



Trabalho Prático | Trabalho Prático | DGT2816 Interação com sensores de smartphones e wearables

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Interação com sensores de smartphones e wearables – Turma 9001 – Semestre
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Link do repositório GIT:

<https://github.com/SashaCardoso/Trabalho-Pratico---DGT2816-Interacao-com-sensores-de-smartphones-e-wearebles>

Objetivo da Prática

O objetivo desta prática é desenvolver um app capaz de ler em voz alta mensagens em texto e outras informações.

Análise

Durante o processo, usei estas dependencies:

```
dependencies:  
  audio_session: ^0.2.2  
  flutter:  
    sdk: flutter  
  flutter_notification_listener: ^1.4.0  
  flutter_tts: ^4.2.5  
  provider: ^6.1.5+1  
  wear_plus: ^1.2.4
```

Tentei seguir o código, que envolve usar Kotlin, mas isso acabou complicando demais e não consegui fazer funcionar direito:

```
class MainActivity : FlutterActivity() {
    private val CHANNEL = "com.example.wearables/audio"
    private val EVENT_CHANNEL = "com.example.wearables/audio_events"

    override fun configureFlutterEngine(@NotNull flutterEngine: FlutterEngine) {
        val audioHelper = AudioHelper(this)
        super.configureFlutterEngine(flutterEngine)
        MethodChannel(flutterEngine.dartExecutor.binaryMessenger, CHANNEL).setMethodCallHandler { call, result ->
            when(call.method) {
                "audioOutputAvailable" -> {
                    val bool = audioHelper.audioOutputAvailable(call.argument<Int>("type"))
                    result.success(bool)
                }
            }
        }

        EventChannel(flutterEngine.dartExecutor.binaryMessenger, EVENT_CHANNEL).setStreamHandler(
            object : EventChannel.StreamHandler {
                private var eventSink: EventChannel.EventSink? = null

                override fun onListen(arguments: Any?, events: EventChannel.EventSink?) {
                    eventSink = events
                    audioHelper.registerDeviceAddedCallback(object : AudioDeviceCallback() {
                        override fun onAudioDevicesAdded(addedDevices: Array<AudioDeviceInfo!>!) {
                            super.onAudioDevicesAdded(addedDevices)
                            eventSink?.success(mapOf(
                                "event" to "audio_device_connected",
                                "deviceType" to deviceType,
                                "deviceName" to deviceName
                            ))
                        }
                    })
                }

                override fun onCancel(arguments: Any?) {
                    eventSink = null
                    audioHelper.setOnAudioEventListener(null)
                }
            }
        )
    }
}
```

Decidi ao invés ver se tem algo em Flutter que me permite alcançar o mesmo objetivo.

```
lib > tts.dart > TtsProvider
  1 import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
  2 import 'package:flutter_tts/flutter_tts.dart';
  3
  4 class TtsProvider with ChangeNotifier {
  5   final FlutterTts flutterTts = FlutterTts();
  6
  7   Future<bool> speak(String text) async {
  8     var isComplete = false;
  9     flutterTts.setCompletionHandler(() {
 10       isComplete = true;
 11     });
 12     await flutterTts.setLanguage("en-US");
 13     await flutterTts.speak(text);
 14     return isComplete;
 15   }
 16 }
```



```
lib > notification_service.dart > NotificationService
1 import 'package:flutter_notification_listener/flutter_notification_listener.dart';
2
3 class NotificationService {
4
5     static final NotificationService _notificationService = NotificationService._internal();
6
7     factory NotificationService() {
8         return _notificationService;
9     }
10
11     NotificationService._internal();
12
13     var onNotificationArray = <Function(NotificationEvent)>{};
14
15     void onData(NotificationEvent event) {
16         for (var fun in onNotificationArray) {
17             fun(event);
18         }
19     }
20
21     void registerFunction(Function(NotificationEvent) fun) {
22         onNotificationArray.add(fun);
23     }
24
25     Future<void> initPlatformState() async {
26         NotificationsListener.initialize();
27         NotificationsListener.receivePort?.listen((evt) => onData(evt));
28     }
29 }
```

Usei também um audio helper para registrar um callback quando um novo dispositivo de áudio for adicionado.

```
lib > audio_helper.dart > AudioHelper
1 import 'package:audio_session/audio_session.dart';
2
3 class AudioHelper {
4     final session = AudioSession.instance;
5     late final AndroidAudioManager audioManager;
6
7     AudioHelper() {
8         audioManager = AndroidAudioManager();
9     }
10
11     void setDeviceAddedListener(Function() callback) {
12         audioManager.setAudioDevicesAddedListener((devices) {
13             callback();
14         });
15     }
16 }
```



Estácio