

# Docker Scenario-Based Interview Questions & Answers

## 1. Scenario: Application Crashes Frequently

Answer: Run the container with `--rm` and `-it` to observe logs:

```
docker run --rm -it myapp
```

Check logs:

```
docker logs <container_id>
```

Use `docker inspect <container_id>` and try running with interactive shell.

## 2. Scenario: Application Needs a Secret Key

Answer: Use environment variables or Docker secrets (Swarm mode). Avoid hardcoding secrets in images.

## 3. Scenario: Application Needs to Scale

Answer: Use Docker Compose: `docker-compose up --scale web=3`

Or use Docker Swarm/Kubernetes for orchestration.

## 4. Scenario: Reduce Image Size

Answer: Use smaller base images like `alpine`. Use multi-stage builds. Clean up unnecessary files and `apt` cache.

## 5. Scenario: Data Persistence

Answer: Use Docker volumes: `docker volume create mydata`

Use bind mounts for local file sharing.

## 6. Scenario: Network Communication

Answer: Use user-defined bridge networks. Containers can communicate by name.

## 7. Scenario: Image Vulnerability

Answer: Scan images with `docker scan`, `Trivy`, `Clair`, or `Anchore`.

## 8. Scenario: High Availability Setup

Answer: Use Docker Swarm or Kubernetes. Define replicas, health checks, and load balancers.

## 9. Scenario: Rolling Update Without Downtime

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Answer: Use docker service update in Swarm or Deployment strategy in Kubernetes.

### **10. Scenario: Docker Container Consumes High CPU**

Answer: Limit CPU with --cpus flag. Use docker stats for monitoring.

### **11. Scenario: Application Needs Host Machine Files**

Answer: Use bind mounts: docker run -v /host/data:/app/data

### **12. Scenario: Automating Docker Image Build in CI/CD**

Answer: Use GitHub Actions or Jenkins. Include build, tag, and push steps in the pipeline.

### **13. Scenario: Multi-Environment Configurations**

Answer: Use .env files or override Compose files with -f option.

### **14. Scenario: Debugging a Running Container**

Answer: Use docker exec -it <container\_id> /bin/bash or /bin/sh.

### **15. Scenario: Application Needs to Restart on Failure**

Answer: Use --restart=on-failure or --restart=always when running containers.

### **16. Scenario: Service Discovery Between Containers**

Answer: Use Docker networks. Containers in the same network can communicate via hostname.

### **17. Scenario: Clean Up Unused Images and Containers**

Answer: Use docker system prune -a or specific prune commands.

### **18. Scenario: Security Hardening of Docker Image**

Answer: Use minimal base images, remove unnecessary packages, avoid root user, and scan with tools like Trivy.