# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(2);
pop();
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
pop();
push(5);

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Answer

**Underflow Occurs** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What is the value of the postfix expression 6324 + - \*?

Answer

-18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3\*(6\*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

**Answer** 

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks 1/2

7. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
    int top = -1;
    void display() {
      if (top == -1) {
         printf("Stack is empty\n");
      } else {
         printf("Stack elements: ");
         for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
           printf("%d ", stack[i]);
         printf("\n");
      }
    void push(int value) {
      if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
intt)} else {
         stack[++top] = value;
```

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```
int main() {
      display();
      push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      display();
      push(40);
      push(50);
      push(60);
      display();
      return 0;
    Answer
    Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30
    20 10 
    Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks : 1/1
    8. What will be the output of the following code?
    #include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
      if (*top == MAX_SIZE-1) {
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
        return:
      }
      stack[++(*top)] = item;
    int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
      if (*top == -1) {
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
        return -1;
return stack[(*top)--];
```

```
int main() {
  int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
  push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  return 0;
}

Answer
302010Stack Underflow
```

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

9. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

### **Answer**

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

#### Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

## Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / \* 8 - is

Answer

142

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

# Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
   int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
      return (top == -1);
    int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
    void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      else
      stack[++top] = item;
    int main() {
      printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
      push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      printf("%d\n", isFull());
      return 0;
    }
    Answer
    101
Status : Correct
```

Marks : 1/1

.(	18. Pushing an element into the stack already has five element stack size is 5, then the stack becomes	nts. The
200	Answer	200
	Overflow	
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
19. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:		
	push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Poelement from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the to stack.	
200	Given the following sequence of operations:	243
	push(10);pop();push(5);top();	
	What will be the result of the stack after performing these oper	rations?
	Answer	
	The top element in the stack is 5	
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
	20. Elements are Added on of the Stack.	40701479
7."	Answer	V
	Тор	
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1

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