

Program 9

Write a program

8a) To construct a binary Search tree.

8b) To traverse the tree using all the methods i.e., in-order, preorder and post order, display all traversal order

Observation:

WEEK - 10

8. Write a program

a) To construct a binary search tree.

b) To traverse the tree using all the methods i.e., in-order, preorder, and post order, display all traversal order.

9a) Write a program to traverse a graph using BFS method.

9b) Write a program to traverse a graph using DFS method.

```
struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node* left;
    struct Node* right;
};

struct Node* createNode(int data) {
    struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*) malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    newNode->data = data;
    newNode->left = NULL;
    newNode->right = NULL;
    return newNode;
}

struct Node* insert(struct Node* root, int data) {
    if (root == NULL) {
        return createNode(data);
    }
    if (data < root->data) {
        root->left = insert(root->left, data);
    }
}
```

```
else if (data > root->data) {
    root->right = insert(root->right, data);
}
return root;
}

void inorder(struct Node* root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        inorder(root->left);
        printf("%d", root->data);
        inorder(root->right);
    }
}

void preorder(struct Node* root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        printf("%d", root->data);
        preorder(root->left);
        preorder(root->right);
    }
}

void postorder(struct Node* root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        postorder(root->left);
        postorder(root->right);
        printf("%d", root->data);
    }
}
```

Output:

Binary Search Tree Operations

1. Insert a node
2. Display In-Order Traversal
3. Display Pre-Order Traversal
4. Display Post-Order Traversal
5. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 20

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 15

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 35

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 40

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 25

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 30

In-Order Traversal: 15 20 25 30 35 40

Pre-Order Traversal: 20 15 25 30 35 40

Post-Order Traversal: 15 25 40 35 30 20

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node* left;
    struct Node* right;
};

/
struct Node* createNode(int data) {
    struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    newNode->data = data;
    newNode->left = NULL;
    newNode->right = NULL;
    return newNode;
}

struct Node* insert(struct Node* root, int data) {
    if (root == NULL) {
        return createNode(data);
    }
    if (data < root->data) {
        root->left = insert(root->left, data);
    } else if (data > root->data) {
        root->right = insert(root->right, data);
    }
    return root;
}

void inorder(struct Node* root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        inorder(root->left);
        printf("%d ", root->data);
        inorder(root->right);
    }
}

void preorder(struct Node* root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        printf("%d ", root->data);
        preorder(root->left);
        preorder(root->right);
    }
}
```

```

void postorder(struct Node* root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        postorder(root->left);
        postorder(root->right);
        printf("%d ", root->data);
    }
}

int main() {
    struct Node* root = NULL;
    int choice, value;

    printf("Binary Search Tree Operations:\n");
    printf("1. Insert a node\n");
    printf("2. Display In-order Traversal\n");
    printf("3. Display Pre-order Traversal\n");
    printf("4. Display Post-order Traversal\n");
    printf("5. Exit\n");

    while (1) {
        printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);

        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the value to insert: ");
                scanf("%d", &value);
                root = insert(root, value);
                break;
            case 2:
                printf("In-order Traversal: ");
                inorder(root);
                printf("\n");
                break;
            case 3:
                printf("Pre-order Traversal: ");
                preorder(root);
                printf("\n");
                break;
            case 4:
                printf("Post-order Traversal: ");
                postorder(root);
                printf("\n");
                break;
            case 5:
                printf("Exiting...\n");
                exit(0);
            default:

```

```

        printf("Invalid choice! Please try again.\n");
    }
}

return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

Binary Search Tree Operations:
1. Insert a node
2. Display In-order Traversal
3. Display Pre-order Traversal
4. Display Post-order Traversal
5. Exit

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to insert: 20

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to insert: 30

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to insert: 35

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to insert: 40

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to insert: 25

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to insert: 15

Enter your choice: 2
In-order Traversal: 15 20 25 30 35 40

Enter your choice: 3
Pre-order Traversal: 20 15 30 25 35 40

Enter your choice: 4
Post-order Traversal: 15 25 40 35 30 20

```