Pte **speaking section** Template

Speaking : Describe image **(Bar chart)**

Template:

Introduction (Parichaya - परिचय):

- **This bar chart compares different** [Categories, e.g., countries / products / age groups] **in terms of** [Y-axis unit/measurement, e.g., their population / sales figures / levels of satisfaction].

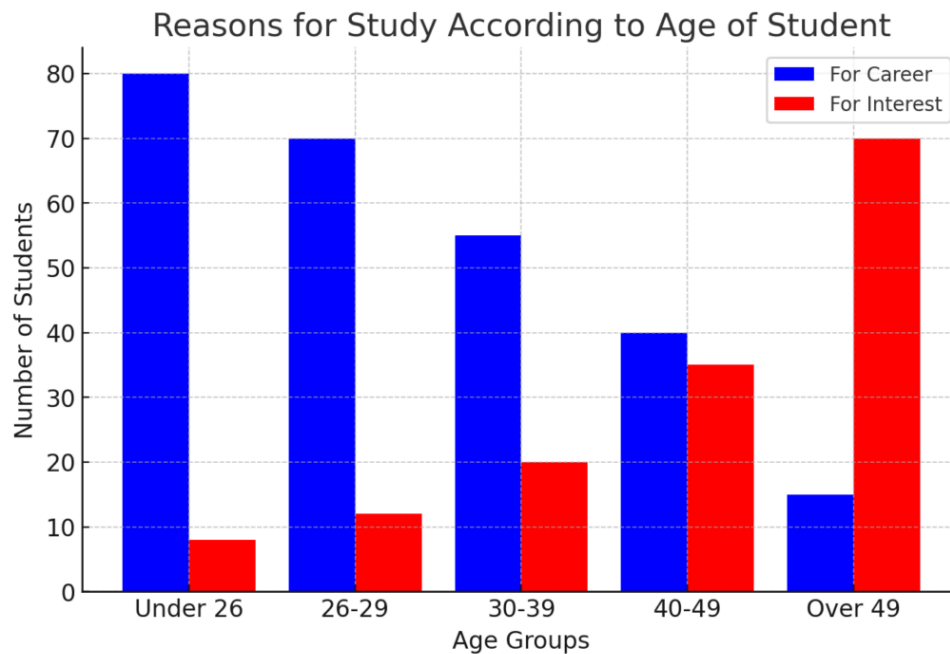**Main Body (Mukhya Kura-haru - मुख्य कुराहरू):**

- Overall, the most striking feature is that **[Category A]** represents the highest **[value/figure/percentage],** whereas **[Category B]** accounts for the lowest**.**
- To be specific, **[Category A]'s** figure stands at approximately **[Value A],** making it the most significant among all categories shown.
- Following this**, [Category C]** shows a figure of around **[Value C],** which is considerably **[lower/higher]** than **[Category A but higher/lower than Category B, or another relevant comparison].**

Conclusion (Niskarsha - निष्कर्ष):

In summary, the bar chart effectively illustrates the variations in **[Main Topic]** across the presented categories, with **[Category A]** being the most prominent**.**

Lets see the example

Reasons for Study According to Age of Student

This bar chart shows reasons for study, 'For Career' versus 'For Interest', across different student age groups, with the Y-axis showing the number of students

Overall, studying 'For Career' is dominant for younger students, especially those under 26, while 'For Interest' is the main reason for the 'Over 49' age group.

Specifically, for those 'Under 26', around 80 students study for career, much higher than the approximate 8 studying for interest. Conversely, in the 'Over 49' group, about 70 students study for interest, far exceeding the roughly 15 studying for career.

In summary, the chart clearly shows that reasons for study shift from career-focused for younger students to interest-based for older students."