

TITLE : C Program to Implement Binary Search Tree**PROGRAM :**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *right,*left;
};

struct node *root;

struct node *insert(struct node *root,int e)
{
    if(root==NULL)
    {
        struct node *temp;
        temp=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        temp->data=e;
        temp->left=NULL;
        temp->right=NULL;
        return temp;
    }
    else if(e<root->data)
    {
        root->left=insert(root->left,e);
    }
    else if(e>root->data)
    {
        root->right=insert(root->right,e);
    }
    return root;
}

struct node *successor(struct node *root)
{
    struct node *count;
```

```

    count=root;
    while(count->left!=NULL)
    {
        count=count->left;
    }
    return count;
}

void inorder(struct node *root)
{
    if(root==NULL)
    {
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        inorder(root->left);
        printf("%d ",root->data);
        inorder(root->right);
    }
}

struct node *del(struct node *root,int e)
{
    if(root==NULL)
    {
        printf("Element Not Found");
    }
    else if(e<root->data)
    {root->left=del(root->left,e);
    }
    else if(e>root->data)
    {
        root->right=del(root->right,e);
    }
    else
    {
        if(root->left==NULL)

```

```

        else if(root->right==NULL)
        {
            root=root->left;
        }
        else
        {
            struct node *temp;
            temp=successor(root->right);
            root->data=temp->data;
            root=del(root->right,temp->data);
        }
    }
    return root;
}

int main()
{
    int a,b,c,e;
    while(true)
    {
        printf("\n1.INSERT\n2.DELETE\n");
        printf("Enter the Choice:");
        scanf("%d",&c);
        switch(c)
        {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter The Element:");
                scanf("%d",&e);
                root=insert(root,e);
                break;
            case 2:
                printf("Enter the Data to delete:");
                scanf("%d",&e);
                root=del(root,e);
                break;
            case 3:
                printf("Exit\n");
                return 0;
            default:
                printf("Invalid Choice\n");
                continue;
        }
    }
}

```

```
        inorder(root);  
    }  
}  
}
```

INPUT AND OUTPUT :

```
1.INSERT  
2.DELETE  
3.DISPLAY  
Enter the Choice:1  
Enter The Element:2
```

```
1.INSERT  
2.DELETE  
3.DISPLAY  
Enter the Choice:1  
Enter The Element:4
```

```
1.INSERT  
2.DELETE  
3.DISPLAY  
Enter the Choice:1  
Enter The Element:5
```

```
1.INSERT  
2.DELETE  
3.DISPLAY  
Enter the Choice:3  
2 4 5  
1.INSERT  
2.DELETE  
3.DISPLAY  
Enter the Choice:|
```

RESULT :

The C Program for Implementing Binary Search Tree is Compiled and Executed Using Dev-C++ and the Output is Verified.

TITLE : C Program to Merge two Linked List Data Structures**PROGRAM :**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct lis
{
    int data;
    struct lis *next;
};

struct lis *h1,*h2;

int main()
{
    int a,b,c,i,j,k=0;
    while(k==0)
    {
        printf("1.INSERT1\n2.INSERT2\n");
        printf("Enter Choice:");
        scanf("%d",&b);
        switch(b)
        {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter -1 to stop Storing\n");
                printf("Enter The Data:");
                scanf("%d",&c);
                if(c!=-1)
                {
                    struct lis *nn;
                    nn=(struct lis*)malloc(sizeof(struct lis));
                    nn->data=c;
                    nn->next=NULL;
                    h1=nn;
                    while(c!=-1)
                    {
                        struct lis *h;
```

h=h1;

}

break;

case 2:

printf("Enter -1 to stop Storing\n");

printf("Enter The Data:");

scanf("%d",&c);

if(c!=-1)

{

struct lis *nn;

nn=(struct lis*)malloc(sizeof(struct lis));

nn->data=c;

nn->next=NULL;

h2=nn;

while(c!=-1)

{

struct lis *h;

struct lis*n;

n=(struct lis*)malloc(sizeof(struct lis));

h=h2;

printf("Enter The Data:");

scanf("%d",&c);

n->data=c;

n->next=NULL;

while(h->next!=NULL)

{

h=h->next;

}

h->next=n;

}

struct lis *h;

h=h2;

k=1;

}

break;

```

    }

}

struct lis *h,*l,*t;

h=h1;

while(h->next!=NULL)

{

    t=h;

    h=h->next;

}

t->next=h2;

h=h1;

while(h->next!=NULL)

{

    printf("[%d|.]->",h->data);

    h=h->next;

}

printf("Merged LinkedList");

}

```

INPUT AND OUTPUT :

```

1.INSERT1
2.INSERT2
Enter Choice:1
Enter -1 to stop Storing
Enter The Data:5
Enter The Data:9
Enter The Data:4
Enter The Data:3
Enter The Data:
8
Enter The Data:-1
1.INSERT1
2.INSERT2
Enter Choice:2
Enter -1 to stop Storing
Enter The Data:3
Enter The Data:4
Enter The Data:7
Enter The Data:-1
[5|.]->[9|.]->[4|.]->[3|.]->[8|.]->[3|.]->[4|.]->[7|.]->Merged LinkedList

```

RESULT :

The C Program for Merging Linked List Data Structures is Compiled and Executed Using Dev-C++ and the Output is Verified.

TITLE : C Program for Sorting elements using Bubble Sort.

PROGRAM :

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int a[10],size;
    printf("Enter the Size of the array:");
    scanf("%d",&size);
    printf("Enter the array Elements:");
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    for(int i=0;i<size-1;i++)
    {
        printf("PASS-%d:\n",i+1);
        for(int j=0;j<size-i-1;j++)
        {
            if(a[j]>a[j+1])
            {
                int temp=a[j];
                a[j]=a[j+1];
                a[j+1]=temp;
            }
        }
        for(int j=0;j<size;j++)
        {
            printf("%d ",a[j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```


INPUT AND OUTPUT :

```
Enter the Size of the array:5
Enter the array Elements:5 4 3 2 1
PASS-1:
4 3 2 1 5
PASS-2:
3 2 1 4 5
PASS-3:
2 1 3 4 5
PASS-4:
1 2 3 4 5
```

RESULT :

The C Program for Sorting Elements using Bubble Sort is Compiled and Executed Using Dev-C++ and the Output is Verified.

TITLE : C Program for Implementing Insertion Sort.**PROGRAM :**

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int a[10],size;
    printf("Enter the size of the array:");
    scanf("%d",&size);
    printf("Enter the Elements:");
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    for(int i=0;i<size-1;i++)
    {
        printf("INSERT-%d\n",a[i+1]);
        for(int j=i+1;j>0;j--)
        {
            if(a[j]<a[j-1])
            {
                int temp=a[j];
                a[j]=a[j-1];
                a[j-1]=temp;
            }
        }
        for(int j=0;j<size;j++)
        {
            printf("%d ",a[j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```

INPUT AND OUTPUT :

```
Enter the size of the array:5
Enter the Elements:5 4 3 2 1
INSERT-4
4 5 3 2 1
INSERT-3
3 4 5 2 1
INSERT-2
2 3 4 5 1
INSERT-1
1 2 3 4 5
```

RESULT :

The C Program for Implementing Insertion Sort is Compiled and Executed Using Dev-C++ and the Output is Verified.

TITLE : C Program for Implementing Selection Sort.**PROGRAM :**

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int a[10],size;
    printf("Enter the Size of array:");
    scanf("%d",&size);
    printf("Enter the Elements:");
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
    {
        int min=a[i];
        int f=-1;
        for(int j=i+1;j<size;j++)
        {
            if(min>a[j])
            {
                min=a[j];
                f=j;
            }
        }
        if(f!=-1)
        {
            int temp=a[i];
            a[i]=min;
            a[f]=temp;
        }
        for(int j=0;j<size;j++)
        {
            printf("%d ",a[j]);}}}
}
```

INPUT AND OUTPUT :

```
Enter the Size of array:5
Enter the Elements:8 4 1 9 7
1 4 8 9 7
1 4 8 9 7
1 4 7 9 8
1 4 7 8 9
1 4 7 8 9
```

RESULT :

The C Program for Implementing Selection Sort is Compiled and Executed Using Dev-C++ and the Output is Verified.

TITLE : C Program for Implementing Merge Sort.**PROGRAM :**

```
#include <stdio.h>

int msort(int a[],int l,int h)
{
    if(l!=h)
    {
        int mid=(l+h)/2;
        msort(a,l,mid);
        msort(a,mid+1,h);
    }
    else
    {
        int temp;
        for(int i=0;i<h;i++)
        {
            for(int j=0;j<h;j++)
            {
                if(a[j]>a[j+1])
                {
                    temp=a[j];
                    a[j]=a[j+1];
                    a[j+1]=temp;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

int main()
{
    int a[10],size;

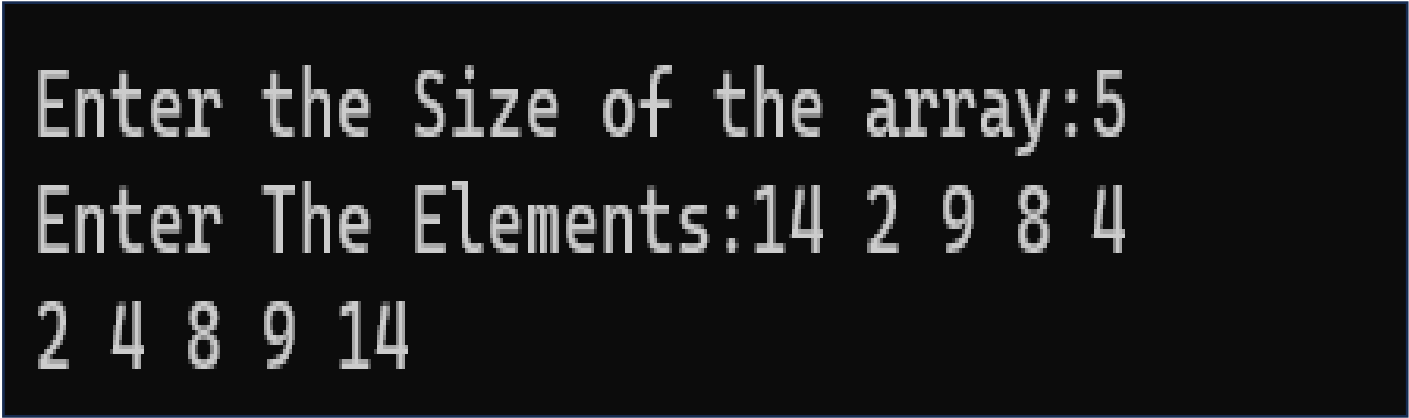
    printf("Enter the Size of the array:");

    scanf("%d",&size);

    printf("Enter The Elements:");
```

```
for(int i=0;i<size;i++)  
{  
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);  
}  
msort(a,0,size-1);  
for(int i=0;i<size;i++)  
{  
    printf("%d ",a[i]);  
}  
}
```

INPUT AND OUTPUT :

A screenshot of a terminal window with a black background and white text. It shows the user inputting the size of an array (5) and then five elements (14, 2, 9, 8, 4). The program then outputs the sorted array: 2, 4, 8, 9, 14.

Enter the Size of the array:5
Enter The Elements:14 2 9 8 4
2 4 8 9 14

RESULT :

The C Program for Implementing Merge Sort is Compiled and Executed Using Dev-C++ and the Output is Verified.

TITLE : C Program for Performing Hashing using Linear Probing.**PROGRAM :**

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int a[10],size=-1,i,f=0,c,e,h;
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    {
        a[i]=-1;
    }
    while(true)
    {
        printf("\n1.INSERT\n2.DELETE\n3.DISPLAY\n");
        printf("Enter the Choice:");
        scanf("%d",&c);
        switch(c)
        {
            case 1:
                if(size<9)
                {
                    printf("Enter the Element to Insert:");
                    scanf("%d",&e);
                    i=0,f=0;
                    while(f==0)
                    {
                        h=(e+i)%10;
                        if(a[h]==-1)
                        {
                            f=1;
                            a[h]=e;
                            size++;
                            printf("\nElement Settled at %d Position\n",h);
                        }
                        else
```



```

{
    printf("Collision ocuured at %d Position\n",h);
    i++;
}
}
else
{
    printf("Hashing Table Full");
}
break;
case 2:
    if(size>-1)
    {
        int k=0;
        printf("Enter The Element to Delete:");
        scanf("%d",&e);
        for(int j=0;j<10;j++)
        {
            if(a[j]==e)
            {
                printf("\nElement Found at %d Position and
Deleted\n",j);
                a[j]=-1;
                size--;
                k=1;
                break;
            }
        }
        if(k==0)
        {
            printf("\nElement Not Found\n");
        }
    }
    else
    {

```

```

        printf("Hashing Table Empty");
    }
    break;
case 3:
    for(int j=9;j>=0;j--)
    {
        if(a[j]==-1)
        {
            printf("%d NULL\n",j);
        }
        else
        {
            printf("%d %d\n",j,a[j]);}
    }
    break;}}}

```

INPUT AND OUTPUT :

```

1.INSERT
2.DELETE
3.DISPLAY
Enter the Choice:1
Enter the Element to Insert:5

Element Settled at 5 Position

1.INSERT
2.DELETE
3.DISPLAY
Enter the Choice:3
9  NULL
8  NULL
7  NULL
6  NULL
5  5
4  NULL
3  NULL
2  NULL
1  NULL
0  NULL

```

RESULT :

The C Program for Performing Hashing using Linear Probing is Compiled and Executed Using Dev-C++ and the Output is Verified.

TITLE : C Program for Sorting array Using Quick Sort.

PROGRAM :

```
#include <stdio.h>

int swap(int *a,int *b)
{
    int t=*a;
    *a=*b;
    *b=t;
}

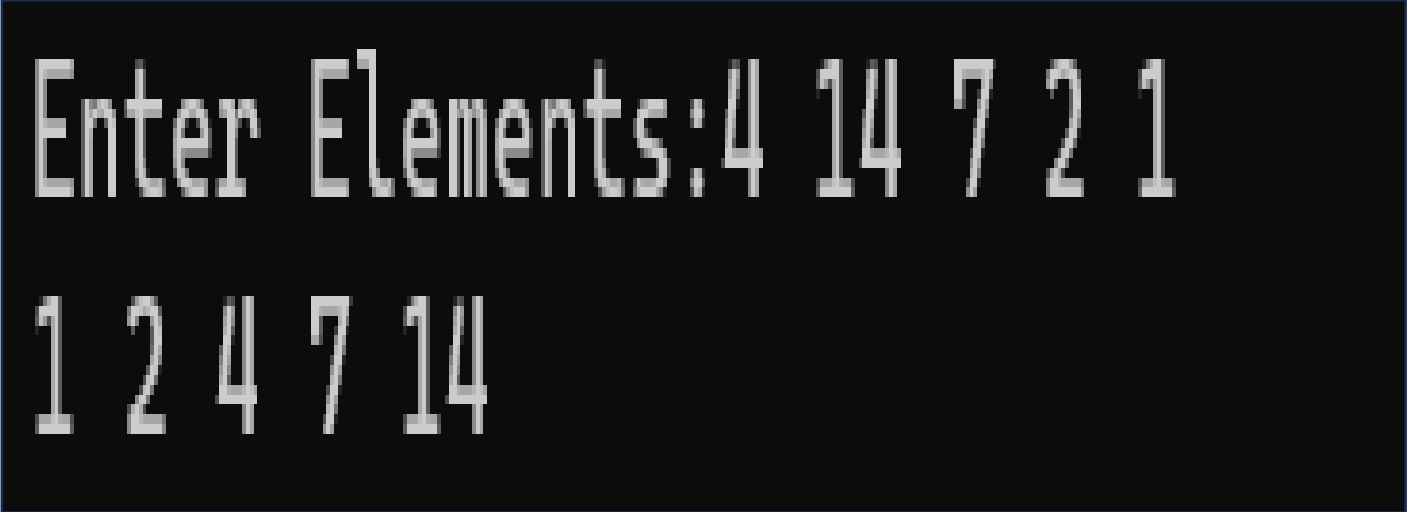
int partition(int a[],int low,int high)
{
    int p=a[high];
    int i=(low-1);
    for(int j=low;j<high;j++)
    {
        if(a[j]<=p)
        {
            i++;
            swap(&a[i],&a[j]);
        }
    }
    swap(&a[i+1],&a[high]);
    return i+1;
}

int quick(int a[],int low,int high)
{
    if(low<high)
    {
        int pi=partition(a,low,high);
        quick(a,low,pi-1);
        quick(a,pi+1,high);
    }
}

int main()
```

```
{  
  
    int a[10];  
    printf("Enter Elements:");  
    for(int i=0;i<5;i++)  
    {  
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);  
    }  
    quick(a,0,4);  
    for(int i=0;i<5;i++)  
    {  
        printf("%d ",a[i]);  
    }  
}
```

INPUT AND OUTPUT :

A screenshot of a terminal window with a black background and white text. The first line shows the prompt "Enter Elements:" followed by the input "4 14 7 2 1". The second line shows the output "1 2 4 7 14".

Enter Elements:4 14 7 2 1
1 2 4 7 14

RESULT :

The C Program for Implementing Quick Sort is Compiled and Executed Using Dev-C++ and the Output is Verified.

TITLE : C Program to Implement AVL Tree**PROGRAM :**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
    int key;
    struct Node *left;
    struct Node *right;
    int height;
};

int max(int a, int b);

int height(struct Node *N) {
    if (N == NULL)
        return 0;
    return N->height;
}

int max(int a, int b) {
    return (a > b) ? a : b;
}

struct Node *newNode(int key) {
    struct Node *node = (struct Node *)
        malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    node->key = key;
    node->left = NULL;
    node->right = NULL;
    node->height = 1;
    return (node);
}
```

```
struct Node *rightRotate(struct Node *y) {  
    struct Node *x = y->left;  
    struct Node *T2 = x->right;  
  
    x->right = y;  
    y->left = T2;  
  
    y->height = max(height(y->left), height(y->right)) + 1;  
    x->height = max(height(x->left), height(x->right)) + 1;  
  
    return x;  
}
```

```
struct Node *leftRotate(struct Node *x) {  
    struct Node *y = x->right;  
    struct Node *T2 = y->left;  
  
    y->left = x;  
    x->right = T2;  
  
    x->height = max(height(x->left), height(x->right)) + 1;  
    y->height = max(height(y->left), height(y->right)) + 1;  
  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int getBalance(struct Node *N) {  
    if (N == NULL)  
        return 0;  
    return height(N->left) - height(N->right);  
}
```

```
struct Node *insertNode(struct Node *node, int key) {  
    if (node == NULL)  
        return (newNode(key));  
  
    if (key < node->key)
```

```

node->left = insertNode(node->left, key);

else if (key > node->key)
    node->right = insertNode(node->right, key);
else
    return node;

node->height = 1 + max(height(node->left),
    height(node->right));

int balance = getBalance(node);
if (balance > 1 && key < node->left->key)
    return rightRotate(node);

if (balance < -1 && key > node->right->key)
    return leftRotate(node);

if (balance > 1 && key > node->left->key) {
    node->left = leftRotate(node->left);
    return rightRotate(node);
}

if (balance < -1 && key < node->right->key) {
    node->right = rightRotate(node->right);
    return leftRotate(node);
}

return node;
}

struct Node *minValueNode(struct Node *node) {
    struct Node *current = node;

    while (current->left != NULL)
        current = current->left;

    return current;
}

```

```

struct Node *deleteNode(struct Node *root, int key) {
    if (root == NULL)
        return root;

    if (key < root->key)
        root->left = deleteNode(root->left, key);

    else if (key > root->key)
        root->right = deleteNode(root->right, key);

    else {
        if ((root->left == NULL) || (root->right == NULL)) {
            struct Node *temp = root->left ? root->left : root->right;

            if (temp == NULL) {
                temp = root;
                root = NULL;
            } else
                *root = *temp;
            free(temp);
        } else {
            struct Node *temp = minValueNode(root->right);

            root->key = temp->key;

            root->right = deleteNode(root->right, temp->key);
        }
    }

    if (root == NULL)
        return root;

```



```
return root;
```

```
root->height = 1 + max(height(root->left),  
    height(root->right));
```

```
int balance = getBalance(root);
```

```
if (balance > 1 && getBalance(root->left) >= 0)  
    return rightRotate(root);
```

```
if (balance > 1 && getBalance(root->left) < 0) {  
    root->left = leftRotate(root->left);  
    return rightRotate(root);  
}
```

```
if (balance < -1 && getBalance(root->right) <= 0)  
    return leftRotate(root);
```

```
if (balance < -1 && getBalance(root->right) > 0) {  
    root->right = rightRotate(root->right);  
    return leftRotate(root);  
}
```

```
return root;
```

```
}
```

```
void printPreOrder(struct Node *root) {
```

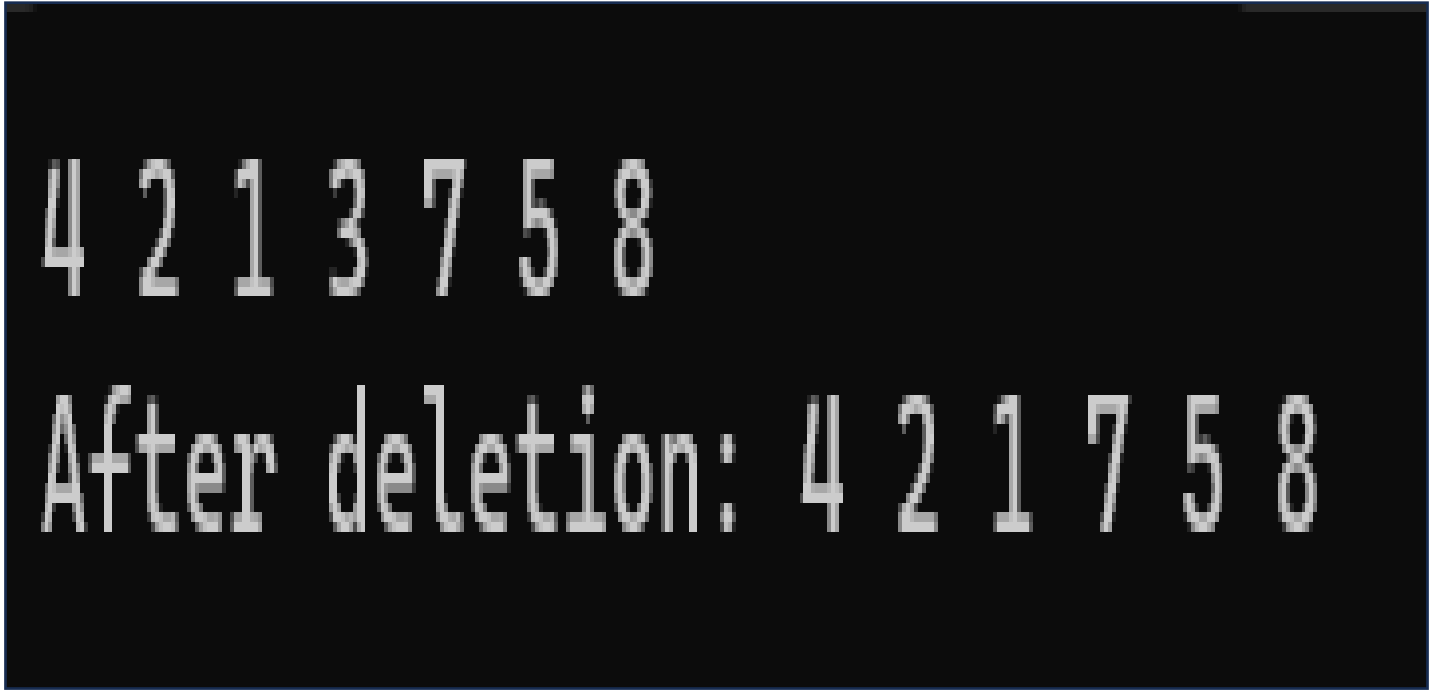
```
    if (root != NULL) {  
        printf("%d ", root->key);  
        printPreOrder(root->left);  
        printPreOrder(root->right);  
    }  
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    struct Node *root = NULL;  
    root = insertNode(root, 2);
```

```
root = insertNode(root, 7);  
root = insertNode(root, 4);  
root = insertNode(root, 5);  
root = insertNode(root, 3);  
root = insertNode(root, 8);  
  
printPreOrder(root);  
  
root = deleteNode(root, 3);  
  
printf("\nAfter deletion: ");  
printPreOrder(root);  
  
return 0;  
}
```

INPUT AND OUTPUT :



4 2 1 3 7 5 8

After deletion: 4 2 1 7 5 8

RESULT :

The C Program for Implementing AVLTree is Compiled and Executed Using Dev-C++ and the Output is Verified.