Optimizing Breadth-First Search on Modern Multicore CPUs

Salvatore D. Andaloro

Department of Information Engineering and Computer Science, University of Trento



• Breadth-First Search is a fundamental algorithm in graph analysis

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 $\mathsf{Open}\mathsf{MP}$

Pthreads

esults

- Breadth-First Search is a fundamental algorithm in graph analysis
- Vertices are labeled based on the distance from a given source vertex

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- Breadth-First Search is a fundamental algorithm in graph analysis
- Vertices are labeled based on the distance from a given source vertex
- Used in many algorithms: Dijkstra, Maximum Flow, MSP...

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Social network

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Social network

Road network

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Social network



Road network



Synthetic graph

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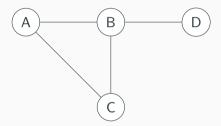
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Source vertex: A

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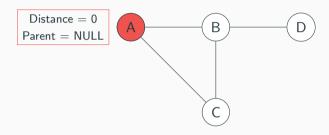
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Frontier: A

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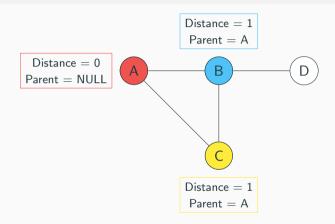
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Frontier: B, C

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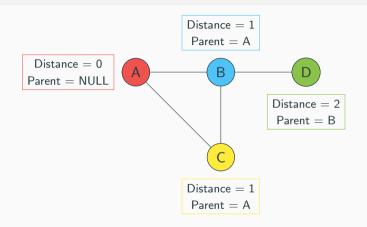
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Frontier: D

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- BFS has O(V + E) time and space complexity (under RAM model)
- In practice, it is a memory-bound algorithm
 - Cache effects must be considered

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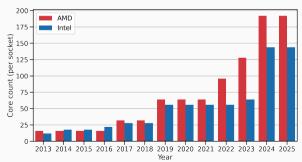
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- BFS has $\mathcal{O}(V+E)$ time and space complexity (under RAM model)
- In practice, it is a memory-bound algorithm
 - Cache effects must be considered
- CPUs exhibit growing amount of parallelism...



Evolution of core counts per socket for AMD and Intel processors

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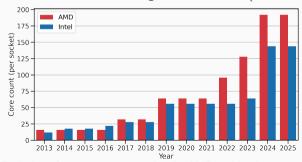
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- BFS has O(V + E) time and space complexity (under RAM model)
- In practice, it is a memory-bound algorithm
 - Cache effects must be considered
- CPUs exhibit growing amount of **parallelism**...
- ...and new architectures are coming to the market (ARM, RISC-V)



Evolution of core counts per socket for AMD and Intel processors

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Contents

- Two implementations with different parallel programming paradigms
 - 1. OpenMP implementation using the MergedCSR data structure
 - 2. Pthreads implementation using MergedCSR + custom synchronization routines

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- Two implementations with different parallel programming paradigms
 - 1. OpenMP implementation using the MergedCSR data structure
 - 2. Pthreads implementation using MergedCSR + custom synchronization routines
- Evaluated against GAP Benchmark suite
- Speedups compared on three different architectures (AMD x86, RISC-V, ARM)



GAP suite logo



Compared architectures

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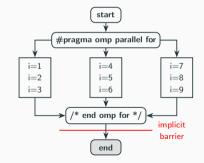
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OpenMP implementation

- OpenMP is a widely used framework for parallel programming in C and C++
- Uses simple compiler directives called pragmas

```
#pragma omp parallel for
for (int i = 1; i <= 9; i++) {
   A[i] = i
}</pre>
```



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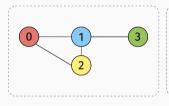
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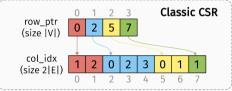
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From CSR to MergedCSR

• Graphs are usually stored in the Compressed Sparse Row format (CSR)





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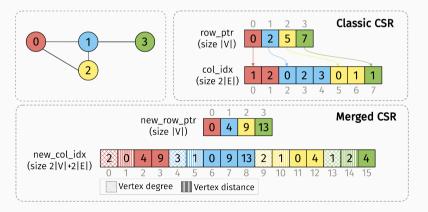
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From CSR to MergedCSR

- Graphs are usually stored in the Compressed Sparse Row format (CSR)
- MergedCSR core idea: access only row_ptr array during BFS traversal
 - row_ptr array contains also algorithm-specific metadata (ex. distance)



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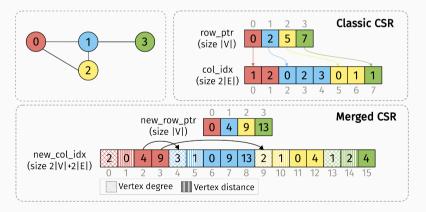
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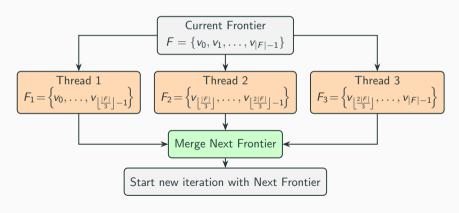
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Parallelization strategies

- Different parallelization strategies, depending on the graph type
- Strategy used: Frontier partitioning + Merge step



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Implementation

```
#pragma omp declare reduction(vec_add : \
  omp_out.insert(omp_out.end(), omp_in.begin(), omp_in.end()))
#pragma omp parallel for reduction(vec_add : next_frontier)
\rightarrow if(this_frontier.size() > 50)
for (const auto &v : this frontier) {
  for (vertex i = v + 2; i < end; i++) { // Iterate over neighbors
    vertex neighbor = new_col_idx[i];
    // If neighbor is not visited, add to frontier
    if (DISTANCE(neighbor) == max()) {
   next_frontier.push_back(neighbor);
    DISTANCE(neighbor) = distance: // Set the distance
```

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Inefficiencies of the OpenMP implementation

Merging step is not parallel

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Inefficiencies of the OpenMP implementation

- Merging step is not parallel
- Poor cache locality, as vertices are collected and repartitioned among the cores

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Inefficiencies of the OpenMP implementation

- Merging step is not parallel
- Poor cache locality, as vertices are collected and repartitioned among the cores
- For large-diameter graphs, OpenMP enters the parallel region more than 10k times for a single BFS runs

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Poculte

• Pthreads: low-level threading library to create and manage threads in C



Pthreads (unofficial) logo

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- Pthreads: low-level threading library to create and manage threads in C
- Implementation components:
 - 1. Custom data structure to handle the vertices in the frontier

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Pthreads (unofficial) logo

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- Pthreads: low-level threading library to create and manage threads in C
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 - 1. Custom data structure to handle the vertices in the frontier
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 - 3. Thread pool to manage thread creation and destruction
 - 4. Custom barrier for thread synchronization

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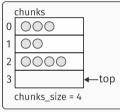
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Thread 0



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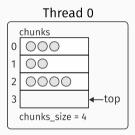
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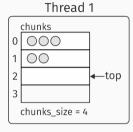
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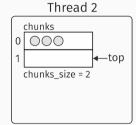
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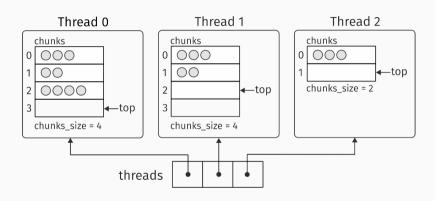
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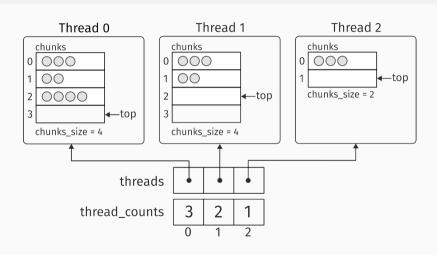
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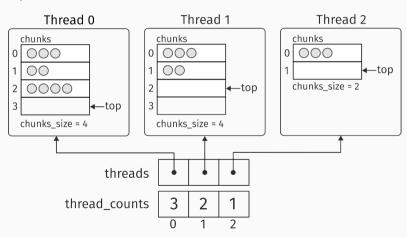
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Work-stealing mechanism

Thread 2 processes its vertices...



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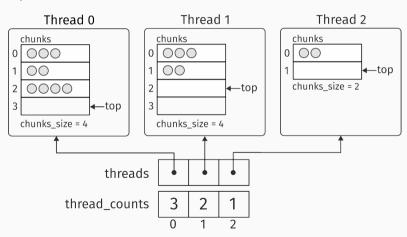
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Thread 2 processes its vertices...



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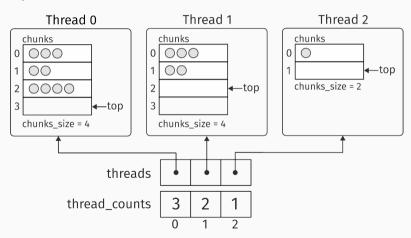
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Thread 2 processes its vertices...



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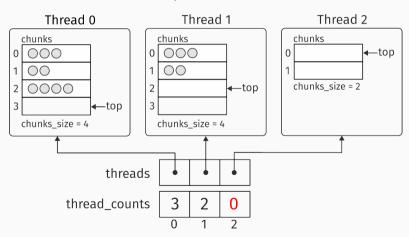
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Thread 2 is out of work, will attempt a steal soon...



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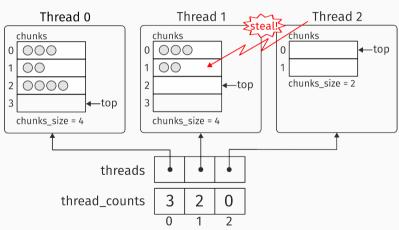
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Thread 2 steals a chunk of work from Thread 1...



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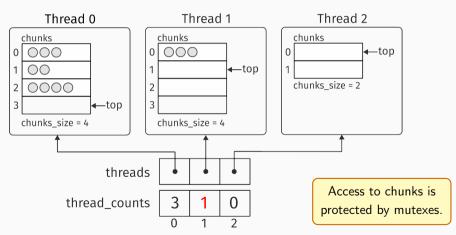
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Thread 2 processes the stolen vertices and updates the global count.



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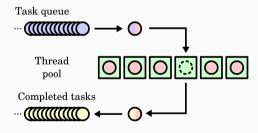
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Thread pool

- When the program is run, a group of threads is spawned
- At the beginning of each BFS run, the threads are awaken and the starting vertex is assigned to the 0th thread



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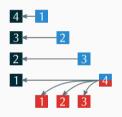
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Sense-Reversal Centralized Barrier

- Barrier: point that threads must reach before any can proceed
- Procedure:
 - 1. Central counter tracks arriving threads
 - 2. Last thread resets counter + increment distance
 - Others threads spin wait until distance changes
 - 4. All threads are released together



fetch and decrement (arrival)

notify (departure)

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Results

- Experiments run on 3 platforms:
 - AMD EPYC 7543 CPU @ 2.8 GHz (32 cores)
 - Sophon SG2042 RISC-V CPU @ 2.0 GHz (64 cores)
 - NVIDIA Grace CPU Superchip @ up to 3.0 GHz (144 cores)

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- Tools: GCC compiler, Likwid, SBatchMan













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- Tools: GCC compiler, Likwid, SBatchMan
- Compared against the GAP benchmark suite













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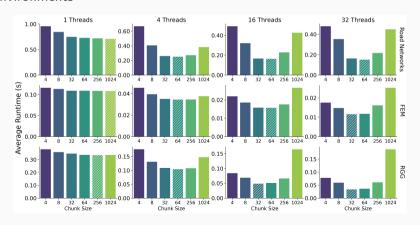
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Chunk size impact on performance

- Chunk size determines the number of vertices in a chunk
- Chunk sizes of 32 and 64 are optimal for most datasets in multithreaded environments



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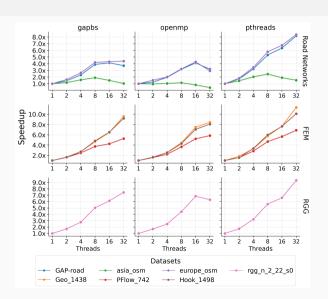
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Scalability



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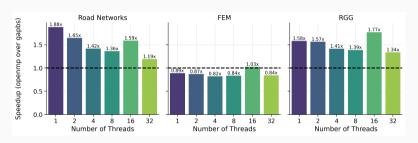
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 ${\sf Results}$

Speedup - OpenMP



Speedup of the OpenMP implementation compared to the GAPBS implementation

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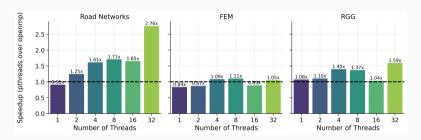
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Speedup - Pthreads



Speedup of the pthreads implementation compared to the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OpenMP}}$ implementation

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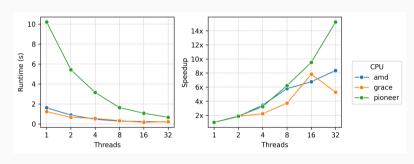
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Comparison on different architectures



Execution time and speedup on different architectures for the Europe road network dataset

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Conclusions

- Presented a multithreaded implementation of the BFS algorithm using OpenMP and Pthreads
- Compared it on different architectures (x86, RISC-V, ARM) and different datasets
- Achieved $\approx 1.5x$ geomean speedup for OpenMP and $\approx 2x$ speedup for Pthreads compared to the GAP benchmark suite
- Future work: explore other graph algorithms, optimize for more graph types, use different barrier or synchronization primitives

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Thank You!

Questions?