

## PROJECT 4

### LONGEST INCREASING SUBSEQUENCE

1. Implementation of LIS
2. To make use of recursive calls, this function must return two things.
  - a.Length of LIS ending with element  $\text{arr}[n-1]$ . We use  $\text{max\_ending\_here}$  for this purpose
  - b.Overall maximum as the LIS may end with an element before  $\text{arr}[n-1]$   $\text{max\_ref}$  is used this purpose.
3. The value of LIS of full array of size  $n$  is stored in  $\text{*max\_ref}$  which is our final result.
4. Recursively get all LIS ending with  $\text{arr}[0]$ ,  $\text{arr}[1]$  ...  $\text{arr}[n-2]$ . If  $\text{arr}[i-1]$  is Smaller than  $\text{arr}[n-1]$ , and  $\text{max\_ending\_here}$  with  $\text{arr}[n-1]$  needs to be updated, then update it.
5. Return length of LIS ending with  $\text{arr}[n-1]$  return  $\text{max\_ending\_here}$ . The function list stores its result in  $\text{maxlist}$  and returns  $\text{max}$ .