Deepfake Handwriting: Generating Forged Handwriting and Enhancing Detection with Limited Training Data

DISSERTATION

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements of the

Degree: MTech in Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning.

By

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Under the supervision of

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DSECLZG628T / AIMLCZG628T DISSERTATION

Dissertation Title : **Deepfake Handwriting: Generating Forged Handwriting and Enhancing Detection with Limited Training Data**

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Courses Relevant for the Project & Corresponding Semester:

1. Advanced Deep Learning (3rd Semester)

2. Video Analytics (3rd Semester)

3. Deep Learning (2nd Semester)

4. Machine Learning (1st Semester)

Abstract

The spread of deepfakes requires robust detection systems. However, training such systems often requires considerable data, which can be scarce. This project addresses this challenge by creating deepfake biometrics, specifically focusing on handwriting. While deepfake generation for images and videos is well-studied, deepfake generation in the area of biometrics for handwritings remains understudied, especially with limited datasets. Here we use the latest advances in Masked Autoencoders (MAEs) and similar approaches to generate digital deepfakes with minimal data requirements.

Handwriting being done on e-pads is kind of time series (1-dimensional) data where the trajectory (X and Y coordinates w.r.t time) gets captured at regular intervals. Generation models like LSTMs (Long Short-Term Memory), Variational Autoencoders (VAEs), Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs) for Time Series (T-GANs) are capable of generating such timeseries data. Further, these 1-D data representations can be rendered to video representation by interpolating the X-Y coordinates using algorithms to use with the MAEs. This project explores both the approaches:

- 1. Video Masked Autoencoders (VideoMAE) using the Vision Transformer (ViT) backbone using the created video representations.
- 2. TrajectoryMAE, a new method replacing ViT backbone with 1D Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) backbone in Masked Autoencoder using the 1-dimensional data representation.

This project investigates the comparative effectiveness of these approaches in generating deepfakes and then training a robust handwriting deepfake detection system. Unlike

conventional methods that rely on manually generated fakes for training detection systems, we propose a system-generated approach for enhanced robustness.

Key Words:

Deepfake Generation
Deepfake Detection
Deepfake handwriting
Biometric data
Handwriting
Video Data
1-dimensional data representation
Masked Auto Encoders (MAEs)
Video Masked Auto Encoders (VideoMAE)
Vision Transformers (ViT)
Limited data

BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCE, PILANI II SEMESTER 23-24

DSECLZG628T / AIMLCZG628T DISSERTATION Dissertation Outline

BITS ID No. 2022AA05106 **Name of Student:** Sathish K S

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Topic of Dissertation: Deepfake Handwriting: Generating Forged Handwriting and

Enhancing Detection with Limited Training Data

(Signature of Student)

- Service

Date: 07 June 2024 Date: 07 June 2024

(Signature of Supervisor)

Project Work outline document

Broad Area of Work

Deepfake generation and Detection in the area of Biometrics

2. Objectives

The objectives of my project are as follows:

- Explore methodologies to generate digital deepfake handwriting.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of the methods.
- Enhance the detection system to be more robust by training with not just the manual forged data, but also the system generated.

3. Scope of Work

Scope of this dissertation is to design and develop a system for generating and detecting deepfakes of handwriting in the field of biometrics, using variations of Masked Autoencoders methodologies with limited training data.

This project explores below approaches:

- 1. Video Masked Autoencoders (VideoMAE) using the Vision Transformer (ViT) backbone using the created video representations.
- 2. TrajectoryMAE, a new method replacing ViT backbone with 1D Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) backbone in Masked Autoencoder using the 1-dimensional data representation.

We choose these methodologies since MAE is effectively trained on limited dataset in self-supervised way.

This project aims to develop a system that can not only create deepfakes, but also detect them effectively by employing the digital system generated forged handwriting to train along with manual forged handwriting data.

This study potentially has applications like generation of handwritten documents for the system typed texts in users writing style or in robotics where humanoids can replicate user style of handwriting.

4 Detailed Plan of Work (Sample) (for 16 weeks)

The plan of work should have tangible weekly or fortnightly milestones and deliverables, which can be measured to assess the adherence to the plan and therefore the rate of progress in the work. The plan of work can be specified in the table given below:

Serial Numb er of Task/ Phases	Tasks or subtasks to be done (be precise and specific)	Start Date- End Date	Planned duration in weeks	Specific Deliverable in terms of the project
1	Literature Review	June 8th - June 21st	2	Annotated bibliography of relevant research papers Video generation using MAE and Deepfake techniques related to handwriting/ signatures.
2	Dataset Collection and Analysis	June 22nd - June 28th	1	Acquired datasets for handwriting and signature. Generated video datasets. Summary report on data exploration and pre-processing steps.
3	Evaluation of Existing Video generation Models	June 29th - July 12th	2	Evaluation report of different models in this area.
4	Deepfake Generation: Handwriting generation Using VideoMAE	July 13th - July 26th	2	Documented methodology for deepfake handwriting creation from videos using VideoMAE.
5	Deepfake Generation: Handwriting generation Using TrajectoryMAE	July 27th - August 16th	3	Documented methodology for deepfake handwriting creation from 1-D Data (X-Y trajectory coordinates)
5	Comparative Study: VideoMAE vs. TrajectoryMAE	August 17th- August 23rd	1	Report on the comparative performance of TMAE and VideoMAE for deepfake generation.
6	Deepfake Detection System	August 24th- September 6th	2	Documented deepfake detection system based on the best performing model. Evaluation report on the system's performance.
7	Thesis Writing and Refinement	Throughout the Project	Ongoing	Finalized dissertation document.

5. Literature References

The following are referred journals from the preliminary literature review.

- [1] Zhan Tong,Yibing Song,Jue Wang,Limin Wang. "VideoMAE: Masked Autoencoders are Data-Efficient Learners for Self-Supervised Video Pre-Training", 2022.
- [2] Emre Aksan, Fabrizio Pece, and Otmar Hilliges. "Deepwriting: Making digital ink editable via deep generative modeling", 2018.
- [3] Soumen Basu1, Mayuna Gupta, Chetan Madan, Pankaj Gupta, Chetan Arora. "FocusMAE: Gallbladder Cancer Detection from Ultrasound Videos with Focused Masked Autoencoders", 2024.
- [4] Troy Luhman, Eric Luhman. "Diffusion models for Handwriting Generation", 2020.

Supervisor's Rating of the Technical Quality of this Dissertation Outline

EXCELLENT / GOOD / FAIR/ POOR (Please specify): __EXCELLENT_____

Supervisor's suggestions and remarks about the outline (if applicable).

Date: 07 June 2024

(Signature of Supervisor)

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