Assignment 1

Assignment 1: SDLC Overview - Create a one-page infographic that outlines the SDLC phases (Requirements, Design, Implementation, Testing, Deployment), highlighting the importance of each phase and how they interconnect.

Waterfall Model

Advantages:

- Simple and easy to understand.
- Phases are clearly defined.
- Works well for smaller projects with well-defined requirements.

Disadvantages:

- Inflexible to changes after the project has started.
- Difficult to go back to any stage once it's completed.
- Not suitable for complex and evolving projects.

Applicability:

• Best suited for projects with clear, fixed requirements and low complexity, such as building construction or manufacturing processes.

Agile Model

Advantages:

- Highly flexible and adaptable to changes.
- Continuous customer feedback and involvement.
- Promotes iterative development and frequent releases.

Disadvantages:

- Requires strong collaboration and communication.
- Can lead to scope creep due to continuous changes.
- Less predictable in terms of cost and time.

Applicability:

• Ideal for projects with dynamic requirements and a need for frequent updates, such as software development and IT services.

Spiral Model

Advantages:

- Combines elements of both iterative and waterfall models.
- Focuses on risk analysis and mitigation.
- Suitable for large, complex projects.

Disadvantages:

- Can be expensive and time-consuming.
- Requires expertise in risk assessment.
- Complex to manage and implement.

Applicability:

• Suitable for high-risk projects with complex requirements, such as defense systems or large-scale software applications.

V-Model

Advantages:

- Emphasizes verification and validation.
- Each development phase has a corresponding testing phase.
- Clear and structured approach.

Disadvantages:

- Inflexible to changes during the development process.
- Can be costly and time-consuming.
- Not suitable for projects with unclear requirements.

Applicability:

• Best for projects where requirements are well-defined and validation is critical, such as medical device development and automotive software.

Conclusion

Each SDLC model has its own strengths and weaknesses, making them suitable for different types of engineering projects. The Waterfall model is ideal for simple, well-defined projects, while the Agile model excels in dynamic and evolving environments. The Spiral model is best for large, high-risk projects, and the V-Model is suited for projects requiring rigorous validation and verification. Selecting the appropriate model depends on the project's specific requirements, complexity, and risk factors.

