

**Bumagat, Justine B.**

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**Pingol, Mark Nel C.**

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## **“THE K-12 CURRICULUM MUST BE REMOVE FROM THE PHILIPPINES EDUCATION“**

Education is one factor used to assess a country's economic standing. If a country does not have a good education system, it may have a negative impact on its economic and social standing. The education system in the Philippines is an example of how the country's performance is affected worldwide. The Philippines' education system is being upgraded by introducing the Enhanced Basic Education Curriculum, often known as K-12 curricula. The purpose of K-12 is to promote Filipinos' global competency, but has this curriculum enhanced the country's educational system? Should the government abolish, keep, or revise the education system? Here are my thoughts and observations on the subject.

The K-12 is an educational framework that has been implemented in the Philippines since 2013. This educational program is used to prepare students for more studies, employment, and entrepreneurship. Despite of some problems, there are many reasons why the K-12 curriculum should not be removed from education in the Philippines. K-12 gives students an additional year of education, which is effective in developing their skills and knowledge. The additional years of senior high school allow students to scan their interests and passions while also gaining practical skills that will help them in college and their future job. K-12 is designed to provide students with a good education that not just includes academic subjects, but also values education. the K-12 also have subjects like Physical education (P.E), arts, and music are also taught in grades K-12 to assist kids develop their creativity, imagination, and physical fitness. K-12 is intended to educate student's skills that they need to develop and be ready for the near future. Information and communication technology (ICT), which is popular in today's digital world, is also included in the curriculum. Furthermore, the K-12 curriculum promotes the development of critical thinking and problem-solving abilities, both of which are necessary for success in any sector of life.

The K-12 curriculum should not be removed from education in the Philippines. It provides students with an additional two years of education, a well-rounded education that includes values education, aligns with international standards, and prepares students for the challenges of the future. While there may be some challenges in implementation, the benefits of the K-12 curriculum far outweigh the costs.