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## **Image Steganography and Tinker GUI**

### **Code explanation:**

- 1. Have 2 functions Encode() and Decode(). Encode() takes 3 arguments input\_file\_path, secret message, output\_file path.while Decode() take only input\_file\_path.**
- 2. Using tinker GUI create**
  - a. 1 file selector and saves the file path to a global variable.**
  - b. Text input field to get message as input(secret\_message).**
  - c. 3 buttons. Each button calls the respective functions**
    - i. 1)for Encoding the text in the text field**
    - ii. 2)decoding the text in the selected img file**
    - iii. 3)exit button that quits the app**

### **Code:**

```
from PIL import Image
# import all components
# from the tkinter library
from tkinter import *
import os
# import filedialog module
from tkinter import filedialog
from PIL import Image

def hide_text(image_path, secret_text, output_path=""):
```

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output_path = image_path[0:len(image_path)-4] + "_encoded.jpg"
filename2 = output_path
print("encode text to:",output_path)
# Open the image
image = Image.open(image_path)
# Convert the secret text to binary
binary_secret_text = "".join(format(ord(char), '08b') for char in
secret_text)

# Check if the image can accommodate the secret text
image_capacity = image.width * image.height * 3
if len(binary_secret_text) > image_capacity:
    raise ValueError("Image does not have sufficient capacity to hide
the secret text.")

# Hide the secret text in the image
pixels = image.load()
index = 0
for i in range(image.width):
    for j in range(image.height):
        r, g, b = pixels[i, j]

        # Modify the least significant bit of each color channel
        if index < len(binary_secret_text):
            r = (r & 0xFE) | int(binary_secret_text[index])
            index += 1
        if index < len(binary_secret_text):
            g = (g & 0xFE) | int(binary_secret_text[index])
            index += 1
        if index < len(binary_secret_text):
            b = (b & 0xFE) | int(binary_secret_text[index])
            index += 1

        pixels[i, j] = (r, g, b)

# Save the image with the hidden secret text
image.save(output_path)

def extract_text(image_path):
    print("extract text at:",image_path)
    # Open the image
    image = Image.open(image_path)

    # Extract the secret text from the image

```

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pixels = image.load()
binary_secret_text = ""
for i in range(image.width):
    for j in range(image.height):
        r, g, b = pixels[i, j]

        # Extract the least significant bit of each color channel
        binary_secret_text += str(r & 1)
        binary_secret_text += str(g & 1)
        binary_secret_text += str(b & 1)

# Convert the binary text to ASCII
secret_text = ""
for i in range(0, len(binary_secret_text), 8):
    char = chr(int(binary_secret_text[i:i+8], 2))
    secret_text += char
return secret_text

def browseFiles():
    global filename2
    filename = filedialog.askopenfilename(initialdir = "",
                                           title = "Select a
File",
                                           filetypes =
                                           (("Text files",
                                              "*.jpg*"),
                                              ("all files",
                                              "*..*")))
    filename2=filename
    label_file_explorer.configure(text="File Opened: "+ filename)

# Create the root window
window = Tk()

# Set window title
window.title('File Explorer')

# Set window size
window.geometry("700x500")

```

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#Set window background color
window.config(background = "white")

# Create a File Explorer label
label_file_explorer = Label(window,
                              text = "File Explorer using
Tkinter",
                              width = 100, height = 4,
                              fg = "blue")

button_explore = Button(window,
                          text = "Browse Files",
                          command = browseFiles)

# adding Entry Field
secret_text = Entry(window, width=10)
secret_text.grid(column =1, row =3)

# function to display user text when
# encoded button is clicked
def encode():
    print("Running encoding:")
    image_path = filename2
    output=""
    hide_text(image_path, secret_text.get(),output)
    print("encoded text:",secret_text.get())

def decode():
    image_path = filename2
    secret_text_from_img = extract_text(image_path)
    print("decoded text:",secret_text_from_img)

button_encode = Button(window,
                        text = "Encode",
                        command = encode)

button_decode = Button(window,
                        text = "Decode",
                        command = decode)

button_exit = Button(window,
                      text = "Exit",
                      command = exit)

```

**# Grid method is chosen for placing  
# the widgets at respective positions  
# in a table like structure by  
# specifying rows and columns**

**label\_file\_explorer.grid(column = 1, row = 1)  
button\_explore.grid(column = 1, row = 2)  
button\_encode.grid(column = 1,row = 4)  
button\_decode.grid(column = 1,row = 5)  
button\_exit.grid(column = 1,row = 6)**

**# Let the window wait for any events  
window.mainloop()**