#### AI LAB:

## WEEK1

```
Depth first search:
graph = {
```

```
grapn = {
    'A': ['B', 'C'],
    'B': ['D', 'E'],
    'C': ['F'],
    'D': [],
    'E': ['F'],
    'F': []
}
```

visited = set()

def dfs(visited, graph, node):

if node not in visited:

print(node)

visited.add(node)

for neighbor in graph[node]:

dfs(visited, graph, neighbor)

dfs(visited, graph, 'A')

# o/p:

Α

В

D

Ε

F

С

### WEEK-2:

## Best first search:

```
def best_first_search(graph, source, target):
  visited = set()
  pq = PriorityQueue()
  pq.put((0, source))
  while not pq.empty():
    cost, u = pq.get()
    if u in visited:
       continue
    print(u, end=" ")
    visited.add(u)
    if u == target:
       break
    for v, c in graph[u]:
       if v not in visited:
         pq.put((c, v))
  print()
graph = {
  0: [(1, 3), (2, 6), (3, 5)],
  1: [(4, 9), (5, 8)],
  2: [(6, 12), (7, 14)],
  3: [(8, 7)],
  8: [(9, 5), (10, 6)],
  9: [(11, 1), (12, 10), (13, 2)]
```

```
}
source = 0
target = 9
best_first_search(graph, source, target)
o/p:
013289
WEEK-3:
Depth limit search:
def dls(graph, node, goal, depth_limit):
  if depth_limit == 0 and node != goal:
    return False
  if node == goal:
    return True
  return any(dls(graph, neighbor, goal, depth_limit - 1) for neighbor in graph.get(node, []))
graph = {
  'A': ['B', 'C'],
  'B': ['D', 'E'],
  'C': ['F'],
  'D': [],
  'E': ['F'],
  'F': []
}
start_node, goal_node, depth_limit = 'A', 'F', 3
result = dls(graph, start_node, goal_node, depth_limit)
if result:
  print(f"Goal node '{goal_node}' found within depth limit.")
```

```
else:
  print(f"Goal node '{goal_node}' not found within depth limit.")
o/p: Goal node 'F' found within depth limit.
WEEK-4:
Heuristic approach
WEEK-5:
Mini max algorithm:
import math
def minimax(curDepth, nodeIndex, maxTurn, scores, targetDepth):
  if curDepth == targetDepth:
    return scores[nodeIndex]
  if maxTurn:
    return max(minimax(curDepth + 1, nodeIndex * 2, False, scores, targetDepth),
          minimax(curDepth + 1, nodeIndex * 2 + 1, False, scores, targetDepth))
  else:
    return min(minimax(curDepth + 1, nodeIndex * 2, True, scores, targetDepth),
          minimax(curDepth + 1, nodeIndex * 2 + 1, True, scores, targetDepth))
scores = [3, 5, 2, 9, 12, 5, 23, 23]
treeDepth = int(math.log2(len(scores)))
print("The optimal value is:", minimax(0, 0, True, scores, treeDepth))
o/p: The optimal value is: 12
WEEK-6
A* algorithm:
```

```
def a_star_algo(start, stop):
  open_set, closed_set, g, parents = {start}, set(), {start: 0}, {start: start}
  while open_set:
    current = min(open_set, key=lambda node: g[node] + heuristic(node))
    if current == stop or not Graph_nodes[current]:
      break
    for neighbor, weight in get_neighbors(current) or []:
      tentative_g = g[current] + weight
      if neighbor not in open_set and neighbor not in closed_set:
         open_set.add(neighbor)
         parents[neighbor] = current
         g[neighbor] = tentative_g
      elif tentative_g < g[neighbor]:
         parents[neighbor] = current
         g[neighbor] = tentative_g
    open_set.remove(current)
    closed_set.add(current)
  path = [current]
  while current != start:
    current = parents[current]
    path.append(current)
  path.reverse()
  return path if stop in path else None
def get_neighbors(v):
  return Graph_nodes.get(v, [])
```

```
def heuristic(n):
  return {'A': 11, 'B': 6, 'C': 99, 'D': 1, 'E': 7, 'G': 0}.get(n, 0)
Graph_nodes = {
  'A': [('B', 2), ('E', 3)],
  'B': [('C', 1), ('G', 9)],
  'C': None,
  'E': [('D', 6)],
  'D': [('G', 1)],
}
result = a_star_algo('A', 'G')
print(f"Path found: {result}" if result else "Path does not exist!")
o/p: Path found: ['A', 'E', 'D', 'G']
2----
from queue import PriorityQueue
def heuristic_search(graph, start, goal, heuristic_func):
  open_set = PriorityQueue()
  open_set.put((0, start))
  closed_set = set()
  g = {start: 0}
  parents = {start: start}
  while not open_set.empty():
    _, current = open_set.get()
    if current == goal:
```

```
path = []
      while current != start:
         path.append(current)
        current = parents[current]
      path.append(start)
      path.reverse()
      return path
    closed_set.add(current)
    for neighbor, cost in graph.get(current, []):
      if neighbor in closed_set:
         continue
      tentative_g = g[current] + cost
      if neighbor not in g or tentative_g < g[neighbor]:
         g[neighbor] = tentative_g
        f_value = tentative_g + heuristic_func(neighbor, goal)
         open_set.put((f_value, neighbor))
         parents[neighbor] = current
  return None
def get_neighbors(v):
  return Graph_nodes.get(v, [])
def manhattan_distance(node, goal):
  return abs(node[0] - goal[0]) + abs(node[1] - goal[1])
# Describe your graph here
Graph_nodes = {
```

```
(0, 0): [((1, 0), 1), ((0, 1), 1)],
(1, 0): [((0, 0), 1), ((1, 1), 1)],
(0, 1): [((0, 0), 1), ((1, 1), 1)],
(1, 1): [((1, 0), 1), ((0, 1), 1)],
}

start_node = (0, 0)

goal_node = (1, 1)

result = heuristic_search(Graph_nodes, start_node, goal_node, manhattan_distance)

print(f"Path found: {result}" if result else "Path does not exist!")

o/p: Path found: [(0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 1)]
```