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Matrix Calculator (Engineering Project)

A.txt

```
1. 3 3
2. 1 2 3
3. 4 5 6
4. 7 8 9
```

B.txt

```
1. 3 3
2. 9 8 7
3. 6 5 4
4. 3 2 1
```

Main.java

```
1. // Main class demonstrating matrix operations
 2. public class Main {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
3.
            // Using Scanner to collect user input from the console
4.
5.
            java.util.Scanner scanner = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
 6.
 7.
            // Print statements to explain user choices
8.
            System.out.println("Choose mode: 1 for Text-based, 2 for GUI-based (if implemented)");
9.
10.
            // Collect user choice
11.
            int choice = scanner.nextInt();
            scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
12.
13.
14.
            // Conditional execution based on user choice
15.
            if (choice == 1) {
                // Text-based mode
16.
17.
                runTextBased();
            } else if (choice == 2) {
18.
19.
                // GUI-based mode
                javax.swing.SwingUtilities.invokeLater(new Runnable() {
20.
21.
                    public void run() {
22.
                        new MatrixGUI().createAndShowGUI(); // Create and display the GUI
23.
24.
                });
            } else {
25.
                // Invalid choice handling
26.
27.
                System.out.println("Invalid choice.");
28.
29.
30.
31.
        // Method to handle text-based operations
32.
        public static void runTextBased() {
            // Using Scanner for reading user input
33.
            java.util.Scanner scanner = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
34.
35.
36.
            // Prompt user for matrix operation input
37.
            System.out.println("Enter matrix operation (e.g., A + B):");
38.
39.
            // Read the entire line of input
40.
            String operation = scanner.nextLine();
41.
42.
            // Split input into parts
43.
            String[] parts = operation.split(" ");
44.
45.
            // Validate input format
46.
            if (parts.length == 3) {
47.
                // Reading matrices from files
                Matrix a = MatrixUtils.readMatrixFromFile(parts[0] + ".txt");
48.
                Matrix b = MatrixUtils.readMatrixFromFile(parts[2] + ".txt");
49.
50.
                // Check if matrices are successfully read
```

```
52.
                  if (a == null | | b == null) {
                       System.out.println("One or both matrix files not found or invalid.");
 53.
 54.
 55.
 56.
 57.
                  // Initialize result matrix
                  Matrix result = null;
 58.
 59.
                  // Determine the operation and perform it
 60.
 61.
                  switch (parts[1]) {
 62.
                      case "+":
 63.
                           result = MatrixOperations.add(a, b);
 64.
                           break;
                      case "-":
 65.
                           result = MatrixOperations.subtract(a, b);
 66.
 67.
                           break:
 68.
                       case "*":
 69.
                           result = MatrixOperations.multiply(a, b);
 70.
 71.
                       default:
 72.
                           System.out.println("Invalid operation.");
 73.
                           return:
 74.
                  }
 75.
 76.
                  // Output result to console
 77.
                  System.out.println("Result:");
 78.
                  System.out.println(result);
 79.
 80.
                  // Write result to file
 81.
                  try {
                      writeResultToFile("R.txt", result);
System.out.println("Result written to R.txt");
 82.
 83.
 84.
                  } catch (java.io.IOException e) {
 85.
                       System.out.println("An error occurred while writing the result to R.txt: " + e.getMessage());
 86.
 87.
              } else {
                  // Invalid input format handling
 88.
 89.
                  System.out.println("Invalid input format.");
 90.
 91.
         }
 92.
 93.
         // Method to write result matrix to file
         public static void writeResultToFile(String fileName, Matrix result) throws java.io.IOException {
 94.
 95.
              java.io.PrintWriter print = new java.io.PrintWriter(fileName);
 96.
 97.
              // Print matrix dimensions
              print.println(result.getRows() + " " + result.getCols());
 98.
 99.
100.
              // Print matrix data
101.
              for (int i = 0; i < result.getRows(); i++) {</pre>
                  for (int j = 0; j < result.getCols(); j++) {
    print.print(result.get(i, j) + " ");</pre>
102.
                      print.print(result.get(i, j) + '
103.
104.
105.
                  print.println():
106.
107.
              // Close the PrintWriter
108.
              print.close();
109.
110. }
```

Matrix.java

```
1. // Class representing a matrix
 2. public class Matrix {
       // Matrix data stored in a 2D array
3.
 4.
        private int[][] data;
5.
        private int rows;
 6.
        private int cols;
7.
 8.
        // Constructor to initialize matrix dimensions
9.
        public Matrix(int rows, int cols) {
10.
            this.rows = rows:
            this.cols = cols:
11.
            data = new int[rows][cols];
12.
13.
        }
14.
15.
        // Method to get the number of rows
16.
        public int getRows() {
17.
            return rows;
18.
19.
        // Method to get the number of columns
20.
21.
        public int getCols() {
22.
            return cols;
23.
```

```
// Method to get the value at a specific row and column
25.
26.
        public int get(int row, int col) {
27.
             return data[row][col];
28.
29.
30.
        // Method to set the value at a specific row and column
        public void set(int row, int col, int value) {
31.
32.
             data[row][col] = value;
33.
34.
35.
        // Method to return the matrix as a string
36.
37.
        public String toString() {
             StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
38.
             for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {</pre>
39.
40.
                      sb.append(data[i][j]).append(" ");
41.
42.
43.
                  sb.append("\n");
44.
45.
             return sb.toString();
46.
47. }
```

MatrixGUI.java

```
1. import javax.swing.*;
 2. import java.awt.*;
 3. import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
 import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
 6. // Class to handle GUI for matrix operations
 7. public class MatrixGUI {
8.
        // GUI components
        private JFrame frame;
9.
        private JTextField rowsField;
10.
11.
        private JTextField colsField;
12.
        private JPanel matrixAPanel;
13.
        private JPanel matrixBPanel;
14.
        private JPanel resultPanel;
15.
        private JTextField[][] matrixAFields;
16.
        private JTextField[][] matrixBFields;
        private JTextField[][] resultFields;
17.
18.
        private JComboBox<String> operationBox;
19.
20.
        // Maximum dimensions for the matrices
21.
        private static final int MAX_DIMENSION = 3;
22.
23.
        // Method to create and show the GUI
24.
        public void createAndShowGUI() {
            frame = new JFrame("Matrix Operations");
25.
            frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
26.
27.
            frame.setSize(800, 600);
28.
29.
            // Input panel for matrix dimensions and operations
30.
            JPanel inputPanel = new JPanel();
31.
            inputPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(3, 2));
32.
            JLabel rowsLabel = new JLabel("Number of rows (max 3):");
33.
34.
            rowsField = new JTextField();
35.
            inputPanel.add(rowsLabel);
36.
            inputPanel.add(rowsField);
37.
38.
            JLabel colsLabel = new JLabel("Number of columns (max 3):");
            colsField = new JTextField();
39.
40.
            inputPanel.add(colsLabel):
41.
            inputPanel.add(colsField);
42.
43.
            JButton createMatricesButton = new JButton("Create Matrices");
44.
            createMatricesButton.addActionListener(new CreateMatricesListener());
45.
            inputPanel.add(createMatricesButton);
46.
            JLabel operationLabel = new JLabel("Operation (+, -, *):");
operationBox = new JComboBox<>(new String[]{"+", "-", "*"});
47.
48.
            inputPanel.add(operationLabel);
49.
50.
            inputPanel.add(operationBox);
51.
            // Panels for matrices and result
52.
53.
            matrixAPanel = new JPanel();
            matrixBPanel = new JPanel();
54.
55.
            resultPanel = new JPanel();
56.
57.
            JPanel matricesPanel = new JPanel();
58.
            matricesPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(1, 3));
59.
            matricesPanel.add(matrixAPanel);
            matricesPanel.add(matrixBPanel);
```

```
61.
             matricesPanel.add(resultPanel);
 62.
              // Setting layout of the frame
 63.
              frame.setLayout(new BorderLayout());
 64.
              frame.add(inputPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
 65.
              frame.add(matricesPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
 66.
 67.
 68.
              JButton calculateButton = new JButton("Calculate");
 69.
              calculateButton.addActionListener(new CalculateButtonListener());
 70.
              frame.add(calculateButton, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
 71.
 72.
              frame.setVisible(true);
 73.
         }
 74.
         // Listener for creating matrices
 75.
         private class CreateMatricesListener implements ActionListener {
 76.
 77.
              public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
 78.
 79.
                      // Reading dimensions from text fields
 80.
                      int rows = Integer.parseInt(rowsField.getText());
                      int cols = Integer.parseInt(colsField.getText());
 81.
 82.
                      // Check for valid dimensions
 83.
 84.
                      if (rows > MAX_DIMENSION || cols > MAX_DIMENSION) {
 85.
                          JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(frame, "The maximum number of rows and columns is 3.");
 86.
 87.
 88.
 89.
                      // Reset panels
 90.
                      matrixAPanel.removeAll():
                      matrixBPanel.removeAll();
 91.
 92.
                      resultPanel.removeAll();
 93.
 94.
                      matrixAPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(rows, cols));
 95.
                      matrixBPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(rows, cols));
 96.
                      resultPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(rows, cols));
 97.
                      matrixAFields = new JTextField[rows][cols];
 98.
 99.
                      matrixBFields = new JTextField[rows][cols];
100.
                      resultFields = new JTextField[rows][cols];
101.
102.
                      // Create text fields for matrix input
                      for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {</pre>
103.
104.
105.
                              matrixAFields[i][j] = new JTextField();
106.
                              matrixAPanel.add(matrixAFields[i][j]);
107.
108.
                              matrixBFields[i][j] = new JTextField();
109.
                              matrixBPanel.add(matrixBFields[i][j]);
110.
111.
                               resultFields[i][j] = new JTextField();
112.
                               resultFields[i][j].setEditable(false);
                               resultPanel.add(resultFields[i][j]);
113.
114.
                          }
115.
                      }
116.
117.
                      frame.revalidate();
118.
                      frame.repaint();
119.
                 } catch (NumberFormatException ex) {
                      JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(frame, "Please enter valid integers for rows and columns.");
120.
                 }
121.
122.
             }
123.
124.
125.
         // Listener for calculating matrix operations
126.
         private class CalculateButtonListener implements ActionListener {
127.
             public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
128.
                 try {
                      // Read dimensions
129.
                      int rows = matrixAFields.length;
130.
131.
                      int cols = matrixAFields[0].length;
132.
133.
                      // Create matrix objects
134.
                      Matrix a = new Matrix(rows, cols):
135.
                      Matrix b = new Matrix(rows, cols);
136.
137.
                      // Read values from text fields
138.
                      for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
139.
                          for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {</pre>
                              a.set(i, j, Integer.parseInt(matrixAFields[i][j].getText()));
140.
                               b.set(i, j, Integer.parseInt(matrixBFields[i][j].getText()));
141.
142.
                          }
143.
144.
145.
                      // Determine operation and perform it
146.
                      Matrix result = null;
147.
                      switch ((String) operationBox.getSelectedItem()) {
148.
```

```
149.
                              result = MatrixOperations.add(a, b);
150.
                              break;
151.
                          case "-":
152.
                              result = MatrixOperations.subtract(a, b);
153.
                              break;
154.
                          case "*":
155.
                              result = MatrixOperations.multiplv(a, b):
156.
                              break:
                      }
157.
158.
159.
                      // Display result in the result text fields
160.
                      for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
                          for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {</pre>
161.
162.
                              resultFields[i][j].setText(Integer.toString(result.get(i, j)));
163.
164.
                 } catch (NumberFormatException ex) {
165.
                      JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(frame, "Please enter valid integers in the matrix fields.");
166.
167.
168.
             }
169.
         }
170. }
```

MatrixOperations.java

```
1. // Class for performing matrix operations
 2. public class MatrixOperations {
 3.
        // Method to add two matrices
        public static Matrix add(Matrix a, Matrix b) {
 4.
 5.
             int rows = a.getRows();
             int cols = a.getCols();
 6.
 7.
             Matrix result = new Matrix(rows, cols);
 8.
             for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
 9.
                 for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {</pre>
10.
                     result.set(i, j, a.get(i, j) + b.get(i, j));
11.
12.
13.
             }
14.
15.
             return result;
16.
        }
17.
        // Method to subtract matrix b from matrix a
18.
        public static Matrix subtract(Matrix a, Matrix b) {
19.
20.
             int rows = a.getRows();
21.
             int cols = a.getCols();
22.
             Matrix result = new Matrix(rows, cols);
23.
24.
             for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
                 for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
    result.set(i, j, a.get(i, j) - b.get(i, j));</pre>
25.
26.
27.
28.
             }
29.
30.
             return result;
31.
        }
32.
        // Method to multiply two matrices
33.
        public static Matrix multiply(Matrix a, Matrix b) {
34.
35.
             int rowsA = a.getRows();
36.
             int colsA = a.getCols();
37.
             int rowsB = b.getRows();
             int colsB = b.getCols();
38.
39.
40.
             if (colsA != rowsB) {
41.
                 throw new IllegalArgumentException("Number of columns in Matrix A must equal number of rows in Matrix B.");
42.
43.
44.
             Matrix result = new Matrix(rowsA, colsB);
45.
46.
             for (int i = 0; i < rowsA; i++) {</pre>
                 for (int j = 0; j < colsB; j++) {</pre>
47.
48.
                     int sum = 0:
                     for (int k = 0; k < colsA; k++) {</pre>
49.
50.
                          sum += a.get(i, k) * b.get(k, j);
51.
52.
                      result.set(i, j, sum);
53.
54.
             }
55.
             return result;
56.
57.
        }
58. }
```

MatrixUtils.java

```
    import java.io.File;
    import java.io.FileNotFoundException;

 import java.util.Scanner;
 5. // Utility class for reading matrices from files
 6. public class MatrixUtils {
         // Method to read a matrix from a file
 8.
         public static Matrix readMatrixFromFile(String fileName) {
             try {
    // Use Scanner to read from file
 9.
10.
                  Scanner scanner = new Scanner(new File(fileName));
11.
12.
13.
                  // Read dimensions
14.
                  int rows = scanner.nextInt();
15.
                  int cols = scanner.nextInt();
                  Matrix matrix = new Matrix(rows, cols);
16.
17.
                  // Read matrix data
18.
                  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
        matrix.set(i, j, scanner.nextInt());
}</pre>
19.
20.
21.
22.
                  }
23.
24.
25.
                  // Close the scanner
                  scanner.close();
26.
27.
                  return matrix;
             } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
28.
                  System.out.println("File not found: " + fileName);
29.
30.
                  return null;
31.
32.
         }
33. }
```