WORKSHEET 2 SQL

- 1. Which of the following constraint requires that there should not be duplicate entries? Ans: Option D: Unique
- 2. Which of the following constraint allows null values in a column? Ans: Option C: Null
- 3. Which of the following statements are true regarding Primary Key? Ans: Option B: There can be duplicate values in a primary key column
- 4. Which of the following statements are true regarding Unique Key? Ans: Option B: Null values are not allowed
- 5. Which of the following is/are example of referential constraint? Ans: Option B: Foreign key
- 6. How many foreign keys are there in the Supplier table? Ans: Option C: 2
- 7. The type of relationship between Supplier table and Product table is: Ans: Option A: One to many
- 8. The type of relationship between Order table and Headquarter table is: Ans:Option C: One to one
- 9. Which of the following is a foreign key in Delivery table? Ans: OptionA: Delivery ID
- 10. The number of foreign keys in order details is: Ans: Option D: 2
- 11. The type of relationship between Order Detail table and Product table is: Ans: Option B: Many to one
- 12. DDL statements perform operation on which of the following database objects? Ans:Option C: Table
- 13. Which of the following statement is used to enter rows in a table? Ans: Option A: Insert in to
- 14. Which of the following is/are entity constraints in SQL? Ans: Options B and C: Unique and Primary key
- 15. Which of the following statements is an example of semantic Constraint? Ans:Option A: A blood group can contain one of the following values A, B, AB and O.