Python assignment1

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1. Write a Python program to get a string made of the first 2 and the last 2 chars from a given string.

If the string length is less than 2, return instead of the empty string.

Sample String: 'a1resource'
Expected Result: 'a1ce'
Sample String: 'a1'
Expected Result: 'a1a1'
Sample String: 'a'

Expected Result: Empty String

2. Write a Python program to get a string from a given string where all occurrences of its first char have

been changed to '\$', except the first char itself.

Sample String : 'restart' Expected Result : 'resta\$t'

3. Write a Python program to find the first appearance of the substring 'not' and 'poor' from a given string, if 'not' follows the 'poor', replace the whole 'not'...'poor' substring with 'good'. Return the resulting string.

Sample String: 'The lyrics is not that poor!'

'The lyrics is poor!'

Expected Result : 'The lyrics is good!'

'The lyrics is poor!'

4. Write a Python function to insert a string in the middle of a string. Sample function and result : insert_sting_middle('[[]]', 'Python') -> [[Python]] insert_sting_middle('{{}}', 'PHP') -> {{PHP}}

5. Write a Python program to sort a string lexicographically.

```
demo.py

1  string = input("Enter the string - ")
2  lst = sorted(string)
3  print(''.join(lst))
4

E:\pythonfiles>python demo.py
Enter the string - sasikiran
aaiiknrss

E:\pythonfiles>
```

6. Write a Python program to count repeated characters in a string. Sample string: 'thequickbrownfoxjumpsoverthelazydog' Expected output:

```
o 4
e 3
u 2
h 2
r 2
```

t 2

```
from collections import Counter
string = input("Enter the string - ")
for key, value in Counter(string).items():
    if value > 1:
        print(key, value)

E:\pythonfiles>python demo.py
Enter the string - thequickbrownfoxjumpsoverthelazydog
t 2
h 2
e 3
u 2
r 2
o 4
E:\pythonfiles>
```

7. Write a Python function that prints out the first 'n' rows of Pascal's triangle. 'n' is user input.

```
demo.py
     from math import factorial
     def C(n, r):
          return factorial(n) // (factorial(n - r) * factorial(r))
     def printPascal(n):
    """ prints first n rows in pascal's triangle """
          for i in range(n):
              print(' ' * (n - 1 - i), end="")
 10
 11
              for j in range(i + 1):
                  print(C(i, j), end= " ")
 12
 13
              print()
 14
 15 printPascal(5)
 16
E:\pythonfiles>python demo.py
   1 1
  1 2 1
 1 3 3 1
1 4 6 4 1
E:\pythonfiles>
```

8. Write a Python function that accepts a hyphen-separated sequence of words as input and prints the words in a hyphen-separated sequence after sorting them alphabetically.

Sample Items : green-red-yellow-black-white Expected Result : black-green-red-white-yellow

9. Write a Python function to merge two sorted arrays. Sample Items : m=[1, 4, 8]

n=[2, 3, 7]

Expected Output: mn=[1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8]

```
♦▶
     demo.py
      def merge(list1, list2):
          newlist = []
          i = j = 0
          while i < len(list1) and j < len(list2):</pre>
               if list1[i] <= list2[j]:</pre>
                   newlist.append(list1[i])
                   i += 1
               else:
                   newlist.append(list2[j])
                   j += 1
 10
          while i < len(list1):</pre>
 11
               newlist.append(list1[i])
 12
 13
               i += 1
          while j < len(list2):</pre>
 14
               newlist.append(list2[j])
 15
               j += 1
 16
 17
 18
          return newlist
 19
 20
      m = [1, 4, 8]
 21
      n = [2, 3, 7]
 22
      print(merge(m, n))
 23
 24
[1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8]
[Finished in 110ms]
```

10. Write a Python function that accepts a string and calculate the number of upper case letters and

lower case letters.

Sample String: 'The quick Brow Fox'

Expected Output:

No. of Upper case characters: 3 No. of Lower case Characters: 12

```
∢▶
    demo.py
     def countUpperLower(s):
  2
         upperCount = lowerCount = 0
         for i in s:
             if i >= 'A' and i <= 'Z':
                 upperCount += 1
             elif i >= 'a' and i <= 'z':
  6
                 lowerCount += 1
  8
         return lowerCount, upperCount
 10
     string = input("Enter the string : ")
 11
     lower, upper = countUpperLower(string)
 12
     print(f"No of uppercase characters : {upper}")
 13
     print(f"No of lowercase characters : {lower}")
 14
 15
E:\pythonfiles>python demo.py
Enter the string : The quick Brow Fox
No of uppercase characters : 3
No of lowercase characters: 12
E:\pythonfiles>
```

11. Write a Python program which accepts a sequence of comma separated 4 digit binary numbers as

its input and print the numbers that are divisible by 5 in a comma separated sequence.

Sample Data: 0100,0011,1010,1001,1100,1001

Expected Output: 1010

12. Write a Python program to insert a new item before the second element in an existing array.

13. Write a Python program to print the alphabet pattern 'R'. Expected Output:

```
****

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *

* *
```

```
demo.py
              """****
      print(
          *
  3
      ****
      **
  6
          *""")
  7
      *
  8
****
   *
****
**
[Finished in 137ms]
```

14. Write a Python program to get the number of occurrences of a specified element in an array.

```
demo.py x

1  from array import array
2  3  a = array('i', [1, 2, 3, 3, 5, 6, 2, 2, 9, 8, 8, 8])
4  print(a.count(2)) # returns the count of '2' in the array.

3
[Finished in 87ms]
```

15. Write a Python program to remove a specified item using the index from an array.

16. Write a Python program to convert an array to an ordinary list with the same items.

```
demopy x

1 from array import array
2
3 a = array('i', [1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 5, 6, 2, 2, 9, 8, 8, 8])
4 print("before -", type(a))
5 a = a.tolist() # a.tolist() returns a list with the same values.
6 print("after -", type(a))
7

before - <class 'array.array'>
after - <class 'list'>
[Finished in 76ms]
```

17. Write a Python program to remove duplicates from a list of lists.

Sample list: [[10, 20], [40], [30, 56, 25], [10, 20], [33], [40]]

New List: [[10, 20], [30, 56, 25], [33], [40]]

```
♦ demo.py
     sample = [[10, 20], [40], [30, 56, 25], [10, 20], [33], [40]]
  1
     # creating a set of tuple.
     new = set(tuple(item) for item in sample)
     sample = [list(item) for item in new]
     print(sample)
[[40], [33], [30, 56, 25], [10, 20]]
[Finished in 85ms]
♦ demo.py
     sample = [[10, 20], [40], [30, 56, 25], [10, 20], [33], [40]]
     new = []
     for i in sample:
         if i not in new:
              new.append(i)
     print(new)
[[10, 20], [40], [30, 56, 25], [33]]
[Finished in 88ms]
```

18. Write a Python program to find the list in a list of lists whose sum of elements is the highest.

Sample lists: [1,2,3], [4,5,6], [10,11,12], [7,8,9]

Expected Output: [10, 11, 12]

19. Write a Python program to insert a given string at the beginning of all items in a list.

Sample list: [1,2,3,4], string: emp

Expected output: ['emp1', 'emp2', 'emp3', 'emp4']

```
demo.py  x

1  sample = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
2  string = "emp"
3  sample = list(map(lambda x : string + str(x), sample))
4  # another way -> sample = [string + str(i) for i in sample]
5  print(sample)

['emp1', 'emp2', 'emp3', 'emp4', 'emp5']
[Finished in 75ms]
```

20. Write a Python program to compute the similarity between two lists.

Sample data: ["red", "orange", "green", "blue", "white"], ["black", "yellow", "green", "blue"]

Expected Output:

Color1-Color2: ['white', 'orange', 'red']

Color2-Color1: ['black', 'yellow']

```
demo.py x

1 list1 = ["red", "orange", "green", "blue", "white"]
2 list2 = ["black", "yellow", "green", "blue"]
3 a = set(list1)
4 b = set(list2)
5 print(list(a.difference(b)))
6 print(list(b.difference(a)))
7

['red', 'orange', 'white']
['black', 'yellow']
[Finished in 83ms]
```

21. Write a Python program to split a list every Nth element.

Sample list: ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j', 'k', 'l', 'm', 'n'] Expected Output: [['a', 'd', 'g', 'j', 'm'], ['b', 'e', 'h', 'k', 'n'], ['c', 'f', 'i', 'l']]

```
demo.py x

1   def SplitList(lst, n):
2     new = []
3     for i in range(n):
4         new.append(lst[i::n])
5     return new
6

7   sample = list(input("Enter the list : ").split())
8   n = int(input("Enter n : "))
9   print(SplitList(sample, n))

E:\pythonfiles>python demo.py
Enter the list : a b c d e f g h i j k l m n
Enter n : 3
[['a', 'd', 'g', 'j', 'm'], ['b', 'e', 'h', 'k', 'n'], ['c', 'f', 'i', 'l']]
```

22. Write a Python program to convert a list of multiple integers into a single integer.

Sample list: [11, 33, 50] Expected Output: 113350

```
from functools import reduce
sample = [11, 33, 50]
sample = int(reduce(Lambda x, y : str(x) + str(y), sample))
print(sample)

113350
[Finished in 81ms]
```

23. Write a Python program to iterate over two lists simultaneously

24. Write a Python program to create a list by concatenating a given list which range goes from 1 to n.

```
Sample list : ['p', 'q']
n =5
Sample Output : ['p1', 'q1', 'p2', 'q2', 'p3', 'q3', 'p4', 'q4', 'p5', 'q5']
```

```
demo.py x

1    sample = list(input("Enter values in list - ").split())
2    n = int(input("Enter count - "))
3    new = []
4    for i in range(1, n + 1):
5        new.extend([str(item) + str(i) for item in sample])
6    print(new)
7

E:\pythonfiles>python demo.py
Enter values in list - a b
Enter count - 5
['a1', 'b1', 'a2', 'b2', 'a3', 'b3', 'a4', 'b4', 'a5', 'b5']
E:\pythonfiles>
```

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