

Prove that if T is a linear map from F^4 to F^2 such that

$$\text{null } T = \left\{ (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) \in F^4 : \begin{aligned} x_1 &= 5x_2 \text{ and} \\ x_3 &= 7x_4 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Then T is surjective.

Proof:

$$\text{Let } v = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) \in \text{null } T$$

$$v = (5x_2, x_2, 7x_4, x_4)$$

$$= x_2(5, 1, 0, 0) + x_4(0, 0, 7, 1)$$

$$(5, 1, 0, 0) \text{ \& } (0, 0, 7, 1)$$

Span $\text{null } T$ & are linearly independent

\therefore They form basis of $\text{null } T$

$$\therefore \dim \text{null } T = 2$$

$$\dim T = \dim \text{null } T + \dim \text{range } T$$

$$4 = 2 + \dim \text{range } T$$

$$\dim \text{range } T = 2 \quad \text{--- } \textcircled{1}$$

We know, $\text{range } T \subseteq F^2$

$$\text{but } \dim \text{range } T = 2 = \dim F^2$$

$$\therefore \text{range } T = F^2$$

$\therefore T$ is surjective.