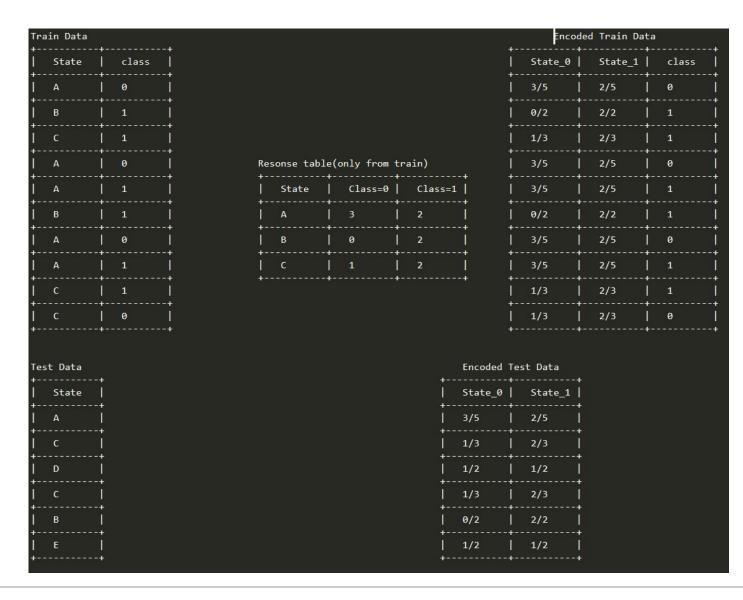
# **Assignment 9: GBDT**

**Response Coding: Example** 



The response tabel is built only on train dataset. For a category which is not there in train data and present in test data, we will encode them with default values Ex: in our test data if have State: D then we encode it as [0.5, 0.05]

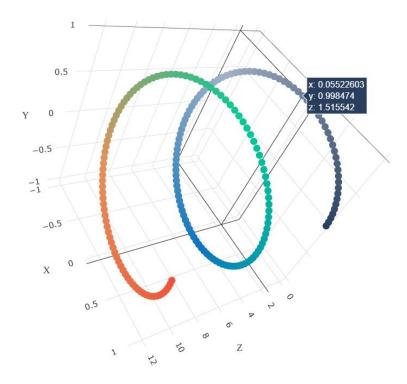
#### 1. Apply GBDT on these feature sets

- Set 1: categorical(instead of one hot encoding, try response coding (https://www.appliedaicourse.com/course/applied-ai-course-online/lessons/handling-categorical-and-numerical-features/): use probability values), numerical features + project title(TFIDF)+ preprocessed eassay (TFIDF)+sentiment Score of eassay(check the bellow example, include all 4 values as 4 features)
- Set 2: categorical(instead of one hot encoding, try response coding (https://www.appliedaicourse.com/course/applied-ai-course-online/lessons/handling-categorical-and-numerical-features/): use probability values), numerical features + project title(TFIDF W2V)+ preprocessed eassay (TFIDF W2V)
- 2. The hyper paramter tuning (Consider any two hyper parameters)
  - Find the best hyper parameter which will give the maximum AUC (https://www.appliedaicourse.com/course/applied-ai-course-online/lessons/receiver-operating-characteristic-curve-roc-curve-and-auc-1/) value

- find the best hyper paramter using k-fold cross validation/simple cross validation data
- use gridsearch cv or randomsearch cv or you can write your own for loops to do this task

#### 3. Representation of results

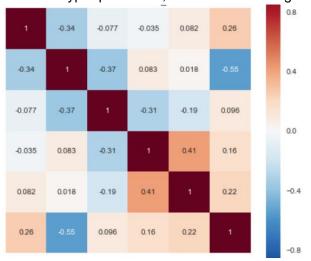
• You need to plot the performance of model both on train data and cross validation data for each hyper parameter, like shown in the figure



with X-axis as **n\_estimators**, Y-axis as **max\_depth**, and Z-axis as **AUC Score**, we have given the notebook which explains how to plot this 3d plot, you can find it in the same drive 3d scatter plot.ipynb

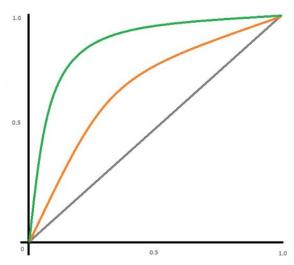
# or

• You need to plot the performance of model both on train data and cross validation data for each hyper parameter, like shown in the figure



seaborn heat maps (https://seaborn.pydata.org/generated/seaborn.heatmap.html) with rows as n\_estimators, columns as max\_depth, and values inside the cell representing AUC Score

- You choose either of the plotting techniques out of 3d plot or heat map
- Once after you found the best hyper parameter, you need to train your model with it, and find the AUC on test data and plot the ROC curve on both train and test.



• Along with plotting ROC curve, you need to print the confusion matrix (https://www.appliedaicourse.com/course/applied-ai-course-online/lessons/confusion-matrix-tpr-fpr-fnr-tnr-1/) with predicted and original labels of test data points

	Predicted: NO	Predicted: YES
Actual: NO	TN = ??	FP = ??
Actual: YES	FN = ??	TP = ??

4. You need to summarize the results at the end of the notebook, summarize it in the table format

Vectorizer	Model	Hyper parameter	AUC
BOW	Brute	7	0.78
TFIDF	Brute	12	0.79
W2V	Brute	10	0.78
TFIDFW2V	Brute	6	0.78

```
In [192]: import nltk
          from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
          import nltk
          nltk.download('vader lexicon')
          sid = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()
          for sentiment = 'a person is a person no matter how small dr seuss i teach the smallest students with the biggest enthusiasm \
          for learning my students learn in many different ways using all of our senses and multiple intelligences i use a wide range\
          of techniques to help all my students succeed students in my class come from a variety of different backgrounds which makes\
          for wonderful sharing of experiences and cultures including native americans our school is a caring community of successful \
          learners which can be seen through collaborative student project based learning in and out of the classroom kindergarteners \
          in my class love to work with hands on materials and have many different opportunities to practice a skill before it is\
          mastered having the social skills to work cooperatively with friends is a crucial aspect of the kindergarten curriculum\
          montana is the perfect place to learn about agriculture and nutrition my students love to role play in our pretend kitchen\
          in the early childhood classroom i have had several kids ask me can we try cooking with real food i will take their idea \
          and create common core cooking lessons where we learn important math and writing concepts while cooking delicious healthy \
          food for snack time my students will have a grounded appreciation for the work that went into making the food and knowledge \
          of where the ingredients came from as well as how it is healthy for their bodies this project would expand our learning of \
          nutrition and agricultural cooking recipes by having us peel our own apples to make homemade applesauce make our own bread \
          and mix up healthy plants from our classroom garden in the spring we will also create our own cookbooks to be printed and \
          shared with families students will gain math and literature skills as well as a life long enjoyment for healthy cooking \
          ss = sid.polarity scores(for sentiment)
          for k in ss:
              print('{0}: {1}, '.format(k, ss[k]), end='')
          # we can use these 4 things as features/attributes (neg, neu, pos, compound)
          # neq: 0.0, neu: 0.753, pos: 0.247, compound: 0.93
          [nltk data] Downloading package vader lexicon to
          [nltk data]
                          C:\Users\User\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
          [nltk data]
                       Package vader lexicon is already up-to-date!
          neg: 0.01, neu: 0.745, pos: 0.245, compound: 0.9975,
In [193]: ss
Out[193]: {'neg': 0.01, 'neu': 0.745, 'pos': 0.245, 'compound': 0.9975}
```

# 1. GBDT (xgboost/lightgbm)

# 1.1 Loading Data

```
In [194]: #Required Packages
          %matplotlib inline
          import warnings
          warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          import nltk
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import seaborn as sns
          from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
          from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
          from sklearn import metrics
          from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve,accuracy_score
          from sklearn.metrics import auc as AUC_score
          from tqdm import tqdm
          import plotly.offline as offline
          import plotly.graph_objs as go
          offline.init_notebook_mode()
          from scipy.sparse import hstack,csr_matrix
          import pickle
```

```
In [195]: #Reading the Input file
data = pd.read_csv('preprocessed_data.csv')
```

```
In [196]: Neg sentiment, Neu sentiment, Pos sentiment, Compound val sentiment = [], [], [], []
           for sen in tqdm(range(len(data['essay']))):
               for_sentiment = data['essay'][sen]
               ss = sid.polarity_scores(for_sentiment)
               Neg sentiment.append(ss['neg'])
               Neu sentiment.append(ss['neu'])
               Pos sentiment.append(ss['pos'])
               Compound_val_sentiment.append(ss['compound'])
             0%|
                                                                                                              | 0/109248 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
             0%|
                                                                                                     16/109248 [00:00<11:35, 156.96it/s]
             0%
                                                                                                     33/109248 [00:00<11:20, 160.57it/s]
             0%
                                                                                                     52/109248 [00:00<10:50, 167.98it/s]
             0%
                                                                                                     69/109248 [00:00<10:53, 166.95it/s]
             0%|
                                                                                                     87/109248 [00:00<10:39, 170.57it/s]
             0%|
                                                                                                    104/109248 [00:00<10:44, 169.34it/s]
             0%|
                                                                                                    121/109248 [00:00<10:48, 168.22it/s]
             0%|
                                                                                                    140/109248 [00:00<10:32, 172.58it/s]
             0%|
                                                                                                    160/109248 [00:00<10:09, 179.03it/s]
             0%||
                                                                                                     182/109248 [00:01<09:35, 189.53it/s]
             0%||
                                                                                                     201/109248 [00:01<09:38, 188.65it/s]
             0%||
                                                                                                     220/109248 [00:01<10:01, 181.28it/s]
             0%||
                                                                                                     240/109248 [00:01<09:44, 186.45it/s]
             0%||
                                                                                                     259/109248 [00:01<10:10, 178.51it/s]
             0%||
                                                                                                     278/109248 [00:01<10:02, 180.74it/s]
             0%||
                                                                                                     297/109248 [00:01<10:41, 169.76it/s]
             0%||
                                                                                                     317/109248 [00:01<10:17, 176.45it/s]
In [197]: data['Neg sentiment'] = Neg sentiment
           data['Neu sentiment'] = Neu sentiment
           data['Pos sentiment'] = Pos sentiment
           data['Compound_val_sentiment'] = Compound_val_sentiment
In [198]: data.head(2)
Out[198]:
               school_state teacher_prefix project_grade_category teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects project_is_approved clean_categories clean_subcategories
                                                                                                                                                                    price Neg_sentiment Neu_sentiment Pos_sentiment C
                                                                                                                                                          i fortunate
                                                                                                                                                            enough
                                                                                                                                            appliedsciences
                                                                                                                                                                                  0.013
                                                                                                                                                                                                0.783
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                                                grades_prek_2
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                                                                                                                                              specialneeds
                                                                                                                                                              third
                                                                                                                                                             grade
                                                                                                                                                          classroo...
```

```
In [199]: data.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          RangeIndex: 109248 entries, 0 to 109247
          Data columns (total 13 columns):
                                                            Non-Null Count Dtype
              Column
              school state
                                                            109248 non-null object
               teacher prefix
                                                            109248 non-null object
               project_grade_category
                                                            109248 non-null object
              teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects 109248 non-null int64
              project is approved
                                                            109248 non-null int64
               clean_categories
                                                            109248 non-null object
              clean_subcategories
                                                            109248 non-null object
                                                            109248 non-null object
               essav
               price
                                                            109248 non-null float64
                                                            109248 non-null float64
              Neg_sentiment
           10 Neu sentiment
                                                            109248 non-null float64
           11 Pos_sentiment
                                                            109248 non-null float64
           12 Compound_val_sentiment
                                                            109248 non-null float64
          dtypes: float64(5), int64(2), object(6)
          memory usage: 10.8+ MB
In [200]: X = data.drop('project_is_approved',axis=1) #Independent features
          y = data['project is approved'] # Dependent feature
 In [ ]:
```

# 1.2 Splitting data into Train and cross validation(or test): Stratified Sampling

### 1.3 Make Data Model Ready: encoding eassay, and project\_title

```
In [204]: # Before Enoding just check the shape of X-train and X CV
          print('Before Encoding X_train ', X_train.shape)
          print('Before Encoding X_test ', X_test.shape)
          #Initializse TFIDF
          vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(min df=10,ngram range=(1,4),max features=3000)
          vectorizer.fit(X test['essay'].values)
          # we use the fitted CountVectorizer to convert the text to vector
          X train essay bow = vectorizer.transform(X train['essay'].values)
          #X_cv_essay_bow = vectorizer.transform(X_cv['essay'].values)
          X test essay bow = vectorizer.transform(X test['essay'].values)
          print("After vectorizations")
          print(X train essay bow.shape, y train.shape)
          #print(X cv essay bow.shape, y cv.shape)
          print(X_test_essay_bow.shape, y_test.shape)
          print("-"*100)
          Feature names.extend(vectorizer.get feature names())
          Before Encoding X train (73196, 12)
          Before Encoding X test (36052, 12)
          After vectorizations
          (73196, 3000) (73196,)
          (36052, 3000) (36052,)
 In [ ]:
```

# 1.4 Make Data Model Ready: encoding numerical, categorical features

```
In [207]: #function used to find Negative and Postive prob of both train and test data.
          def response coding(X train, cat feature names):
              col dict = dict(X train[cat feature names].value counts())
              class approve x1 = dict()
              class disapprove x2 = dict()
              print(col dict)
              for val in list(col dict.keys()):
                  #print(val)
                  N = col dict[val]
                  index_val = X_train.index[X_train[cat_feature_names] == val].tolist()
                  value count target = X train.iloc[index val]['project is approved'].value counts()
                  zero index val = X train.index[X train['project is approved'] == 0].tolist()
                  one index val = X train.index[X train['project is approved'] == 1].tolist()
                  #print(value count target)
                  #print('##'*50)
                  if len(value count target) !=2:
                      if list(value count target.keys()) == [0]:
                          value count target[1]= 0
                          value count target[0]= [0]
                  Approved_count = value_count_target[1]
                  dis Approve = value count target[0]
                  if Approved count !=0:
                      class approve = Approved count / N
                  else:
                      class approve = 0
                  if dis Approve !=0:
                      class disapprove =dis Approve / N
                      class disapprove = 0
                  class approve x1[val] = class approve, one index val
                  class disapprove x2[val]=class disapprove,zero index val
              return class approve x1, class disapprove x2
```

```
In [208]: class_one,class_zero = response_coding(X_train,'school_state') # Reasponse coding State

X_train['State_class_0'] = X_train['school_state'].apply(lambda row: class_zero[row][0] if (row in list(class_zero.keys())) else False)

X_train['State_class_1'] = X_train['school_state'].apply(lambda row: class_one[row][0] if (row in list(class_one.keys())) else False)

X_test['State_class_0'] = X_test['school_state'].apply(lambda row: class_zero[row][0] if (row in list(class_zero.keys())) else 0.5)

X_test['State_class_1'] = X_test['school_state'].apply(lambda row: class_one[row][0] if (row in list(class_one.keys())) else 0.5)
```

{'ca': 10360, 'tx': 4984, 'ny': 4903, 'f1': 4087, 'nc': 3421, 'i1': 2934, 'ga': 2692, 'sc': 2594, 'mi': 2152, 'pa': 2044, 'in': 1739, 'mo': 1704, 'ma': 1652, 'oh': 1652, 'la': 1577, 'w a': 1537, 'ok': 1535, 'nj': 1493, 'az': 1425, 'va': 1366, 'wi': 1213, 'al': 1200, 'ut': 1190, 'ct': 1114, 'tn': 1106, 'md': 1020, 'nv': 917, 'ms': 893, 'ky': 847, 'or': 828, 'mn': 819, 'co': 732, 'ar': 717, 'id': 478, 'ia': 442, 'ks': 427, 'nm': 384, 'dc': 352, 'wv': 349, 'hi': 340, 'me': 327, 'de': 236, 'ak': 234, 'nh': 223, 'ne': 214, 'sd': 207, 'ri': 190, 'mt': 138, 'nd': 88, 'wy': 64, 'vt': 56}

```
In [209]: class one, class zero = response coding(X train, 'teacher prefix') # Reasponse coding Teacher Prefix
          X train['teacher prefix class 0'] = X train['teacher prefix'].apply(lambda row: class zero[row][0] if (row in list(class zero.keys())) else False)
          X train['teacher prefix class 1'] = X train['teacher prefix'].apply(lambda row: class one[row][0] if (row in list(class one.keys())) else False)
          X test['teacher prefix class 0'] = X test['teacher prefix'].apply(lambda row: class zero[row][0] if (row in list(class zero.keys())) else 0.5)
          X test['teacher prefix class 1'] = X test['teacher prefix'].apply(lambda row: class one[row][0] if (row in list(class one.keys())) else 0.5)
          {'mrs': 38452, 'ms': 26027, 'mr': 7101, 'teacher': 1606, 'dr': 10}
In [210]: class one, class zero = response coding(X train, 'project grade category') # Reasponse coding Project Grade
          X train['project grade category class 0'] = X train['project grade category'].apply(lambda row: class zero[row][0] if (row in list(class zero.keys())) else False)
          X train['project grade category class 1'] = X train['project grade category'].apply(lambda row: class one[row][0] if (row in list(class one.keys())) else False)
          X test['project grade category class 0'] = X test['project grade category'].apply(lambda row: class zero[row][0] if (row in list(class zero.keys())) else 0.5)
          X_test['project_grade_category_class_1'] = X_test['project_grade_category'].apply(lambda row: class_one[row][0] if (row in list(class_one.keys())) else 0.5)
          {'grades prek 2': 29579, 'grades 3 5': 24947, 'grades 6 8': 11295, 'grades 9 12': 7375}
In [211]: class one class zero = response coding(X train, 'clean categories') # Reasponse coding clean categories
          X train['clean categories class 0'] = X train['clean categories'].apply(lambda row: class zero[row][0] if (row in list(class zero.keys())) else False)
          X train['clean categories class 1'] = X train['clean categories'].apply(lambda row: class one[row][0] if (row in list(class one.keys())) else False)
          X test['clean categories class 0'] = X test['clean categories'].apply(lambda row: class zero[row][0] if (row in list(class zero.keys())) else 0.5)
          X test['clean categories class 1'] = X test['clean categories'].apply(lambda row: class one[row][0] if (row in list(class one.keys())) else 0.5)
          {'literacy language': 15824, 'math science': 11434, 'literacy language math science': 9799, 'health sports': 6822, 'music arts': 3496, 'specialneeds': 2808, 'literacy language specialne
          eds': 2680, 'appliedlearning': 2590, 'math science literacy language': 1583, 'appliedlearning literacy language': 1453, 'history civics': 1238, 'math science specialneeds': 1221, 'liter
          acy language music arts': 1176, 'math science music arts': 1095, 'appliedlearning specialneeds': 951, 'health sports specialneeds': 933, 'history civics literacy language': 911, 'warmth
          care hunger': 882, 'math science appliedlearning': 808, 'appliedlearning math science': 710, 'literacy language history civics': 545, 'health sports literacy language': 534, 'appliedlearning
          rning music arts': 501, 'math science history civics': 441, 'appliedlearning health sports': 421, 'literacy language appliedlearning': 418, 'math science health sports': 266, 'history c
          ivics music arts': 224, 'history civics math science': 220, 'specialneeds music arts': 202, 'health sports math science': 182, 'history civics specialneeds': 160, 'health sports applied
          learning': 128, 'appliedlearning history civics': 115, 'music arts specialneeds': 97, 'health sports music arts': 95, 'literacy language health sports': 50, 'history civics appliedlearn
          ing': 29, 'health sports history civics': 27, 'specialneeds health sports': 25, 'health sports warmth care hunger': 22, 'specialneeds warmth care hunger': 19, 'music arts health sport
          s': 15, 'music arts history civics': 12, 'math science warmth care hunger': 10, 'appliedlearning warmth care hunger': 6, 'music arts appliedlearning': 6, 'literacy language warmth care
          hunger': 6, 'history civics health sports': 5, 'music arts warmth care hunger': 1}
```

```
In [212]: class one, class zero = response coding(X train, 'clean subcategories') # Reasponse coding Clean SubCategories
          X train['clean subcategories class 0'] = X train['clean subcategories'].apply(lambda row: class zero[row][0] if (row in list(class zero.keys())) else False)
          X train['clean subcategories class 1'] = X train['clean subcategories'].apply(lambda row: class one[row][0] if (row in list(class one.keys())) else False)
          X test['clean subcategories class 0'] = X test['clean subcategories'].apply(lambda row: class zero[row][0] if (row in list(class zero.keys())) else 0.5)
          X test['clean subcategories class 1'] = X test['clean subcategories'].apply(lambda row: class one[row][0] if (row in list(class one.keys())) else 0.5)
          {'literacy': 6295, 'literacy mathematics': 5633, 'literature writing mathematics': 3922, 'literacy literature writing': 3744, 'mathematics': 3639, 'literature writing': 3084, 'special
          needs': 2808, 'health wellness': 2412, 'appliedsciences mathematics': 2271, 'appliedsciences': 1662, 'literacy specialneeds': 1633, 'gym fitness health wellness': 1515, 'visualarts':
          1510, 'esl literacy': 1476, 'music': 1016, 'literature writing specialneeds': 900, 'warmth care hunger': 882, 'mathematics specialneeds': 804, 'health wellness specialneeds': 800, 'gy
          m fitness': 799, 'teamsports': 736, 'environmentalscience': 726, 'appliedsciences environmentalscience': 668, 'music performingarts': 629, 'environmentalscience health lifescience': 6
          25, 'earlydevelopment': 616, 'other': 582, 'environmentalscience mathematics': 548, 'health lifescience': 542, 'health wellness nutritioneducation': 517, 'earlydevelopment specialneed
          s': 503, 'esl literature writing': 484, 'earlydevelopment literacy': 472, 'literature writing visualarts': 461, 'appliedsciences visualarts': 410, 'appliedsciences health lifescience
          e': 403, 'gym fitness teamsports': 390, 'appliedsciences literacy': 389, 'history geography literature writing': 386, 'literacy visualarts': 367, 'history geography': 356, 'health lif
          escience mathematics': 350, 'mathematics visualarts': 328, 'history geography literacy': 327, 'health wellness literacy': 315, 'environmentalscience literacy': 306, 'college careerpre
          p': 305, 'esl': 290, 'appliedsciences literature writing': 290, 'appliedsciences college careerprep': 272, 'literacy socialsciences': 253, 'performingarts': 251, 'literature writing s
          ocialsciences': 234, 'health wellness teamsports': 232, 'charactereducation': 229, 'appliedsciences specialneeds': 225, 'charactereducation literacy': 225, 'foreignlanguages': 223, 'h
          ealth lifescience literacy': 216, 'college careerprep mathematics': 216, 'college careerprep literature writing': 208, 'history geography socialsciences': 208, 'earlydevelopment healt
          h wellness': 206, 'other specialneeds': 204, 'environmentalscience literature writing': 202, 'specialneeds visualarts': 202, 'health wellness literature writing': 193, 'earlydevelopme
          nt mathematics': 187, 'nutritioneducation': 174, 'esl mathematics': 166, 'civics government history geography': 165, 'earlydevelopment literature writing': 155, 'health wellness mathe
          matics': 155, 'college careerprep literacy': 153, 'foreignlanguages literacy': 142, 'environmentalscience visualarts': 137, 'socialsciences': 134, 'esl specialneeds': 129, 'health lif
          escience literature writing': 122, 'history geography visualarts': 120, 'charactereducation specialneeds': 117, 'literacy other': 116, 'charactereducation literature writing': 116, 'a
          ppliedsciences earlydevelopment': 114, 'health wellness other': 112, 'gym fitness specialneeds': 111, 'charactereducation earlydevelopment': 110, 'earlydevelopment visualarts': 108,
          'financialliteracy': 105, 'environmentalscience history geography': 104, 'health lifescience health wellness': 104, 'environmentalscience specialneeds': 103, 'earlydevelopment other':
          100, 'civics government literacy': 100, 'literacy parentinvolvement': 97, 'literature writing other': 95, 'extracurricular': 91, 'literacy performingarts': 90, 'college careerprep vis
          ualarts': 90, 'health lifescience specialneeds': 89, 'appliedsciences extracurricular': 86, 'financialliteracy mathematics': 86, 'music specialneeds': 85, 'charactereducation college
          In [213]: # Train CSR Matrix
         X tr state 0 = csr matrix(X train['State class 0']).reshape(-1,1)
         X tr state 1= csr matrix(X train['State class 1']).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr teacher prefix class 0 = csr matrix(X train['teacher prefix class 0']).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr teacher prefix class 1= csr matrix(X train['teacher prefix class 1']).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr project grade category class 0 = csr matrix(X train['project grade category class 0']).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr project grade category class 1= csr matrix(X train['project grade category class 1']).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr clean categories class 0 = csr matrix(X train['clean categories class 0'].astype('float64')).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr clean categories class 1= csr matrix(X train['clean categories class 1'].astype('float64')).reshape(-1,1)
         X tr clean subcategories class 0 = csr matrix(X train['clean subcategories class 0'].astype('float64')).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr clean subcategories class 1= csr matrix(X train['clean subcategories class 1'].astype('float64')).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr Nega sent = csr matrix(X train['Neg sentiment']).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr Neu sent= csr matrix(X train['Neu sentiment']).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr Pos sent = csr matrix(X train['Pos sentiment']).reshape(-1,1)
          X tr comp sent= csr matrix(X train['Compound val sentiment']).reshape(-1,1)
```

```
In [214]: X_train_essay_bow
Out[214]: <73196x3000 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.float64'>'
                  with 8672705 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>
In [215]: # Test CSR Matrix
          X_te_state_0 = csr_matrix(X_test['State_class_0']).reshape(-1,1)
          X te state 1= csr matrix(X test['State class 1']).reshape(-1,1)
          X_te_teacher_prefix_class_0 = csr_matrix(X_test['teacher_prefix_class_0']).reshape(-1,1)
          X te teacher prefix class 1= csr matrix(X test['teacher prefix class 1']).reshape(-1,1)
          X_te_project_grade_category_class_0 = csr_matrix(X_test['project_grade_category_class_0']).reshape(-1,1)
          X te project grade category class 1= csr matrix(X test['project grade category class 1']).reshape(-1,1)
          X_te_clean_categories_class_0 = csr_matrix(X_test['clean_categories_class_0'].astype('float64')).reshape(-1,1)
          X te clean categories class 1= csr matrix(X test['clean categories class 1'].astype('float64')).reshape(-1,1)
          X te clean subcategories class 0 = csr matrix(X test['clean subcategories class 0'].astype('float64')).reshape(-1,1)
          X te clean subcategories class 1= csr matrix(X test['clean subcategories class 1'].astype('float64')).reshape(-1,1)
          X_te_Nega_sent = csr_matrix(X_test['Neg_sentiment']).reshape(-1,1)
          X te Neu sent= csr matrix(X test['Neu sentiment']).reshape(-1,1)
          X_te_Pos_sent = csr_matrix(X_test['Pos_sentiment']).reshape(-1,1)
          X_te_comp_sent= csr_matrix(X_test['Compound_val_sentiment']).reshape(-1,1)
```

#### **Numerical Encoding-TFIDF**

```
In [218]: # NumericalFeatures
          from sklearn.preprocessing import Normalizer
          normalizer = Normalizer()
          # normalizer.fit(X train['price'].values)
          # this will rise an error Expected 2D array, got 1D array instead:
          # array=[105.22 215.96 96.01 ... 368.98 80.53 709.67].
          # Reshape your data either using
          # array.reshape(-1, 1) if your data has a single feature
          # array.reshape(1, -1) if it contains a single sample.
          print('1. Price')
          normalizer.fit(X train['price'].values.reshape(-1,1))
          X train price norm = normalizer.transform(X train['price'].values.reshape(-1,1))
          \#X cv price norm = normalizer.transform(X cv['price'].values.reshape(-1,1))
          X_test_price_norm = normalizer.transform(X_test['price'].values.reshape(-1,1))
          print("After vectorizations")
          print(X train price norm.shape, y train.shape)
          #print(X_cv_price_norm.shape, y_cv.shape)
          print(X test price norm.shape, y test.shape)
          print("="*100)
          print('1. Teacher number of previously posted projects')
          normalizer.fit(X train['teacher number of previously posted projects'].values.reshape(-1,1))
          X train previous prsub norm = normalizer.transform(X train['teacher number of previously posted projects'].values.reshape(-1,1))
          \#X cv previous prsub norm = normalizer.transform(X cv['teacher number of previously posted projects'].values.reshape(-1,1))
          X test previous prsub norm = normalizer.transform(X test['teacher number of previously posted projects'].values.reshape(-1,1))
          print("After vectorizations")
          print(X train previous prsub norm.shape, y train.shape)
          #print(X cv previous prsub norm.shape, y cv.shape)
          print(X_test_previous_prsub_norm.shape, y_test.shape)
          print("="*100)
          Feature_names.append(['Price'])
          Feature names.append(['teacher number of previously posted projects'])
          1. Price
          After vectorizations
          (73196, 1) (73196,)
```

In [219]: from scipy.sparse import hstack,csr\_matrix

# 1.5 Appling Models on different kind of featurization as mentioned in the instructions

In [ ]:

Apply GBDT on different kind of featurization as mentioned in the instructions For Every model that you work on make sure you do the step 2 and step 3 of instrucations

with 4277441 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>

Out[223]: <36052x3000 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.float64'>'

In [224]: from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier from sklearn.metrics import roc\_auc\_score

| 1/5 [00:31<02:06, 31.64s/it]

2/5 [01:32<02:01, 40.51s/it]

| 3/5 [06:34<03:57, 118.71s/it]

```
In [225]: learning_rate = [0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
          n_estimators=[5,10,50, 75, 100]
          # Initializse - store AUC score
          Learn_rate = []
          n_estimator = []
          roc_auc_values = []
          for alpha in tqdm(learning_rate):
              for n_est in tqdm(n_estimators):
                  DTC = GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=alpha,n_estimators=n_est)
                  DTC.fit(X_tr,y_train)
                  y_pred_prob = DTC.predict_proba(X_te)[:,1]
                  result_roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test,y_pred_prob)
                  Learn_rate.append(alpha)
                  n_estimator.append(n_est)
                  roc_auc_values.append(result_roc_auc)
            0%|
                                                                                                           | 0/6 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
            0%|
                                                                                                           | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
                                                                                                   1/5 [00:42<02:48, 42.10s/it]
                                                                                                   2/5 [02:07<02:45, 55.14s/it]
                                                                                                   | 3/5 [09:03<05:26, 163.32s/it]
                                                                                                   4/5 [19:21<04:59, 299.88s/it]
          100%
                                                                                                   5/5 [33:06<00:00, 397.38s/it]
                                                                                                | 1/6 [33:06<2:45:34, 1986.91s/it]
            0%|
                                                                                                           | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
                                                                                                   | 1/5 [00:42<02:49, 42.44s/it]
                                                                                                   | 2/5 [02:03<02:42, 54.06s/it]
                                                                                                   3/5 [08:56<05:23, 161.78s/it]
                                                                                                   | 4/5 [17:32<04:28, 268.02s/it]
          100%
                                                                                                 | 5/5 [27:35<00:00, 331.01s/it]
           33%|
                                                                                             | 2/6 [1:00:41<2:05:49, 1887.36s/it]
            0%|
                                                                                                           | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```



6/22/2020

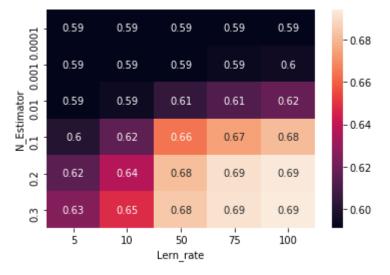
```
In [226]: print((Learn_rate))
    print((n_estimator))
    print((roc_auc_values))
    best_result_acu = pd.DataFrame(data=[Learn_rate,n_estimator,roc_auc_values]).T
    best_result_acu.rename(columns ={0:'Alpha_values',1:'n_estimator',2:'AUC_score'},inplace=True)
    best_result_acu.sort_values(by=['AUC_score'],inplace=True,ignore_index=True,ascending=False)
    best_result_acu.head()
```

#### Out[226]:

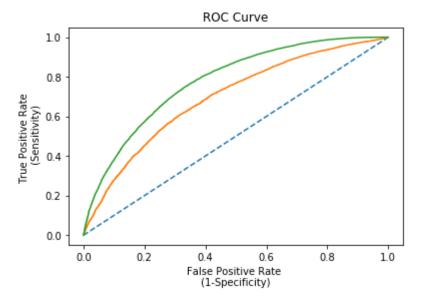
	Alpha_values	n_estimator	AUC_score
0	0.3	100.0	0.694147
1	0.2	100.0	0.693628
2	0.3	75.0	0.691357
3	0.2	75.0	0.691096
4	0.3	50.0	0 684645

```
In [227]: #Best Hyperparameter for As part of AUC
print('Best Learning is ',str(0.03))
print('Best n_estimator ',str(100.0))
print('Best AUC_Score value is ',str(0.69))
```

Best Learning is 0.03 Best n\_estimator 100.0 Best AUC Score value is 0.69



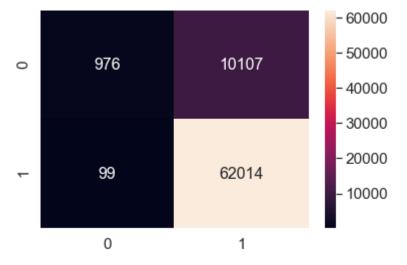
```
In [230]: # Apply best Decision Tree on test data set
          DTC = GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=0.3,n_estimators=100)
          DTC.fit(X_tr,y_train)
          y_pred_prob = DTC.predict_proba(X_te)[:,1]
          fpr,tpr,thershold = roc_curve(y_test,y_pred_prob)
          y pred prob train = DTC.predict proba(X tr)[:,1]
          fpr_tr,tpr_tr,thershold_tr = roc_curve(y_train,y_pred_prob_train)
          #print(fpr)
          #print(tpr)
          #print(thershold)
          #fpr - False Postive rate
          #tpr - True Postive rate
          #Plot ROC curve
          plt.plot([0,1],[0,1],'--')
          plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label='GBT_Decision_Tree ')
          plt.plot(fpr_tr, tpr_tr, label='GBT_Decision_Tree')
          plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate \n (1-Specificity) ')
          plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate \n (Sensitivity)')
          plt.title('ROC Curve')
          plt.show()
          predict = DTC.predict(X tr)
          print('Confusion Metrics-Train')
          print(confusion_matrix(y_train,predict)) # confusion matrix
          print('Accuracy Score: ',accuracy score(y train,predict)) # score - 0.842 # Good Score
          predict = DTC.predict(X_te)
          print('Confusion Metrics-Test')
          print(confusion_matrix(y_test,predict)) # confusion matrix
          print('Accuracy_Score: ',accuracy_score(y_test,predict)) # score - 0.842 # Good Score
```



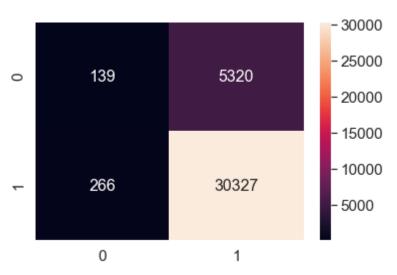
Confusion Metrics-Train

```
[[ 976 10107]
  [ 99 62014]]
Accuracy_Score: 0.8605661511558008
Confusion Metrics-Test
  [[ 139 5320]
  [ 266 30327]]
Accuracy_Score: 0.8450571396871186
```

#### Out[276]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x27e1ac68888>



Out[280]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x27e1a2dad48>



# 3. Summary

as mentioned in the step 4 of instructions

```
In [237]: from prettytable import PrettyTable
x1 = PrettyTable()
x1.field_names = ["Vectorizer", "Model", "Learning_Rate",'N_estimator','AU_Score']
x1.add_row(['TFIDF','Decision_Tree','0.03','100.','0.69'])
print(x1)
```

   Vectorizer	Model	+   Learning_Rate +	N_estimator	AU_Score	İ
TFIDF	Decision_Tree	:	100.	0.69	İ

# **TFIDF- Avg W2V**

```
In [295]: #Reading the Input file
preprocessed_essays_train = X_train['essay'].values
preprocessed_essays_test = X_test['essay'].values
```

```
In [296]: with open('glove vectors', 'rb') as f:
              model = pickle.load(f)
              glove words = set(model.keys())
In [240]: | tfidf model = TfidfVectorizer(min df=10,ngram range=(1,4),max features=3000)
          tfidf model.fit(preprocessed essays train)
          # we are converting a dictionary with word as a key, and the idf as a value
          dictionary = dict(zip(tfidf model.get feature names(), list(tfidf model.idf )))
          tfidf words = set(tfidf model.get feature names())
In [241]: len(glove_words)
Out[241]: 51510
In [242]: # average Word2Vec- Train
          # compute average word2vec for each review.
          tfidf w2v vectors tr = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
          for sentence in tqdm(preprocessed essays train): # for each review/sentence
              vector = np.zeros(300) # as word vectors are of zero length
              tf idf weight =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
              for word in sentence.split(): # for each word in a review/sentence
                  if (word in glove words) and (word in tfidf words):
                      vec = model[word] # getting the vector for each word
                      # here we are multiplying idf value(dictionary[word]) and the tf value((sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())))
                      tf_idf = dictionary[word]*(sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())) # getting the tfidf value for each word
                      vector += (vec * tf idf) # calculating tfidf weighted w2v
                      tf idf weight += tf idf
              if tf_idf_weight != 0:
                  vector /= tf idf weight
              tfidf w2v vectors tr.append(vector)
          print(len(tfidf w2v vectors tr))
          print(len(tfidf_w2v_vectors_tr[0]))
            0%|
                                                                                                         | 0/73196 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
            0%|
                                                                                                15/73196 [00:00<08:11, 148.91it/s]
            0%|
                                                                                                30/73196 [00:00<08:17, 147.16it/s]
            0%
                                                                                                49/73196 [00:00<07:46, 156.77it/s]
            0%|
                                                                                                64/73196 [00:00<08:06, 150.17it/s]
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                                                                                                157/73196 [00:00<05:58, 203.57it/s]
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                                                                                                179/73196 [00:01<07:21, 165.53it/s]
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                                                                                                202/73196 [00:01<07:34, 160.44it/s]
            0%||
                                                                                                220/73196 [00:01<07:42, 157.69it/s]
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                                                                                                248/73196 [00:01<06:44, 180.18it/s]
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                                                                                                275/73196 [00:01<06:04, 199.83it/s]
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                                                                                                319/73196 [00:01<06:14, 194.68it/s]
            0%|
                                                                                                340/73196 [00:01<07:23, 164.23it/s]
            0%|
                                                                                                358/73196 [00:02<07:33, 160.67it/s]
```

```
In [297]: X tr w2v = csr matrix(tfidf w2v vectors tr)
In [298]: X_train_w2c = hstack((X_tr_w2v,X_train_price_norm,X_train_previous_prsub_norm,
                         X tr state 0,X tr state 1,X tr teacher prefix class 0,X tr teacher prefix class 1,
                         X tr project grade category class 0,X tr project grade category class 1,
                         X_tr_clean_categories_class_0,X_tr_clean_categories_class_1,
                         X tr clean subcategories class 0,X tr clean subcategories class 1,
                                X_tr_Nega_sent,X_tr_Neu_sent,X_tr_Pos_sent,X_tr_comp_sent
                         )).tocsr()
In [247]: # Average w2V Test data
          tfidf w2v vectors te = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
          for sentence in tqdm(preprocessed essays test): # for each review/sentence
              vector = np.zeros(300) # as word vectors are of zero length
              tf idf weight =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
              for word in sentence.split(): # for each word in a review/sentence
                  if (word in glove words) and (word in tfidf words):
                      vec = model[word] # getting the vector for each word
                      # here we are multiplying idf value(dictionary[word]) and the tf value((sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())))
                      tf idf = dictionary[word]*(sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())) # getting the tfidf value for each word
                      vector += (vec * tf idf) # calculating tfidf weighted w2v
                      tf idf weight += tf idf
              if tf_idf_weight != 0:
                  vector /= tf_idf_weight
              tfidf w2v vectors te.append(vector)
                                                                                                        | 0/36052 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
            0%|
            0%|
                                                                                               12/36052 [00:00<05:08, 116.82it/s]
            0%|
                                                                                               31/36052 [00:00<04:34, 131.28it/s]
            0%||
                                                                                                58/36052 [00:00<03:52, 154.74it/s]
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                                                                                                79/36052 [00:00<03:35, 167.18it/s]
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                                                                                               107/36052 [00:00<03:09, 189.88it/s]
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                                                                                               137/36052 [00:00<02:48, 212.60it/s]
            0%|
                                                                                               160/36052 [00:00<02:48, 213.47it/s]
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                                                                                               183/36052 [00:00<03:02, 197.07it/s]
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                                                                                               204/36052 [00:00<03:10, 188.01it/s]
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                                                                                               224/36052 [00:01<03:16, 182.70it/s]
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                                                                                              274/36052 [00:01<03:02, 196.24it/s]
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                                                                                               317/36052 [00:01<02:56, 201.93it/s]
            1%|
                                                                                               338/36052 [00:01<02:58, 199.79it/s]
            1%|
                                                                                               360/36052 [00:01<02:56, 202.21it/s]
                                                                                               381/36052 [00:01<03:14, 183.75it/s]
            1%|
                                                                                                400/20052 [00:02:02:20 100 02:±/-
In [299]: X te w2v = csr matrix(tfidf w2v vectors te)
```

```
In [300]: | X_test_w2v = hstack((X_te_w2v, X_test_price_norm, X_test_previous_prsub_norm,
                         X_te_state_0,X_te_state_1,X_te_teacher_prefix_class_0,X_te_teacher_prefix_class_1,
                         X_te_project_grade_category_class_0,X_te_project_grade_category_class_1,
                         X te clean categories class 0,X te clean categories class 1,
                         X_te_clean_subcategories_class_0,X_te_clean_subcategories_class_1,
                          X_te_Nega_sent,X_te_Neu_sent,X_te_Pos_sent,X_te_comp_sent
                         )).tocsr()
In [274]: learning_rate = [0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
          n_estimators=[5,10,50, 75, 100]
          # Initializse - store AUC score
          Learn rate = []
          n_estimator = []
          roc_auc_values = []
          for alpha in tqdm(learning_rate):
              for n_est in tqdm(n_estimators):
                  DTC = GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=alpha,n_estimators=n_est)
                  DTC.fit(X_train_w2c,y_train)
                  y_pred_prob = DTC.predict_proba(X_test_w2v)[:,1]
                  result_roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test,y_pred_prob)
                  Learn_rate.append(alpha)
                  n_estimator.append(n_est)
                  roc_auc_values.append(result_roc_auc)
          100%
                                                                                                  | 5/5 [35:24<00:00, 424.90s/it]
                                                                                                | 5/6 [4:03:56<44:50, 2690.04s/it]
            0%|
                                                                                                           | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
                                                                                                    | 1/5 [00:45<03:00, 45.02s/it]
```

```
In [275]: print((Learn_rate))
    print((n_estimator))
    print((roc_auc_values))
    best_result_acu = pd.DataFrame(data=[Learn_rate,n_estimator,roc_auc_values]).T
    best_result_acu.rename(columns ={0:'Alpha_values',1:'n_estimator',2:'AUC_score'},inplace=True)
    best_result_acu.sort_values(by=['AUC_score'],inplace=True,ignore_index=True,ascending=False)
    best_result_acu.head()
```

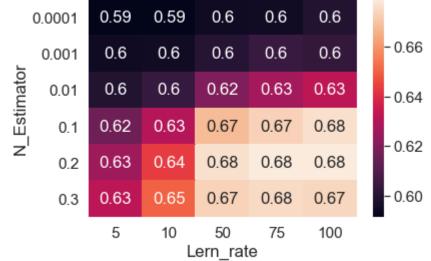
#### Out[275]:

	Alpha_values	n_estimator	AUC_score
0	0.2	75.0	0.679083
1	0.2	100.0	0.678882
2	0.2	50.0	0.676678
3	0.1	100.0	0.676538
4	0.3	75.0	0.675188

# In [279]: #Best Hyperparameter for As part of AUC print('Best Learning is ',str(0.2)) print('Best n\_estimator ',str(75.0)) print('Best AUC Score value is ',str(0.68))

Best Learning is 0.2 Best n\_estimator 75.0 Best AUC Score value is 0.68

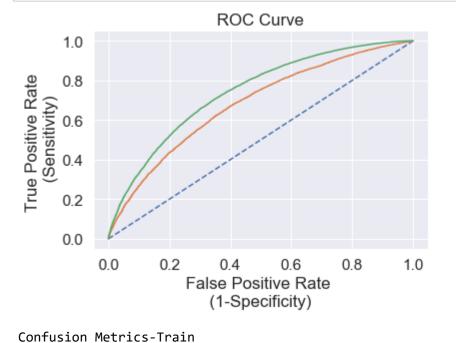
```
In [278]: n_estimator_GBT = Learn_rate
Learn_rate_GBT = n_estimator
roc_values = roc_auc_values
data = pd.DataFrame({'N_Estimator': n_estimator_GBT, 'Lern_rate': Learn_rate_GBT, 'AUC': roc_values})
data_pivoted = data.pivot("N_Estimator", "Lern_rate", "AUC")
ax = sns.heatmap(data_pivoted,annot=True)
plt.show()
```



In [302]: type(X\_train\_w2c)

Out[302]: scipy.sparse.csr.csr\_matrix

```
In [305]: # Apply best Decision Tree on test data set
          DTC = GradientBoostingClassifier(learning rate=0.2,n estimators=75)
          DTC.fit(X_train_w2c,y_train)
          y_pred_prob = DTC.predict_proba(X_test_w2v)[:,1]
          fpr,tpr,thershold = roc_curve(y_test,y_pred_prob)
          y pred prob train = DTC.predict proba(X train w2c)[:,1]
          fpr_tr,tpr_tr,thershold_tr = roc_curve(y_train,y_pred_prob_train)
          #print(fpr)
          #print(tpr)
          #print(thershold)
          #fpr - False Postive rate
          #tpr - True Postive rate
          #Plot ROC curve
          plt.plot([0,1],[0,1],'--')
          plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label='Decision_tree_Classifier ')
          plt.plot(fpr_tr, tpr_tr, label='Decision_tree_Classifier ')
          plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate \n (1-Specificity) ')
          plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate \n (Sensitivity)')
          plt.title('ROC Curve')
          plt.show()
          predict = DTC.predict(X_train_w2c)
          print('Confusion Metrics-Train')
          print(confusion matrix(y train, predict)) # confusion matrix
          print('Accuracy_Score: ',accuracy_score(y_train,predict)) # score - 0.842 # Good Score
          predict = DTC.predict(X_test_w2v)
          print('Confusion Metrics')
          print(confusion_matrix(y_test,predict)) # confusion matrix
          print('Accuracy Score: ',accuracy score(y test,predict)) # score - 0.842 # Good Score
```



[[ 207 10876] [ 44 62069]]

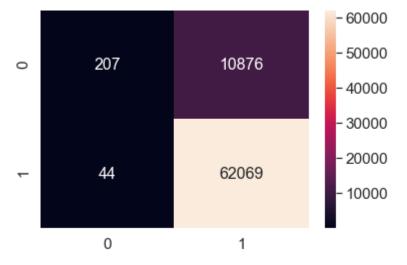
```
Accuracy_Score: 0.8508115197551779
Confusion Metrics
[[ 25 5434]
[ 60 30533]]
```

Accuracy\_Score: 0.8476090092089205

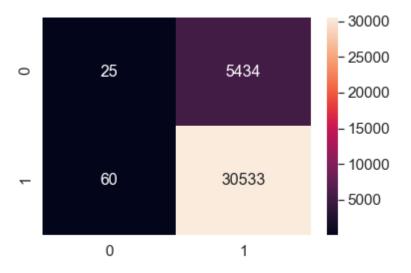
```
In [306]: print('Train result- HeatMap')
          array = [[207, 10876],
                  [44,62069]]
          df_cm = pd.DataFrame(array, range(2), range(2))
          sns.set(font_scale=1.4) # for label size
          sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot=True, annot_kws={"size": 16},fmt='d') # font size
```

Train result- HeatMap

Out[306]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x27d35643ec8>



Out[307]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x27d133f5c48>



```
In [308]: from prettytable import PrettyTable
x1 = PrettyTable()
x1.field_names = ["Vectorizer", "Model", "Learning_rate",'N_estimator','AU_Score']
x1.add_row(['TFIDF_W2V','Gradient Descent DT','0.2','75','0.68'])
print(x1)
```

Vectorizer	   Model	Learning_rate	N_estimator	AU_Score
TFIDF_W2V	Gradient Descent DT	0.2	75	0.68

```
In [ ]:
```