduce
from dateutil import parser
import threading
import datetime
import socket
import time
# datastructure used to store client address and clock data
client_data = {}
" nested thread function used to receive
  clock time from a connected client "
def startReceivingClockTime(connector, address):
  while True:
    # receive clock time
    clock_time_string = connector.recv(1024).decode()
    clock_time = parser.parse(clock_time_string)
    clock_time_diff = datetime.datetime.now() - \
                          clock_time
    client_data[address] = {
            "clock_time" : clock_time,
            "time_difference" : clock_time_diff,
            "connector" : connector
    print("Client Data updated with: "+ str(address),
                         end = "\n\n")
    time.sleep(5)
" master thread function used to open portal for
  accepting clients over given port "
def startConnecting(master_server):
  # fetch clock time at slaves / clients
  while True:
    # accepting a client / slave clock client
    master_slave_connector, addr = master_server.accept()
    slave_address = str(addr[0]) + ":" + str(addr[1])
    print(slave_address + " got connected successfully")
    current_thread = threading.Thread(
             target = startReceivingClockTime,
             args = (master_slave_connector,
                       slave_address, ))
    current_thread.start()
# subroutine function used to fetch average clock difference
def getAverageClockDiff():
  current_client_data = client_data.copy()
  time_difference_list = list(client['time_difference']
                 for client_addr, client
```

```
in client data.items())
  sum of clock difference = sum(time difference list, \
                   datetime.timedelta(0, 0))
  average_clock_difference = sum_of_clock_difference \
                      / len(client data)
  return average_clock_difference
" master sync thread function used to generate
  cycles of clock synchronization in the network "
def synchronizeAllClocks():
  while True:
    print("New synchronization cycle started.")
    print("Number of clients to be synchronized: " + \
                    str(len(client_data)))
    if len(client_data) > 0:
      average clock difference = getAverageClockDiff()
      for client_addr, client in client_data.items():
           synchronized time = \
             datetime.datetime.now() + \
                   average_clock_difference
          client['connector'].send(str(
                synchronized_time).encode())
        except Exception as e:
           print("Something went wrong while " + \
              "sending synchronized time " + \
              "through " + str(client_addr))
    else:
      print("No client data." + \
             " Synchronization not applicable.")
    print("\n\n")
    time.sleep(5)
# function used to initiate the Clock Server / Master Node
def initiateClockServer(port = 8080):
  master_server = socket.socket()
  master_server.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET,
                   socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1)
  print("Socket at master node created successfully\n")
  master_server.bind((", port))
  # Start listening to requests
  master server.listen(10)
  print("Clock server started...\n")
  # start making connections
  print("Starting to make connections...\n")
```

```
master thread = threading.Thread(
             target = startConnecting,
             args = (master server, ))
  master thread.start()
  # start synchronization
  print("Starting synchronization parallelly...\n")
  sync thread = threading.Thread(
              target = synchronizeAllClocks,
              args = ())
  sync_thread.start()
# Driver function
if __name__ == '__main__':
  # Trigger the Clock Server
  initiateClockServer(port = 8080)
file: client.py
# Python3 program imitating a client process
from timeit import default_timer as timer
from dateutil import parser
import threading
import datetime
import socket
import time
# client thread function used to send time at client side
def startSendingTime(slave_client):
  while True:
    # provide server with clock time at the client
    slave_client.send(str(
            datetime.datetime.now()).encode())
    print("Recent time sent successfully",
                       end = "\n\n")
    time.sleep(5)
# client thread function used to receive synchronized time
def startReceivingTime(slave_client):
  while True:
    # receive data from the server
    Synchronized_time = parser.parse(
              slave_client.recv(1024).decode())
    print("Synchronized time at the client is: " + \
                   str(Synchronized_time),
                   end = '' \n\n'')
# function used to Synchronize client process time
def initiateSlaveClient(port = 8080):
  slave_client = socket.socket()
  # connect to the clock server on local computer
```

```
slave_client.connect(('127.0.0.1', port))
  # start sending time to server
  print("Starting to receive time from server\n")
  send time thread = threading. Thread(
            target = startSendingTime,
            args = (slave_client, ))
  send_time_thread.start()
  # start receiving synchronized from server
  print("Starting to receiving " + \
              "synchronized time from server\n")
  receive time thread = threading.Thread(
            target = startReceivingTime,
            args = (slave client, ))
  receive time thread.start()
# Driver function
if __name__ == '__main__':
  # initialize the Slave / Client
  initiateSlaveClient(port = 8080)
```

Output:

master.py

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 4 % python master.py Socket at master node created successfully

Clock server started...

Starting to make connections...

Starting synchronization parallelly...

New synchronization cycle started. Number of clients to be synchronized: 0 No client data. Synchronization not applicable.

127.0.0.1:61915 got connected successfully Client Data updated with: 127.0.0.1:61915

New synchronization cycle started. Number of clients to be synchronized: 1

Client Data updated with: 127.0.0.1:61915

New synchronization cycle started. Number of clients to be synchronized: 1

Client Data updated with: 127.0.0.1:61915

client.py

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 4 % python client.py Starting to receive time from server

Starting to receiving synchronized time from server

Recent time sent successfully

Synchronized time at the client is: 2023-03-26 19:13:32.452529

Recent time sent successfully

Synchronized time at the client is: 2023-03-26 19:13:37.458662

Recent time sent successfully

```
Program:
Search.java
import java.rmi.Remote;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
interface Search extends Remote
  // Declaring the method prototype
  public String query(String search) throws RemoteException;
SearchQuery.java
// Java program to implement the Search interface
import java.rmi.*;
import java.rmi.server.*;
public class SearchQuery extends UnicastRemoteObject
             implements Search
  // Default constructor to throw RemoteException
  // from its parent constructor
  SearchQuery() throws RemoteException
    super();
  }
  // Implementation of the query interface
  public String query(String search)
          throws RemoteException
    String result;
    if (search.equals("Reflection in Java"))
      result = "Found";
    else
      result = "Not Found";
    return result;
SearchServer.java
// Java program for server application
import java.rmi.*;
import java.rmi.registry.*;
public class SearchServer
  public static void main(String args[])
    try
      // Create an object of the interface
      // implementation class
      Search obj = new SearchQuery();
      // rmiregistry within the server JVM with
```

// port number 1900

LocateRegistry.createRegistry(3000);

```
ClientRequest.java
```

```
import java.rmi.Naming;
// Java program for client application
public class ClientRequest
  public static void main(String args[])
    String answer, value="Reflection in Java";
    try
    {
      // lookup method to find reference of remote object
      Search access =
          (Search)Naming.lookup("rmi://localhost:3000"+
               "/suyash");
      answer = access.query(value);
      System.out.println("Article on " + value +
               " " + answer);
    }
    catch(Exception ae)
      System.out.println(ae);
    }
 }
```

Output:

Console 1:

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro src % Javac SearchQuery.java (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro src % rmic SearchQuery Warning: generation and use of skeletons and static stubs for JRMP is deprecated. Skeletons are unnecessary, and static stubs have been superseded by dynamically generated stubs. Users are encouraged to migrate away from using rmic to generate skeletons and static stubs. See the documentation for java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject. (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro src % rmiregistry

Console 2:

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro src % javac SearchServer.java (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro src % java SearchServer

Console 3:

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro src % java ClientRequest Article on Reflection in Java Found (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro src %

```
Program:
```

```
ReverseClient.java
import ReverseModule.*;
import org.omg.CosNaming.*;
import org.omg.CosNaming.NamingContextPackage.*;
import org.omg.CORBA.*;
import java.io.*;
class ReverseClient
  public static void main(String args[])
    Reverse ReverseImpl=null;
    try
    {
// initialize the ORB
      org.omg.CORBA.ORB orb =
          org.omg.CORBA.ORB.init(args, null);
      org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef =
          orb.resolve_initial_references("NameService");
      NamingContextExt ncRef =
          NamingContextExtHelper.narrow(objRef);
      String name = "Reverse";
      ReverseImpl =
          ReverseHelper.narrow(ncRef.resolve_str(name));
      System.out.println("Enter String=");
      BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
          InputStreamReader(System.in));
      String str= br.readLine();
      String tempStr= ReverseImpl.reverse_string(str);
      System.out.println(tempStr);
    }
    catch(Exception e)
    {
      e.printStackTrace();
 }
ReverseImpl.java
import ReverseModule.ReversePOA;
import java.lang.String;
class Reverselmpl extends ReversePOA
  ReverseImpl()
    super();
    System.out.println("Reverse Object Created");
  public String reverse_string(String name)
    StringBuffer str=new StringBuffer(name);
    str.reverse();
    return (("Server Send "+str));
}
```

.....

```
module ReverseModule
interface Reverse
string reverse_string(in string str);
};
ReverseServer.java
import ReverseModule Reverse;
import org.omg.CosNaming.*;
import org.omg.CosNaming.NamingContextPackage.*;
import org.omg.CORBA.*;
import org.omg.PortableServer.*;
class ReverseServer
  public static void main(String[] args)
    try
// initialize the ORB
      org.omg.CORBA.ORB orb=org.omg.CORBA.ORB.init(args,null);
// initialize the BOA/POA
      POA rootPOA=
          POAHelper.narrow(orb.resolve_initial_references("RootPOA"
      rootPOA.the POAManager().activate();
// creating the calculator object
      ReverseImpl rvr = new ReverseImpl();
// get the object reference from the servant class
      org.omg.CORBA.Object
          ref=rootPOA.servant_to_reference(rvr);
      System.out.println("Step1");
      Reverse h_ref = ReverseModule.ReverseHelper.narrow(ref);
      System.out.println("Step2");
      org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef =
          orb.resolve_initial_references("NameService");
      System.out.println("Step3");
      NamingContextExt ncRef =
          NamingContextExtHelper.narrow(objRef);
      System.out.println("Step4");
      String name = "Reverse";
      NameComponent path[] = ncRef.to name(name);
      ncRef.rebind(path,h_ref);
      System.out.println("Reverse Server reading and waiting...");
      orb.run();
    }
    catch(Exception e)
    {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
 }
Output:
```

Output: Server Side

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 2 % idlj -fall ReverseModule.idl (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 2 % javac *.java ReverseModule/*.java Note: ReverseModule/ReversePOA.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.

Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 2 % orbd -ORBInitialPort 1050&[1] 5163 (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 2 % java ReverseServer - ORBInitialPort 1050& - ORBInitialHost localhost& [1] 4933 [2] 4934

 $(base)\ suyashnehete @Suyashs-MacBook-Pro\ Assignment\ 2\ \%\ -ORBInitial Host:\ command\ not\ found\ Reverse\ Object\ Created$

Step1

Step2

Step3

Step4

Reverse Server reading and waiting....

Client Side

 $(base)\ suyashnehete @ Suyashs-MacBook-Pro\ Assignment\ 2\ \%\ java\ Reverse Client\ -ORBInitial Port\ 1050\ -ORBInitial Host\ local host$

Enter String=

Hello world.

Server Send .dlrow olleH

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 2 %

Program:

import mpi.MPI;

```
public class ScatterGather {
public static void main(String args[]){
  //Initialize MPI execution environment
  MPI.Init(args);
  //Get the id of the process
  int rank = MPI.COMM WORLD.Rank();
  //total number of processes is stored in size
  int size = MPI.COMM_WORLD.Size();
  int root=0;
  //array which will be filled with data by root process
  int sendbuf[]=null;
  sendbuf= new int[size];
  //creates data to be scattered
  if(rank==root){
    sendbuf[0] = 10;
    sendbuf[1] = 20;
    sendbuf[2] = 30;
    sendbuf[3] = 40;
    //print current process number
    System.out.print("Processor "+rank+" has data: ");
    for(int i = 0; i < size; i++){</pre>
      System.out.print(sendbuf[i]+" ");
    System.out.println();
  }
  //collect data in recvbuf
  int recvbuf[] = new int[1];
  //following are the args of Scatter method
  //send, offset, chunk count, chunk data type, recv, offset,
  //chunk count, chunk data type, root process id
  MPI.COMM WORLD.Scatter(sendbuf, 0, 1, MPI.INT, recvbuf, 0,
  1, MPI.INT, root);
  System.out.println("Processor "+rank+" has data:"+recvbuf[0]);
  System.out.println("Processor "+rank+" is doubling the data");
  recvbuf[0]=recvbuf[0]*2;
  //following are the args of Gather method
  //Object sendbuf, int sendoffset, int sendcount, Datatype
  //sendtype, Object recvbuf, int recvoffset, int recvcount,
  //Datatype recvtype,
  //int root)
  MPI.COMM_WORLD.Gather(recvbuf, 0, 1, MPI.INT, sendbuf, 0,
  1, MPI.INT, root);
  //display the gathered result
  if(rank==root){
    System.out.println("Process 0 has data: ");
    for(int i=0;i<4;i++){
      System.out.print(sendbuf[i]+ " ");
  }
  //Terminate MPI execution
  //environment MPI.Finalize();
  }
}
```

Output:

(base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 3 % javac -cp mpj/lib/mpj.jar ScatterGather.java (base) suyashnehete@Suyashs-MacBook-Pro Assignment 3 % mpj/bin/mpjrun.sh -np 4 ScatterGather MPJ Express (0.44) is started in the multicore configuration

Processor 0 has data: 10 20 30 40

Processor 0 has data: 10 Processor 2 has data: 30 Processor 1 has data: 20 Processor 3 has data: 40

Processor 2 is doubling the data Processor 1 is doubling the data Processor 3 is doubling the data Processor 0 is doubling the data Process 0 has data: 20 40 60 80