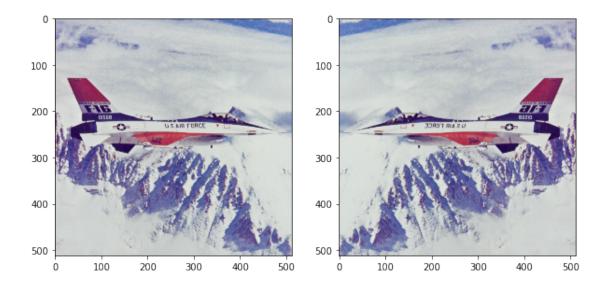
Examples

October 20, 2018

```
In [25]: import sys
         %matplotlib inline
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         sys.path.append("src")
         import util.data.bmp as bmp
         from transform import normalize
In [2]: img=bmp.read_image("test/images/avion.bmp")
In [3]: def proccess_image(image, func, *args, **kwargs):
            result = dict()
            for chanel in image:
                result[chanel] = func(image[chanel],*args, **kwargs)
            return bmp._merge_rgb(result).astype(np.uint8)
        def from_dict(img):
            return bmp._merge_rgb(img).astype(np.uint8)
        def show_result(img, result):
            f, axarr = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize = (10, 15))
            axarr[0].imshow(from_dict(img))
            axarr[1].imshow(result)
1
In [5]: from transform.rotate import rotate
In [21]: %timeit result = proccess_image(img, rotate, degree=90)
238 ms ś 1.14 ms per loop (mean ś std. dev. of 7 runs, 1 loop each)
In [22]: show_result(img, result)
```



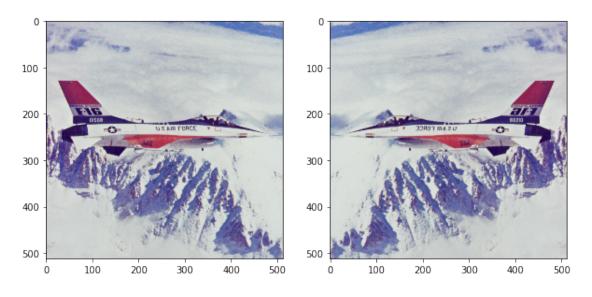
2

In [16]: from transform.mirror import mirror

In [23]: %timeit result = proccess_image(img, mirror, 'x')

117 ms ś 1.4 ms per loop (mean ś std. dev. of 7 runs, 10 loops each)

In [24]: show_result(img, result)



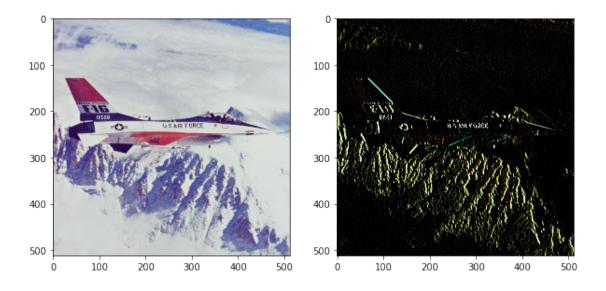
3

```
In [27]: from filter.sobel import sobel
    def add_128_sobel(*argc, **kwargs):
        res = sobel(*argc, **kwargs)
        fres = normalize.shift(res, 128)
        res = normalize.suppress_ejection(res)
        return res

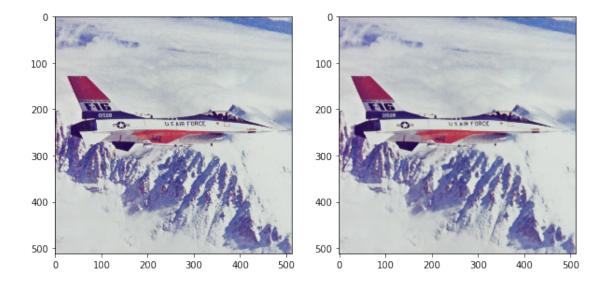
In [29]: %timeit result = proccess_image(img, add_128_sobel, direction = 'x', mode = 'odd')

14.1 s ś 27.3 ms per loop (mean ś std. dev. of 7 runs, 1 loop each)
```

In [32]: show_result(img, result)



4



5

In [36]: from filter.gauss import gauss

In [39]: %timeit result = proccess_image(img, gauss, mode = 'rep', sigma = 2)

1min 9s ś 780 ms per loop (mean ś std. dev. of 7 runs, 1 loop each)

