

PARAMS

- k_i instance performance indicator
- k_s average service performance indicator
- z_i k_i/k_s instance performance ratio
- s instance shutdown threshold
- I_a set of active instances (not booting)
- n $|I_a|$
- P_i previous weight of instance i

VARIABLES

- w_i weight of instance i ($w_i \in [0, 1]$)
- q_i $\begin{cases} 0 & \text{if instance } i \text{ must be shutdown} \\ 1 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

OBJ FUNC

$$\min \sum_{i \in I_0} \underbrace{\frac{1}{z_i} w_i}_{\text{Se } i \text{ è buona}} - \underbrace{z_i q_i}_{\text{Se l'istanza resta o case conviene, scelto per } z_i}$$

Se i è buona
 $z_i > 1$
quindi conviene
avere w_i alto

Se l'istanza
resta o case
conviene,
scelto per
 z_i

CONSTRAINT

1 $w_i \leq q_i$

2 $w_i \geq \frac{s}{n} q_i$

3 $\sum_{i \in I_0} w_i = 1$

4 $w_i \leq \frac{k_i}{k_j} w_j + (1 - q_j) \quad k_i \geq k_j$

5 $w_i \leq z_i p_i + z_i \sum_{i \neq j} p_j (1 - q_j)$

① To impose that an instance to shutdown has $W_i = 0$

② To impose that an active instance should have a W_i higher than a certain threshold S .

S is the ratio between the # of requests processed by the instance and the # of requests that an instance should process in an ideal case (when the load is distributed equally)

L'idea è "spegnere le istanze che si allontanano molto dal caso ideale. Se è così, è perché hanno performance molto basse".

Quindi ($r_i \rightarrow$ # richieste istanza i)

$$S = \frac{r_i}{\sum r_i / n} \rightarrow \text{caso ideale}$$

Ma S non va calcolato, va visto come percentuale. Tipo, $S = 0,8$ indica che l'istanza i è lontana dal caso ideale del 20%.

Ma $\frac{r_i}{\sum r_i} = W_i$, quindi il W_i soglia è $= S \cdot n$

Quindi vogliamo $W_i \geq S/n$

③ The weights should have unitary sum

④ We want that instance weights are proportional to their performances, i.e. that $W_i = \frac{k_i}{k_j} W_j$.

However, if $W_j = 0$, it doesn't mean that W_i must be $= 0$ if $k_i > k_j$

Hence, we want

$$W_i \leq \frac{k_i}{k_j} W_j + (1 - \alpha_j) \text{ if } k_i \geq k_j, \text{ so that if } \alpha_j = 0,$$

W_i can be for sure ≤ 1

⑤ We want that a weight should not grow too much with respect to its previous weight if there are no instances to shutdown. If there are, constraint ④ will take care of splitting the load fairly