```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
# In[2]:
data=pd.read_csv('311_Service_Requests_from_2010_to_Present.csv',low_memory=False)
# In[3]:
df_data=pd.DataFrame(data)
# In[4]:
df_data.head()
# In[5]:
df_data.fillna(0)
# In[6]:
df_data.columns
# In[15]:
df_data.drop('School Not Found',axis=1)
# In[16]:
df_data.shape
# In[17]:
df_data['Created Date']=pd.to_datetime(df_data['Created
Date']) df_data['Closed Date']=pd.to_datetime(df_data['Closed
Date']) data1=df_data['Closed Date']-df_data['Created Date']
# In[18]:
data1.head()
```

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# In[19]:
df_data['request_time']=data1
# In[20]:
df_data.head()
# In[24]:
df_data.info()
# In[21]:
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# In[22]:
get_ipython().run_line_magic('matplotlib', 'inline')
# In[23]:
import seaborn as sn
sn.displot(df_data['Status'])
plt.show()
# In[25]:
df_data.loc[:,['Complaint Type','City']]
# In[26]:
major=df_data.loc[:,['Complaint Type']]
# In[27]:
major
# In[28]:
top=major.value_counts()
top
# In[29]:
```

```
top10_complaint=top.head(10)
top10_complaint
# In[30]:
import seaborn as sn
sn.displot(top10_complaint)
plt.show()
# In[31]:
top10_complaint.plot(kind='bar',title='The major complaint types and their count')
# In[32]:
major_cities=df_data.loc[:,['City']]
major_cities
# In[33]:
top_cities=major_cities.value_counts()
top_cities
# In[34]:
top10_cities=top_cities.head(10)
# In[35]:
top10_cities
# In[36]:
top10_cities.plot(kind='bar',title='Cities which have higher Complaints')
# In[37]:
loc_type=df_data.loc[:,'Location Type']
location_count=loc_type.value_counts()
location_count
# In[39]:
location_count.head(10).plot(kind='bar',title='Cities which have higher Complaints')
# In[40]:
```

```
# In[41]:
mean_data = df_data[['City','Complaint Type','request_time']]
mean\_data.dropna(subset = ['City', 'Complaint\ Type', 'request\_time'],\ inplace = True)
mean_data['Mean'] = np.around( (mean_data['request_time'].astype(np.int64)/
                                (pow(10,9)*3600)), decimals=2)
# In[42]:
mean_data['Mean']
# In[43]:
mean_data.head(6)
# In[44]:
Average_time = np.around((mean_data['Mean'].mean()),decimals=2)
# In[45]:
Average_time
# In[46]:
mean_data.columns
# In[47]:
mean_data['Complaint Type']
# In[48]:
Complaint_AvgTime = mean_data.groupby(['Complaint Type']).agg({'Mean':'mean'})
Complaint_AvgTime = pd.DataFrame(Complaint_AvgTime)
Complaint_AvgTime = Complaint_AvgTime.sort_values(['Mean']).reset_index()
Complaint_AvgTime
# In[49]:
sample1=Complaint_AvgTime.sample(frac=.5)
# In[50]:
```

df_data.loc[:,['Complaint Type','City','Location','request_time']]

```
# In[51]:
sample2 = Complaint_AvgTime.drop(sample1.index)
sample2
# In[52]:
print('Mean of 1st sample =',np.around(float(sample1['Mean'].mean()),decimals=2))
print('Standard dev. of 1st sample = ',np.around(float(sample1['Mean'].std()),decimals=2))
print('Mean of 2nd sample =',np.around(float(sample2['Mean'].mean()),decimals=2))
print('Standard dev. of 2nd sample =',np.around(float(sample2['Mean'].std()),decimals=2))
# In[53]:
import scipy.stats as stat
# In[54]:
ttest_2sp, p_val = stat.ttest_ind(sample1['Mean'],sample2['Mean'])
print('T-statistic is =',ttest_2sp)
print('p value is =',np.around(p_val,decimals=2))
# In[55]:
if (p_val<0.05):
  print('Null hypothesis is rejected since p value ({}) is less than 0.05'.format(np.around(p_val,decimals=2)))
  print('Null hypothesis is accepted since p value ({}) is greater than 0.05'.format(np.around(p val,decimals=2)))
# ## we can't reject the null hypothesis. null hypothesis-there is no relation between the average response time and
complaint type
# In[ ]:
```

sample1