# Agent Demo Scenario: Crew Disruption and Recovery

## Scenario overview

Focus on one sequence:

#### Flight UA123 ORD → SFO → DEN

We are simulating how the agent reasons through:

- Initial delay
- Failed initial plan
- Dynamic re-planning
- Coordination of crew, ops, and communication

### **Timeline of events**

6:00 AM

Everything normal. UA123 crew assigned:

- Captain C001 (ORD-based, B737 qualified)
- FO C002 (ORD-based, B737 qualified)
- Relief crew planned for DEN.

#### 8:30 AM – Initial disruption

ORD ground stop → UA123 delayed 2 hours.

Agent step:

- Checks assigned crew legality → still legal if no further delay.
- Prepares substitution options in case of further delay.

#### 9:45 AM - Delay worsens

Delay now 3.5 hours.

Agent step:

- Runs duty checker → C001/C002 will exceed max duty during flight.
- Runs query\_spare\_pool → finds:
  - SFO spare FO (C010): legal
  - o DEN spare FO (C011): legal
- Chooses SFO FO due to proximity to first destination.

#### 11:00 AM - Plan undermined

Fog at SFO → SFO FO can no longer legally cover entire sequence due to added taxi delays + ATC hold.

#### Agent step:

- Detects plan failure from tool result.
- Replans: assigns DEN FO (C011) instead, triggers repositioning of DEN FO to SFO or ORD.
- Coordinates with ops to arrange repositioning flight.

#### 12:30 PM - Ops complication

- No immediate repositioning flight for DEN FO available.
- Hotel booking fails at ORD for original crew (overbooked).

#### Agent step:

- Runs policy\_retriever → pulls escalation procedure (crew rest protocol, transport to alternative accommodation).
- Runs arrange\_transport → books crew transport to nearby city with hotel availability.

#### 1:00 PM - Communication

- Sends consolidated update to ops leadership:
  - Final crew plan
  - Substitution history
  - Remaining risks (DEN FO arrival time tight, further delay could trigger new replan)

## Why this scenario forces agent reasoning

- Initial plan fails → agent replans.
- New tool result (fog + no repositioning flight) → agent adapts again.
- Multiple valid options (SFO vs DEN spare) → agent chooses based on reasoning.
- Ops constraint (hotel overbooking) → agent triggers ops sub-task.

## **Human struggle point**

- A human scheduler would:
  - Be caught in the race between delay progression and duty legality.
  - Lose track of which spare is best as conditions evolve.
  - Be overwhelmed juggling crew legality, repositioning, hotel logistics in real-time.

### What this scenario lets us showcase

- Dynamic tool orchestration
- Multi-step reasoning

- Adaptation to intermediate failures
- Coordination of ops and crew recovery
- Clear decision points not hard-coded in advance