projectXOR

Build rust module to python package

```
In [7]: %%bash
        # Make sure rustc is already installed
        pip install maturin
        cd algo
        maturin develop
        pip install target/wheels/*.whl --force-reinstall
       Requirement already satisfied: maturin in /home/satheeshkumar/.conda/envs/gro
       ot/lib/python3.11/site-packages (1.4.0)
       🐍 Found CPython 3.11 at /home/satheeshkumar/.conda/envs/groot/bin/python
       📡 Using build options features from pyproject.toml
         Compiling algo v0.1.0 (/home/satheeshkumar/Groot/projectXOR/algo)
           Finished dev [unoptimized + debuginfo] target(s) in 0.37s
       📦 Built wheel for CPython 3.11 to /tmp/.tmpYaOsiC/algo-0.1.0-cp311-cp311-lin
      ux x86 64.whl

★ Installed algo-0.1.0

      Processing ./target/wheels/algo-0.1.0-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_34_x86_64.whl
      Installing collected packages: algo
        Attempting uninstall: algo
           Found existing installation: algo 0.1.0
          Uninstalling algo-0.1.0:
             Successfully uninstalled algo-0.1.0
       Successfully installed algo-0.1.0
```

Restart the kernal after installing it

```
In [1]: import algo
   import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import seaborn as sb
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [2]: dir(algo)
   # It has four function (64bit precision)
   # angle_to_repr,
   # repr_to_angle,
   # shift_range,
   # xor,
   # generate
```

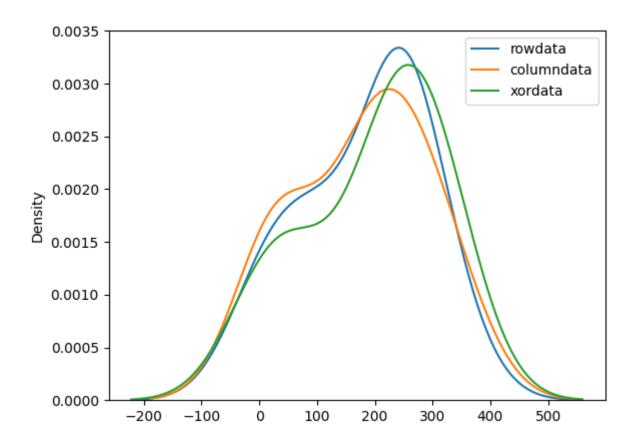
```
Out[2]: ['__all__',
           __builtins___',
           ___cached___',
            _doc___' ,
            __file__',
           __loader___',
           ___name___',
          '___package___' ,
           __path___',
          '__spec__',
          'algo',
          'angle_to_repr',
          'generate',
          'repr_to_angle',
          'shift_range',
          'xor']
In [3]: \# angle_to_repr (float) = range : 0(2^0 - 1) - 18446744073709551615(2^64 - 1)
        print(algo.angle_to_repr(0.0))
        print(algo.angle_to_repr(360.0))
        print(algo.angle_to_repr(220.2364))
        print(algo.angle_to_repr(0.00000000000000543))
       18446744073709551615
       11285123629208684544
       278
In [4]: # repr_to_angle (integer)
        print(algo.repr_to_angle(0))
        print(algo.repr_to_angle(18446744073709551615))
        print(algo.repr_to_angle(11285123629208684544))
        print(algo.repr_to_angle(278))
       0.0
       360.0
       220.2364
       5.425347671117464e-15
In [5]: # xor(angle1, angle2)
        algo.xor(220.34, 154.23)
Out[5]: 338.92330265432287
In [6]: # shift_range : it will done (angle & (end-start)) + start
        algo.shift_range(338.92, 0.0, 50.0)
Out[6]: 46.41725271541141
        generate matrix
In [7]: def angle(n):
            return np.random.random(n) * 360
```

```
In [32]: # Generate Square Matrix of size n
         n = 10
         a = angle(1)
         row = np.append(a, angle(n-1))
         column = np.append(a, angle(n-1))
         print(row)
         print(column)
         data = algo.generate(row,column)
         pd.DataFrame(data)
                        1.85998053 252.96073807 99.10816915 236.32374714
        [ 31.87620021
         256.91099613 230.7296459 331.2239685 239.45103666 126.78072241]
        [ 31.87620021 220.0056563
                                   27.75406003 256.60549019 162.89532332
         175.35300009 221.55993107 340.18243522 32.33815093 300.57395341]
Out[32]:
                                          2
                                                     3
                                                                           5
                                                                                      6
                                              99.108169 236.323747 256.910996 230.729646
             31.876200
                         1.859981 252.960738
         1 220.005656 220.958916
                                   65.754869 147.262640 270.995393 165.959743 295.438848
             27.754060 200.545445 225.518421 282.514637 11.706211 177.665413 242.226565
         3 256.605490
                        80.011834 214.781805 113.015967 123.831737
                                                                    53.931227 194.204667
         4 162.895323 105.751776 297.467546 185.392863 309.173740 356.499433 168.197180
         5 175.353000
                        78.055457 320.679235 146.054352 264.414798
                                                                    92.139662
                                                                               76.107096
         6 221.559931 239.130108 109.718083 58.853489 210.755149 298.626565 318.194648
         7 340.182435 129.221799
                                   30.770238 84.685330 238.923534 176.824889 224.958383
             32.338151 108.429037 125.131066 141.696601 288.488092 248.336905
                                                                               66.622271
         9 300.573953 214.668536 270.507357 231.499973 148.683111 305.346916 346.302866
```

xor of two vectors

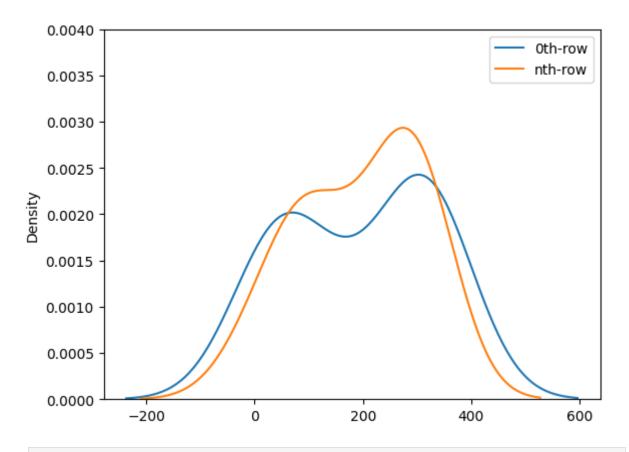
```
In [33]: xordata = list(map(lambda x : algo.xor(x[0],x[1]), zip(row,column)))
    sb.kdeplot(row, label="rowdata")
    sb.kdeplot(column, label="columndata")
    sb.kdeplot(xordata, label="xordata")
    plt.legend()
```

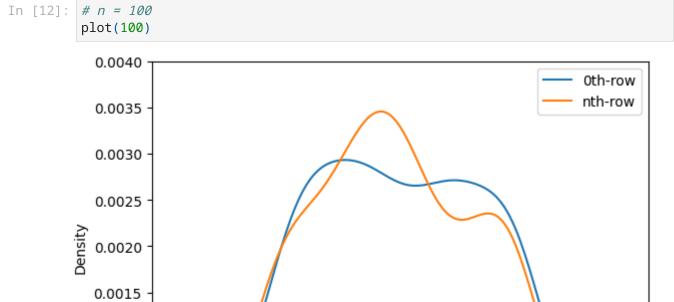
Out[33]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fa6f52f7810>



KdePlot

```
In [18]: def plot(n):
    a = angle(1)
    row = np.append(a, angle(n-1))
    column = np.append(a, angle(n-1))
    data = np.array(algo.generate(row,column))
    sb.kdeplot(data[0],label="0th-row")
    sb.kdeplot(data[n-1],label="nth-row")
    plt.ylim(0,0.004)
    plt.legend()
    del(a)
    del(row)
    del(column)
    del(data)
In [11]: # n = 10
plot(10)
```





100

200

300

400

500

In [13]: # n = 1000

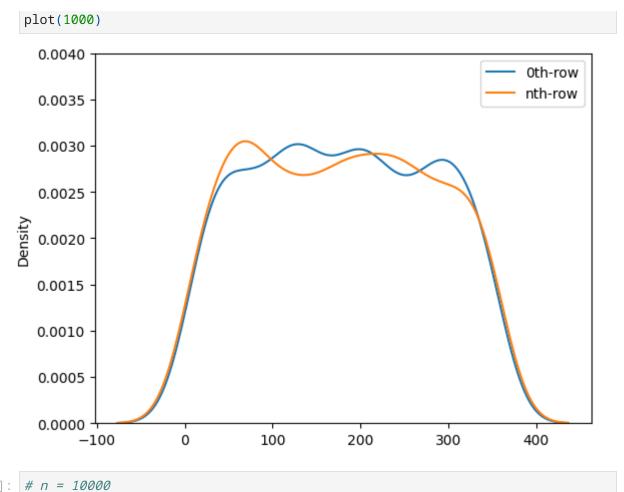
0.0010

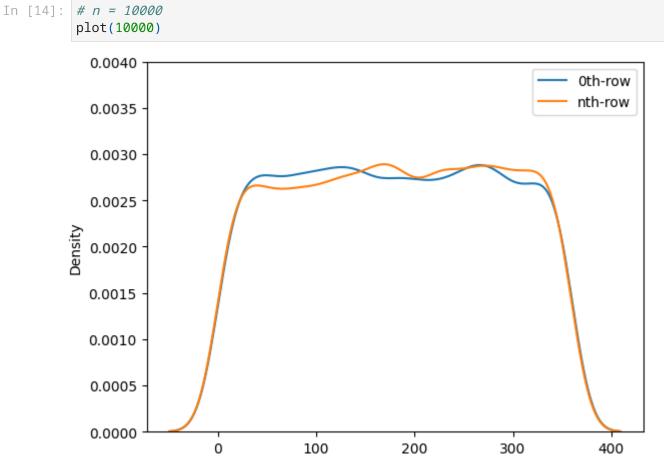
0.0005

0.0000

-100

0





```
In [9]: !jupyter nbconvert --to webpdf main.ipynb main.pdf
    from IPython.display import clear_output
    clear_output()
In []:
```