ml-lab-02-aie23061

February 16, 2025

```
[2]: from google.colab import files uploaded = files.upload()
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Saving Lab Session Data.xlsx to Lab Session Data.xlsx

A1. Please refer to the "Purchase Data" worksheet of Lab Session Data.xlsx. Please load the data and segregate them into 2 matrices A & C (following the nomenclature of AX = C). Do the following activities. • What is the dimensionality of the vector space for this data? • How many vectors exist in this vector space? • What is the rank of Matrix A? • Using Pseudo-Inverse find the cost of each product available for sale.

(Suggestion: If you use Python, you can use numpy.linalg.pinv() function to get a pseudo-inverse.) A2. Use the Pseudo-inverse to calculate the model vector X for predicting the cost of the products available with the vendor. A3. Mark all customers (in "Purchase Data" table) with payments above Rs. 200 as RICH and others as POOR. Develop a classifier model to categorize customers into RICH or POOR class based on purchase behavior.

```
[12]: import pandas as pd
      import numpy as np
      df = pd.read_excel(r'/content/Lab Session Data.xlsx', sheet_name="Purchase_

data")

      df = df.iloc[:, :5]
      print(df)
      A = df.iloc[:10, 1:4].values
      print(f"A:{A}")
      C = df.iloc[:10, 4].values.reshape(-1, 1)
      print(f"C:{C}")
      print(f"Dimensionality of the vector space:{df.shape}")
      print(f"Number of vectors:{df.shape[0]}")
      rank_A = np.linalg.matrix_rank(A)
      print(f"Rank of matrix A: {rank A}")
      A_pinv = np.linalg.pinv(A)
      print(f"pinv of A is {A_pinv}")
```

```
X = np.dot(A_pinv, C)
print(f"model vector X is {X}")
print(f" Cost of each candy is Rs. {X[0]}")
print(f" Cost of each mango is Rs. {X[1]}")
print(f" Cost of each milk packet is Rs. {X[2]}")
category = []
for payment in df['Payment (Rs)']:
  if payment>=200 :
     category.append('Rich')
    category.append('Poor')
df['category'] = category
print(df)
  Customer Candies (#) Mangoes (Kg) Milk Packets (#) Payment (Rs)
0
       C_1
                     20
                                     6
                                                                    386
       C_2
                                     3
                                                        6
                                                                    289
1
                     16
2
       C_3
                     27
                                     6
                                                        2
                                                                    393
3
       C_4
                     19
                                     1
                                                        2
                                                                    110
4
                     24
                                     4
                                                        2
                                                                    280
       C_5
5
                                                        5
       C_6
                     22
                                     1
                                                                    167
6
       C_7
                     15
                                     4
                                                        2
                                                                    271
7
                                     4
                                                        2
       C_8
                     18
                                                                    274
8
       C_9
                                                        4
                     21
                                     1
                                                                    148
9
      C_10
                     16
                                     2
                                                        4
                                                                    198
```

A:[[20 6 2]

[16 3 6]

[27 6 2]

[19 1 2]

[24 4 2]

[22 1 5]

[15 4 2]

[18 4 2]

[21 1 4]

[16 2 4]]

C:[[386]

[289]

[393]

[110]

[280]

[167]

[271]

[274]

[148]

[198]]

```
Dimensionality of the vector space: (10, 5)
Number of vectors:10
Rank of matrix A: 3
pinv of A is [[-0.01008596 -0.03124505 0.01013951 0.0290728
                                                              0.0182907
0.01161794
  -0.00771348  0.00095458  0.01743623  -0.00542016]
 [ 0.09059668  0.07263726
                          0.03172933 -0.09071908 -0.01893196 -0.06926996
  0.05675464 0.03152577 -0.07641966 0.00357352]
 0.01541831 -0.01070461 0.00029003 0.05938755]]
model vector X is [[ 1.]
 [55.]
 [18.]]
Cost of each candy is Rs. [1.]
 Cost of each mango is Rs. [55.]
 Cost of each milk packet is Rs. [18.]
  Customer
           Candies (#)
                       Mangoes (Kg)
                                      Milk Packets (#)
                                                       Payment (Rs) category
0
      C_1
                    20
                                   6
                                                    2
                                                                386
                                                                        Rich
1
      C 2
                    16
                                   3
                                                    6
                                                                289
                                                                        Rich
2
                                                    2
      C 3
                    27
                                   6
                                                                393
                                                                        Rich
3
      C 4
                    19
                                   1
                                                    2
                                                                110
                                                                        Poor
4
                                                    2
      C 5
                    24
                                   4
                                                                280
                                                                        Rich
5
      C_6
                    22
                                   1
                                                    5
                                                                167
                                                                        Poor
                                                    2
6
                                                                271
                                                                        Rich
      C_7
                    15
                                   4
7
      C_8
                    18
                                   4
                                                    2
                                                                274
                                                                        Rich
8
                    21
                                                    4
      C_9
                                   1
                                                                148
                                                                        Poor
                                                    4
9
     C_10
                    16
                                   2
                                                                198
                                                                        Poor
```

A4. Please refer to the data present in "IRCTC Stock Price" data sheet of the above excel file. Do the following after loading the data to your programming platform. • Calculate the mean and variance of the Price data present in column D.

(Suggestion: if you use Python, you may use statistics.mean() & statistics.variance() methods).

• Select the price data for all Wednesdays and calculate the sample mean. Compare the mean with the population mean and note your observations.

• Select the price data for the month of Apr and calculate the sample mean. Compare the mean with the population mean and note your observations.

• From the Chg% (available in column I) find the probability of making a loss over the stock. (Suggestion: use lambda function to find negative values)

• Calculate the probability of making a profit on Wednesday.

• Calculate the conditional probability of making profit, given that today is Wednesday.

• Make a scatter plot of Chg% data against the day of the week

```
print(df)
mean = statistics.mean(df["Price"])
var = statistics.variance(df["Price"])
print(f"Price Mean: {mean}")
print(f"Price Variance: {var}")
wed_mean = df.loc[df['Day'] == 'Wed', 'Price'].mean()
print(f"Mean Price on Wednesdays: {wed mean}")
print("Observation: Sales at IRCTC are lower on Wednesdays compared to the ⊔
 ⇔overall average.")
apr_mean = df.loc[df['Month'] == 'Apr', 'Price'].mean()
print(f"Mean Price in April: {apr_mean}")
print("Observation: Sales at IRCTC are higher in April compared to the overall ⊔
 ⇔average.")
loss_probability = sum(df['Chg%'] < 0) / len(df)</pre>
print(f"Probability of making a loss: {loss_probability}")
wed_df = df[df['Day'] == 'Wed']
wed_profit = sum(wed_df['Chg%'] > 0) / len(wed_df)
print(f"Probability of making a profit on Wednesday: {wed_profit}")
profit_given_wed = (sum((df['Day'] == 'Wed') & (df['Chg\",'] > 0)) / \( \)
 ⇔sum(df['Day'] == 'Wed'))
print(f"Conditional Probability (Profit | Wednesday): {profit_given_wed}")
days = df['Day']
chg = df['Chg%']
plt.scatter(days,chg)
plt.xlabel("Day of the Week")
plt.ylabel("Chg%")
plt.title("Scatter Plot of chg% against day of the week")
plt.show()
            Date Month Day
                               Price
                                         Open
                                                  High
                                                            Low
                                                                  Volume \
    Jun 29, 2021
                       Tue
                             2081.85 2092.00 2126.90 2065.05
0
                   Jun
                                                                   1.67M
    Jun 28, 2021
1
                   Jun Mon
                             2077.75 2084.00 2112.45 2068.40 707.73K
2
    Jun 25, 2021
                       Fri
                             2068.85
                                      2084.35 2088.50 2053.10 475.82K
                   Jun
3
    Jun 24, 2021
                             2072.95 2098.00 2098.00 2066.00 541.51K
                   Jun
                        Thu
4
     Jun 23, 2021
                   Jun Wed 2078.25 2102.00 2111.40 2072.00 809.62K
. .
244 Jul 07, 2020
                   Jul Tue 1397.40 1410.00 1411.00 1390.05 480.21K
245
    Jul 06, 2020
                   Jul Mon 1400.75 1405.50 1415.50 1394.00 614.93K
246 Jul 03, 2020
                   Jul Fri 1405.10 1415.00 1425.00 1398.00 599.49K
247
    Jul 02, 2020
                   Jul Thu 1412.35 1440.00 1467.80 1395.30
                                                                   2.16M
```

248 Jul 01, 2020 Jul Wed 1363.05 1363.65 1377.00 1356.00 383.00K

0 0.0020 1 0.0043 2 -0.0020 3 -0.0026 4 -0.0023

Chg%

.. ...

244 -0.0024

245 -0.0031

246 -0.0051

247 0.0362

248 0.0032

[249 rows x 9 columns]

Price Mean: 1560.663453815261 Price Variance: 58732.365352539186

Mean Price on Wednesdays: 1550.706000000001

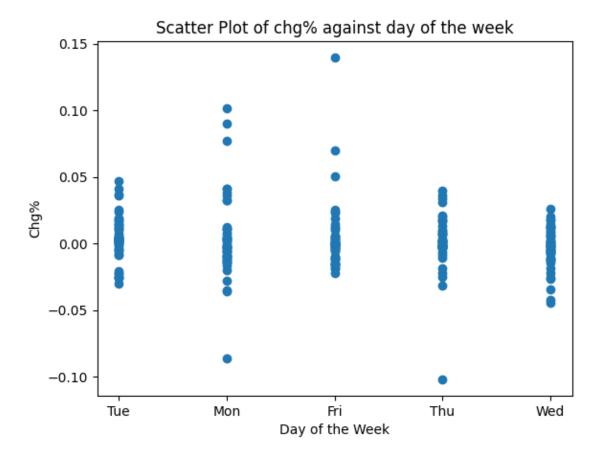
Observation: Sales at IRCTC are lower on Wednesdays compared to the overall

average.

Mean Price in April: 1698.9526315789474

Observation: Sales at IRCTC are higher in April compared to the overall average.

Probability of making a loss: 0.4979919678714859 Probability of making a profit on Wednesday: 0.42 Conditional Probability (Profit | Wednesday): 0.42



A5. Data Exploration: Load the data available in "thyroid0387_UCI" worksheet. Perform the following tasks: • Study each attribute and associated values present. Identify the datatype (nominal etc.) for the attribute. • For categorical attributes, identify the encoding scheme to be employed. (Guidance: employ label encoding for ordinal variables while One-Hot encoding may be employed for nominal variables). • Study the data range for numeric variables. • Study the presence of missing values in each attribute. • Study presence of outliers in data.

• For numeric variables, calculate the mean and variance (or standard deviation). A6. Data Imputation: employ appropriate central tendencies to fill the missing values in the data variables. Employ following guidance. • Mean may be used when the attribute is numeric with no outliers • Median may be employed for attributes which are numeric and contain outliers • Mode may be employed for categorical attributes A7. Data Normalization / Scaling: from the data study, identify the attributes which may need normalization. Employ appropriate normalization techniques to create normalized set of data. A8. Similarity Measure: Take the first 2 observation vectors from the dataset. Consider only the attributes (direct or derived) with binary values for these vectors (ignore other attributes). Calculate the Jaccard Coefficient (JC) and Simple Matching Coefficient (SMC) between the document vectors. Use first vector for each document for this. Compare the values for JC and SMC and judge the appropriateness of each of them. JC = (f11) / (f01 + f10 + f11) SMC = (f11 + f00) / (f00 + f01 + f10 + f11) f11= number of attributes where the attribute carries value of 1 in both the vectors. A9. Cosine Similarity Measure: Now take the complete vectors for these two observations (including all the attributes). Calculate the Cosine similarity

between the documents by using the second feature vector for each document. A10. Heatmap Plot: Consider the first 20 observation vectors. Calculate the JC, SMC and COS between the pairs of vectors for these 20 vectors. Employ similar strategies for coefficient calculation as in A4 & A5. Employ a heatmap plot to visualize the similarities.

```
[20]: import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      import seaborn as sns
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, MinMaxScaler
      from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
      df = pd.read_excel(r"/content/Lab Session Data.xlsx", 
       sheet_name="thyroid0387_UCI")
      # Replace '?' with NaN and infer proper datatypes
      df.replace('?', np.nan, inplace=True)
      df = df.infer_objects()
      data_types = {}
      # Identify and classify data types: Nominal, Ordinal, Ratio, Interval
      for col in df.columns:
          if df[col].dtype == 'object':
              if df[col].nunique() <= 10:</pre>
                  data_types[col] = 'Ordinal'
              else:
                  data types[col] = 'Nominal'
          elif df[col].dtype in ['int64', 'float64']:
              if df[col].min() >= 0:
                  data_types[col] = 'Ratio'
              else:
                  data_types[col] = 'Interval'
      print("Attribute Data Types:")
      for col, dtype in data_types.items():
          print(f"{col}: {dtype}")
      # Identify categorical columns
      categorical_cols = df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
      # Encoding Scheme
      print("Encoding Scheme:")
      for col in categorical cols:
          if data_types[col] == 'Ordinal':
              print(f"{col}: Label Encoding (Ordinal)")
          else:
              print(f"{col}: One-Hot Encoding (Nominal)")
      numerical_cols = df.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64']).columns
```

```
print("Range for Numeric Variables:")
for col in numerical_cols:
   min_value = df[col].min()
   max_value = df[col].max()
   data_range = max_value - min_value
   print(f"{col}: Min = {min_value}, Max = {max_value}, Range = {data_range}")
print("Mean and Standard Deviation (or Variance) for Numeric Variables:")
for col in numerical_cols:
   mean value = df[col].mean()
   std dev = df[col].std()
   variance = std dev ** 2
   print(f"{col}: Mean = {mean_value:.2f}, Standard Deviation = {std_dev},__

¬Variance = {variance}")
# Check for missing values
missing_values = df.isnull().sum()
print("Missing Values:", missing_values)
# Apply Label Encoding to categorical features
for col in categorical_cols:
   df[col] = df[col].astype(str)
   df[col] = LabelEncoder().fit_transform(df[col])
# Identify outliers
Q1 = df.quantile(0.25)
Q3 = df.quantile(0.75)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
outliers = ((df < (Q1 - 1.5 * IQR)) | (df > (Q3 + 1.5 * IQR))).sum()
print("Outliers per column:", outliers)
# Data Imputation
for col in df.columns:
    if df[col].dtype in ['float64', 'int64']:
        if outliers[col] > 0:
            df[col] = df[col].fillna(df[col].median())
        else:
            df[col] = df[col].fillna(df[col].mean())
    else:
        df[col] = df[col].fillna(df[col].mode()[0])
print("Missing values after imputation:", df.isnull().sum())
#Data Normalization
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
numerical_cols = df.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64']).columns
df[numerical_cols] = scaler.fit_transform(df[numerical_cols])
print("Normalized Data Sample:", df.head())
```

```
# jc,smc
vector1 = df.iloc[0, :].values
vector2 = df.iloc[1, :].values
f11 = np.sum((vector1 == 1) & (vector2 == 1))
f00 = np.sum((vector1 == 0) & (vector2 == 0))
f10 = np.sum((vector1 == 1) & (vector2 == 0))
f01 = np.sum((vector1 == 0) & (vector2 == 1))
if (f01 + f10 + f11) != 0:
    jc = f11 / (f01 + f10 + f11)
else:
    jc = 0
if (f00 + f01 + f10 + f11) != 0:
    smc = (f11 + f00) / (f00 + f01 + f10 + f11)
else:
    smc = 0
print(f"Jaccard Coefficient: {jc}, SMC: {smc}")
# Cosine Similarity
vector1 = df.iloc[0, :].values.reshape(1, -1)
vector2 = df.iloc[1, :].values.reshape(1, -1)
cosine_sim = cosine_similarity(vector1, vector2)[0][0]
print(f"Cosine Similarity: {cosine_sim}")
# Heatmap plot
df_subset = df.iloc[:20, :]
similarity matrix = np.zeros((20, 20))
for i in range(20):
    for j in range(20):
        if i != j:
             similarity_matrix[i, j] = np.linalg.norm(df_subset.iloc[i] -__

¬df_subset.iloc[j])
sns.heatmap(similarity matrix)
plt.show()
<ipython-input-20-cadb9acfc739>:10: FutureWarning: Downcasting behavior in
`replace` is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. To retain the
old behavior, explicitly call `result.infer_objects(copy=False)`. To opt-in to
the future behavior, set `pd.set_option('future.no_silent_downcasting', True)`
  df.replace('?', np.nan, inplace=True)
Attribute Data Types:
Record ID: Ratio
age: Ratio
sex: Ordinal
on thyroxine: Ordinal
query on thyroxine: Ordinal
on antithyroid medication: Ordinal
```

sick: Ordinal

pregnant: Ordinal

thyroid surgery: Ordinal I131 treatment: Ordinal query hypothyroid: Ordinal query hyperthyroid: Ordinal

lithium: Ordinal
goitre: Ordinal
tumor: Ordinal

hypopituitary: Ordinal

psych: Ordinal

TSH measured: Ordinal

TSH: Ratio

T3 measured: Ordinal

T3: Ratio

TT4 measured: Ordinal

TT4: Ratio

T4U measured: Ordinal

T4U: Ratio

FTI measured: Ordinal

FTI: Ratio

TBG measured: Ordinal

TBG: Ratio

referral source: Ordinal

Condition: Nominal Encoding Scheme:

sex: Label Encoding (Ordinal)

on thyroxine: Label Encoding (Ordinal)

query on thyroxine: Label Encoding (Ordinal)

on antithyroid medication: Label Encoding (Ordinal)

sick: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
pregnant: Label Encoding (Ordinal)

thyroid surgery: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
I131 treatment: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
query hypothyroid: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
query hyperthyroid: Label Encoding (Ordinal)

lithium: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
goitre: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
tumor: Label Encoding (Ordinal)

hypopituitary: Label Encoding (Ordinal)

psych: Label Encoding (Ordinal)

TSH measured: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
T3 measured: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
TT4 measured: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
T4U measured: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
FTI measured: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
TBG measured: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
referral source: Label Encoding (Ordinal)
Condition: One-Hot Encoding (Nominal)

```
Range for Numeric Variables:
Record ID: Min = 840801013, Max = 870119035, Range = 29318022
age: Min = 1, Max = 65526, Range = 65525
TSH: Min = 0.005, Max = 530.0, Range = 529.995
T3: Min = 0.05, Max = 18.0, Range = 17.95
TT4: Min = 2.0, Max = 600.0, Range = 598.0
T4U: Min = 0.17, Max = 2.33, Range = 2.16
FTI: Min = 1.4, Max = 881.0, Range = 879.6
TBG: Min = 0.1, Max = 200.0, Range = 199.9
Mean and Standard Deviation (or Variance) for Numeric Variables:
Record ID: Mean = 852947346.61, Standard Deviation = 7581968.780346589, Variance
= 57486250586150.34
age: Mean = 73.56, Standard Deviation = 1183.9767180444667, Variance =
1401800.8688713466
TSH: Mean = 5.22, Standard Deviation = 24.184006144749777, Variance =
584.8661532092949
T3: Mean = 1.97, Standard Deviation = 0.8875788237425206, Variance =
0.7877961683561565
TT4: Mean = 108.70, Standard Deviation = 37.52267036706598, Variance =
1407.9507914754913
T4U: Mean = 0.98, Standard Deviation = 0.2003604411805482, Variance =
0.04014430639006391
FTI: Mean = 113.64, Standard Deviation = 41.551649606979, Variance =
1726.5395850611578
TBG: Mean = 29.87, Standard Deviation = 21.080503860189545, Variance =
444.3876429994663
                                                 0
Missing Values: Record ID
age
                                0
                              307
sex
on thyroxine
                                0
                                0
query on thyroxine
on antithyroid medication
                                0
sick
                                0
                                0
pregnant
thyroid surgery
                                0
I131 treatment
                                0
query hypothyroid
                                0
query hyperthyroid
                                0
lithium
goitre
                                0
                                0
tumor
                                0
hypopituitary
                                0
psych
TSH measured
                                0
TSH
                              842
T3 measured
                                0
                             2604
```

0

TT4 measured

TT4	442						
T4U measured	0						
T4U	809						
FTI measured	0						
FTI	802						
TBG measured	0						
TBG	8823						
referral source	0						
Condition	0						
dtype: int64							
Outliers per column: Reco	ord ID	0					
age	4						
sex	0						
on thyroxine	1240						
query on thyroxine	153						
on antithyroid medication	n 116						
sick	344						
pregnant	107						
thyroid surgery	134						
I131 treatment	169						
query hypothyroid	630						
query hyperthyroid	651						
lithium	93						
goitre	84						
tumor	241						
hypopituitary	2						
psych	418						
TSH measured	842						
TSH	884						
T3 measured	0						
T3	360						
TT4 measured	442						
TT4	422						
T4U measured	809						
T4U	420						
FTI measured	802						
FTI	501						
TBG measured	349						
TBG	29						
referral source	0						
Condition	2401						
dtype: int64							
Missing values after imputation: Record ID 0							
age	0						
sex	0						
on thyroxine	0						
query on thyroxine	0						
on antithyroid medication	•						
v							

```
sick
                             0
                             0
pregnant
thyroid surgery
                             0
I131 treatment
                             0
query hypothyroid
                             0
query hyperthyroid
                             0
lithium
                             0
goitre
                             0
tumor
hypopituitary
                             0
psych
                             0
TSH measured
                             0
TSH
                             0
T3 measured
                             0
Т3
                             0
TT4 measured
TT4
T4U measured
                             0
T4U
                             0
FTI measured
                             0
FTI
                             0
TBG measured
                             0
TBG
                             0
referral source
                             0
Condition
dtype: int64
Normalized Data Sample:
                              Record ID
                                              age sex on thyroxine query on
thyroxine \
0 0.000000e+00 0.000427
                                         0.0
                                                              0.0
                           0.0
1 3.410871e-08 0.000427
                           0.0
                                         0.0
                                                              0.0
2 9.891527e-07 0.000610
                           0.0
                                         0.0
                                                              0.0
3 6.934301e-05 0.000534
                           0.0
                                         0.0
                                                              0.0
4 6.937712e-05 0.000473 0.0
                                         0.0
                                                              0.0
   on antithyroid medication sick pregnant thyroid surgery I131 treatment \
0
                         0.0
                               0.0
                                         0.0
                                                           0.0
                                                                           0.0
                         0.0
                               0.0
                                         0.0
                                                          0.0
                                                                           0.0
1
2
                         0.0
                               0.0
                                         0.0
                                                           0.0
                                                                           0.0
3
                         0.0
                               0.0
                                         0.0
                                                           0.0
                                                                           0.0
4
                         0.0
                               0.0
                                         0.0
                                                           0.0
                                                                           0.0
      TT4 measured
                         TT4
                              T4U measured
                                                 T4U FTI measured \
0
               0.0 0.170569
                                       0.0 0.365741
                                                                0.0
               1.0 0.210702
                                                                0.0
1
                                       0.0 0.365741
2
               0.0 0.170569
                                       0.0 0.365741
                                                                0.0
3
               0.0 0.170569
                                       0.0 0.365741
                                                                0.0
4
               0.0 0.170569
                                       0.0 0.365741
                                                                0.0
```

	FTI	TBG measured	TBG	referral source	Condition
0	0.122328	0.0	0.129565	1.0	0.806452
1	0.122328	0.0	0.129565	1.0	0.806452
2	0.122328	1.0	0.054527	1.0	0.806452
3	0.122328	1.0	0.129565	1.0	0.806452
4	0.122328	1.0	0.179590	1.0	1.000000

[5 rows x 31 columns]

Jaccard Coefficient: 0.4, SMC: 0.8636363636363636

Cosine Similarity: 0.6605204689109685

