

AI Assisted Coding

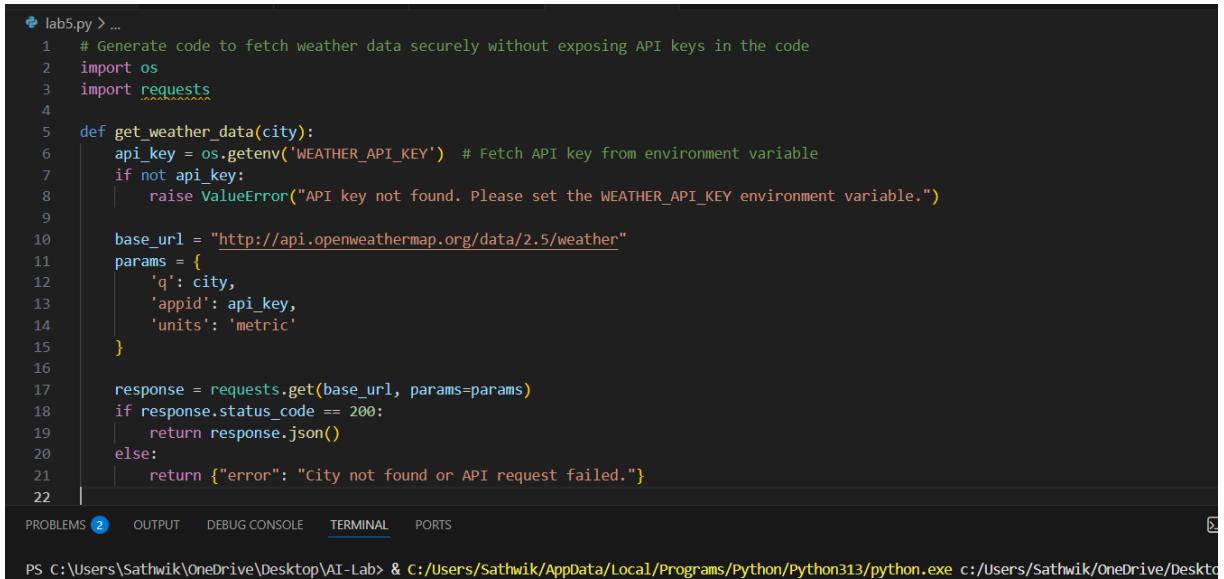
Assignment - 05

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Task Description #1 (Privacy in API Usage)

Task: Use an AI tool to generate a Python program that connects to a weather API.

Code:



```
lab5.py > ...
1  # Generate code to fetch weather data securely without exposing API keys in the code
2  import os
3  import requests
4
5  def get_weather_data(city):
6      api_key = os.getenv('WEATHER_API_KEY')  # Fetch API key from environment variable
7      if not api_key:
8          raise ValueError("API key not found. Please set the WEATHER_API_KEY environment variable.")
9
10     base_url = "http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather"
11     params = {
12         'q': city,
13         'appid': api_key,
14         'units': 'metric'
15     }
16
17     response = requests.get(base_url, params=params)
18     if response.status_code == 200:
19         return response.json()
20     else:
21         return {"error": "City not found or API request failed."}
22
```

PROBLEMS ② OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\Sathwik\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Lab> & C:/Users/Sathwik/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313/python.exe c:/Users/Sathwik/OneDrive/Desktop/lab5.py

Task Description #2 (Privacy & Security in File Handling)

Task: Use an AI tool to generate a Python script that stores user data (name, email, password) in a file.

Analyze: Check if the AI stores sensitive data in plain text or without encryption.

Code:

```
lab5.py > ...
1  # Generate a Python script that collects user details (name, email, and password) and stores them in a file.
2  # The script should write all details directly to a text file.
3
4  def store_user_details(name, email, password, filename='user_details.txt'):
5      with open(filename, 'a') as file:
6          file.write(f"Name: {name}\n")
7          file.write(f"Email: {email}\n")
8          file.write(f"Password: {password}\n")
9          file.write("-" * 20 + "\n")
10 if __name__ == "__main__":
11     name = input("Enter your name: ")
12     email = input("Enter your email: ")
13     password = input("Enter your password: ")
14     store_user_details(name, email, password)
15     print("User details stored successfully.")

PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\Sathwik\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Lab & C:/Users/Sathwik/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313/python.exe c:/Us
/Sathwik/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Lab/lab5.py
Enter your name: Sathwik
○ Enter your email: 2303A51483@sru.edu.in
Enter your password: Student@2004
User details stored successfully.
PS C:\Users\Sathwik\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Lab>
```

Task Description #3 (Transparency in Algorithm Design)

Objective: Use AI to generate an Armstrong number checking function

with comments and explanations.

Code:

```
lab5.py > ...
1  # Explain the Armstrong number checking code line by line in simple terms.
2  # Describe what each variable and statement does and how the algorithm works.
3  def is_armstrong(number):
4      """
5          Check if a number is an Armstrong number.
6
7          An Armstrong number is a number that is equal to the sum of its own digits
8          each raised to the power of the number of digits.
9
10         Parameters:
11             number (int): The number to check.
12
13         Returns:
14             bool: True if the number is an Armstrong number, False otherwise.
15             """
16         num_str = str(number) # Convert the number to a string to easily access each digit
17         num_digits = len(num_str) # Get the number of digits in the number
18         sum_of_powers = sum(int(digit) ** num_digits for digit in num_str) # Calculate the sum of each digit raised to the power of num_digits
19         return sum_of_powers == number # Check if the calculated sum is equal to the original number
20 if __name__ == "__main__":
21     num = int(input("Enter a number to check if it's an Armstrong number: ")) # Take user input
22     if is_armstrong(num): # Call the function to check if the number is an Armstrong number
23         print(f"{num} is an Armstrong number.") # Print result if true
24     else:
25         print(f"{num} is not an Armstrong number.") # Print result if false

PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\Sathwik\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Lab & C:/Users/Sathwik/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313/python.exe c:/Users/Sathwik/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Lab/lab
py
● Enter a number to check if it's an Armstrong number: 153
153 is an Armstrong number.
○ PS C:\Users\Sathwik\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Lab>
```

Task Description #4 (Transparency in Algorithm Comparison) Task: Use AI to implement two sorting algorithms (e.g., QuickSort and BubbleSort).

Code:

```
❶ lab5.py > ...
1  # Generate Python code for QuickSort and BubbleSort, and include comments
2  # explaining step-by-step how each works and where they differ.
3  def bubble_sort(arr):
4      """
5          Sort an array using the Bubble Sort algorithm.
6
7          Parameters:
8          arr (list): The list of elements to be sorted.
9
10         Returns:
11             list: The sorted list.
12             """
13
14         n = len(arr)  # Get the length of the array
15         # Traverse through all array elements
16         for i in range(n):
17             # Last i elements are already sorted, no need to check them
18             for j in range(0, n - i - 1):
19                 # Swap if the element found is greater than the next element
20                 if arr[j] > arr[j + 1]:
21                     arr[j], arr[j + 1] = arr[j + 1], arr[j]
22     return arr  # Return the sorted array
23  def quick_sort(arr):
24      """
25          Sort an array using the QuickSort algorithm.
26
27          Parameters:
28          arr (list): The list of elements to be sorted.
29
30         Returns:
31             list: The sorted list.
32             """
33
34         if len(arr) <= 1:  # Base case: if the array has 0 or 1 element, it's already sorted
35             return arr
36         else:
37             pivot = arr[len(arr) // 2]  # Choose the middle element as the pivot
38             left = [x for x in arr if x < pivot]  # Elements less than the pivot
39             middle = [x for x in arr if x == pivot]  # Elements equal to the pivot
40             right = [x for x in arr if x > pivot]  # Elements greater than the pivot
41             # Recursively apply quick_sort to left and right, and combine results
42             return quick_sort(left) + middle + quick_sort(right)
43  if __name__ == "__main__":
44      sample_array = [64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90]
45      print("Original array:", sample_array)
46
47      # Bubble Sort
48      sorted_array_bubble = bubble_sort(sample_array.copy())  # Use copy to avoid in-place sorting affecting the original
49      print("Sorted array using Bubble Sort:", sorted_array_bubble)
50
51      # QuickSort
52      sorted_array_quick = quick_sort(sample_array)  # QuickSort returns a new sorted array
53      print("Sorted array using QuickSort:", sorted_array_quick)
```

```
PS C:\Users\Sathwik\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Lab> & C:/Users/Sathwik/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313/python.exe c:/Users/Sathwik/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Lab/lab5.py
Original array: [64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90]
Sorted array using Bubble Sort: [11, 12, 22, 25, 34, 64, 90]
Sorted array using QuickSort: [11, 12, 22, 25, 34, 64, 90]
PS C:\Users\Sathwik\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Lab>
```

Task Description #5 (Transparency in AI Recommendations) Task: Use AI to create a product recommendation system.

Code:

```
lab5.py > ...
1  # Generate a recommendation system that also provides reasons for each suggestion.
2  def recommend_movies(user_preferences, movie_database):
3      """
4          Recommend movies based on user preferences.
5
6          Parameters:
7              user_preferences (dict): A dictionary containing user preferences such as genre, director, and actors.
8              movie_database (list): A list of dictionaries, each representing a movie with its attributes.
9
10         Returns:
11             list: A list of recommended movies with reasons for each suggestion.
12             """
13     recommendations = [] # Initialize an empty list to store recommendations
14
15     for movie in movie_database:
16         score = 0 # Initialize score for each movie
17         reasons = [] # Initialize reasons for recommendation
18
19         # Check genre preference
20         if movie['genre'] in user_preferences.get('genres', []):
21             score += 2 # Increase score for matching genre
22             reasons.append(f"Matches preferred genre: {movie['genre']}") # Add reason to list
23
24         # Check director preference
25         if movie['director'] in user_preferences.get('directors', []):
26             score += 1 # Increase score for matching director
27             reasons.append(f"Directed by preferred director: {movie['director']}") # Add reason to list
28
29         # Check actor preference
30         for actor in movie['actors']:
31             if actor in user_preferences.get('actors', []):
32                 score += 1 # Increase score for each matching actor
33                 reasons.append(f"Features preferred actor: {actor}") # Add reason to list
34
35         # If the movie has a positive score, add it to recommendations
36         if score > 0:
37             recommendations.append({
38                 'movie': movie['title'],
39                 'score': score,
40                 'reasons': reasons
41             })
42
43     return recommendations
```

```

42     # Sort recommendations by score in descending order
43     recommendations.sort(key=lambda x: x['score'], reverse=True)
44
45     return recommendations # Return the list of recommended movies with reasons
46 if __name__ == "__main__":
47     user_preferences = {
48         'genres': ['Action', 'Sci-Fi'],
49         'directors': ['Christopher Nolan'],
50         'actors': ['Leonardo DiCaprio', 'Scarlett Johansson']
51     }
52     movie_database = [
53         {
54             'title': 'Inception',
55             'genre': 'Sci-Fi',
56             'director': 'Christopher Nolan',
57             'actors': ['Leonardo DiCaprio', 'Joseph Gordon-Levitt']
58         },
59         {
60             'title': 'The Avengers',
61             'genre': 'Action',
62             'director': 'Joss Whedon',
63             'actors': ['Robert Downey Jr.', 'Scarlett Johansson']
64         },
65         {
66             'title': 'La La Land',
67             'genre': 'Romance',
68             'director': 'Damien Chazelle',
69             'actors': ['Ryan Gosling', 'Emma Stone']
70         }
71     ]
72     recommendations = recommend_movies(user_preferences, movie_database)
73     for rec in recommendations:
74         print(f"Movie: {rec['movie']}")
75         print(f"Score: {rec['score']}")
76         print("Reasons:")
77         for reason in rec['reasons']:
78             print(f"- {reason}")
79         print()
80
81

```

PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```

PS C:\Users\Sathwik\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Lab> & C:/Users/Sathwik/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313/python.exe c:/Users/Sathwik/OneD
● Movie: Inception
Score: 4
Reasons:
- Matches preferred genre: Sci-Fi
- Directed by preferred director: Christopher Nolan
- Features preferred actor: Leonardo DiCaprio

Movie: The Avengers
Score: 3
Reasons:
- Matches preferred genre: Action
- Features preferred actor: Scarlett Johansson

○ PS C:\Users\Sathwik\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Lab>

```