

# Photonic CRYSTALS

**CHARACTERISATION** 

## INTRODUCTION

Photonic crystals are a class of optical materials that exhibit a periodic structure on the scale of the wavelength of light. The periodic arrangement of dielectric materials in photonic crystals leads to the creation of allowed and forbidden energy bands for photons. Photons within the allowed bands can propagate through the crystal, while those within the forbidden bands are prohibited from doing so, resulting in a photonic band gap. This unique property enables precise control of light in various applications, such as optical communication, sensors, lasers, and even in the development of novel optical devices.

## PREPARATION STEPS

- 4 wt% of polystyrene beads suspension was prepared in DI water.
- Sonication was done to disperse the suspension and separate the aggregation of nanospheres.
- The microscopic slides were used as base substrate and they were cleaned using soap, ethanol and then piranha solution to remove any organic remnants and make the surface hydrophilic.
- The slides were then immersed in the polystyrene solution and hold for 2 minutes.
- Finally the sample was kept in oven at 80 degree C for 30min for drying and self assembly.
- The steps were repeated for 2 more samples at 3 minutes and 5/minutes.

#### **Anchor Scan Parameters**

Dataset Name: PHOTONIC-CRYSTAL-MM203 BTECH MME
File name: C:\X'Pert Data\PHOTONIC-CRYSTAL-MM203 BTECH MME.xrdml
Comment: Configuration=Flat Sample Stage, Owner=User-1, Creation date=6/4/2010 2:27:02 PM
Goniometer=PW3050/60 (Theta/Theta); Minimum step size 2Theta:0.001; Minimum step size
Omega:0.001

Sample stage=PW3071/xx Bracket Diffractometer system=XPERT-PRO

Measurement program=material+mech, Owner=User-1, Creation date=9/5/2018 3:29:17 PM

Measurement Date / Time: 11/8/2018 4:56:44 PM

Operator: amit

Raw Data Origin: XRD measurement (\*.XRDML)

Scan Axis: Gonio

Start Position [°2Th.]: 10.0114 End Position [°2Th.]: 89.9794

Step Size [°2Th.]: 0.0170

Scan Step Time [s]: 50.1650

Scan Type: Continuous

PSD Mode: Scanning

PSD Length [°2Th.]: 2.12

Offset [°2Th.]: 0.0000 Divergence Slit Type: Fixed

Divergence Slit Size [°]: 1.7359

Specimen Length [mm]: 10.00

Measurement Temperature [°C]: 25.00

Anode Material: Cu

K-Alpha1 [Å]: 1.54060

K-Alpha2 [A]: 1.54443

K-Beta [Å]: 1.39225

K-A2 / K-A1 Ratio: 0.50000

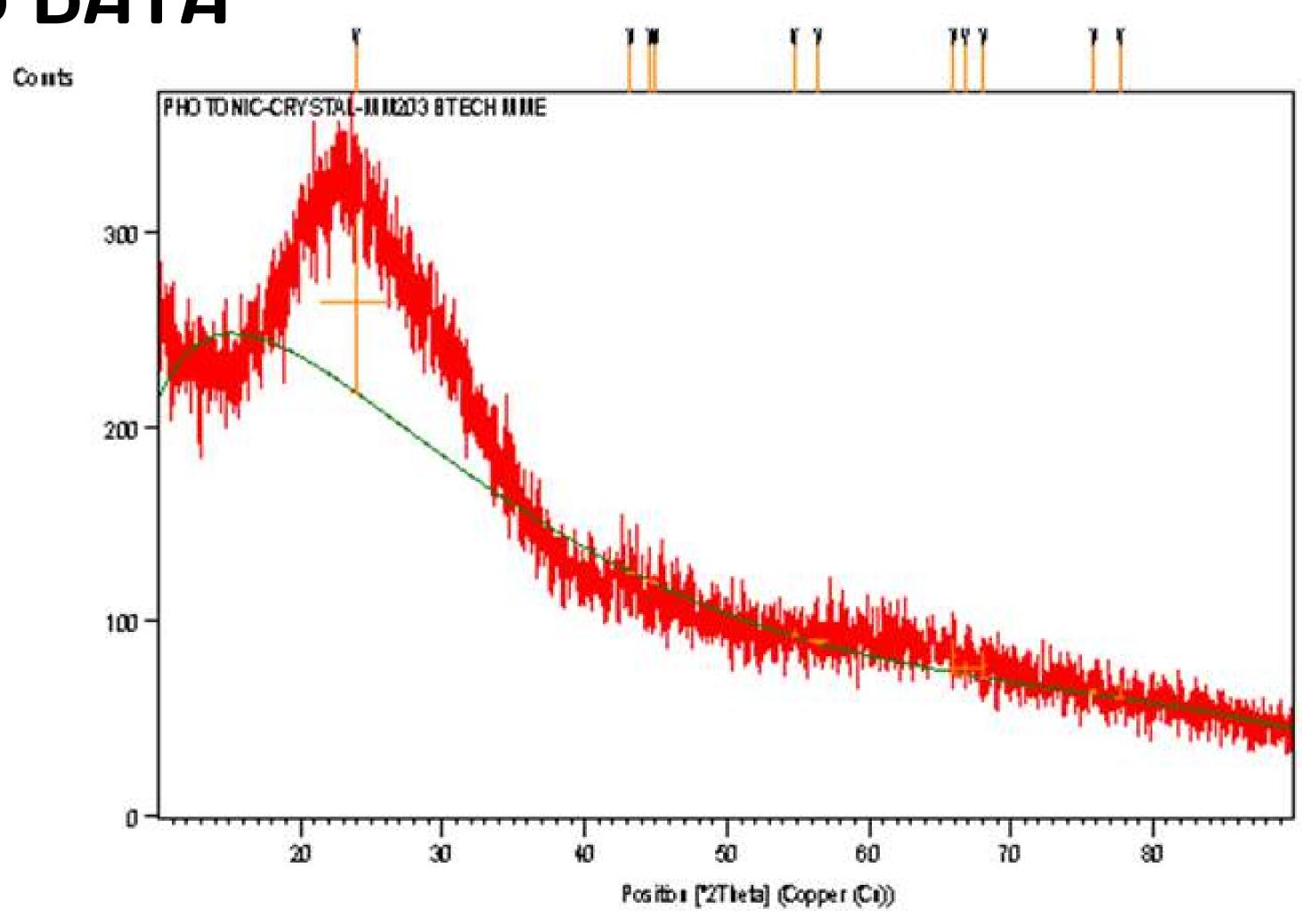
Generator Settings: 40 mA, 45 kV Diffractometer Type: 000000011075742

Diffractometer Number: O

Goniometer Radius [mm]: 240.00

Dist. Focus-Diverg. Slit [mm]: 100.00 Incident Beam Monochromator: No

Spinning: No



### Peak List

Pos.[°2Th.] F	leight [cts] FW	/HMLeft[°2Th.]	d-spacing [Å]	Rel. Int. [%]
23.858290	93.008800	5.098811	3.72662	100 00
43.256380	0.001000	0.001000	2.08990	0.00
44.622740	0.001000	0.001000	2.02903	
45.006190	0.001000	0.001000	2.01263	
54.739490	3.898109	0.227509	1.67554	
56.38088	2.667017	1.302631	1.63059	//// <b>//</b> 2/8 <b>7</b>
65.964310	17.935380	0.072298	1.41501	//////19.28
66.736970	7.029620	2.592071	1.40049	///////////////////////////////////////
68.048800	13.785360	0.057607	1.37665///	///////////////////////////////////////
75.815160	2.670715	0.521051	1.25376	///// <b>/2.87</b> /////
77.686280	8.346387	0.122767	1.22817////	///// <b>////////////////////////////////</b>

Pos.[°2Th.] 23.858290 43.256380 44.622740	
45.006190 54.739490	
56.380880 65.964310	
66.736970 68.048800 75.815160	
77.686280	

$sin(\theta)$
0.163984
0.087647
0.084946
0.084088
0.064399
0.062819
0.049364
0.048640
0.047498
0.038402
0.037680

ossible Miller indi	ces (hkl)
(2,1,1)	
(5,2,2)	
(5,2,2)	
(5,2,2)	
(7,2,2)	
(7,2,2)	
(9,3,3)	
(9,3,3)	
(9,3,3)	///////////////////////////////////////
(11,3,3)	
(11,3,3)	
	///////////////////////////////////////

2dsin(theta)=n(lemda)

Using the equation, we can calculate the Miller indices:

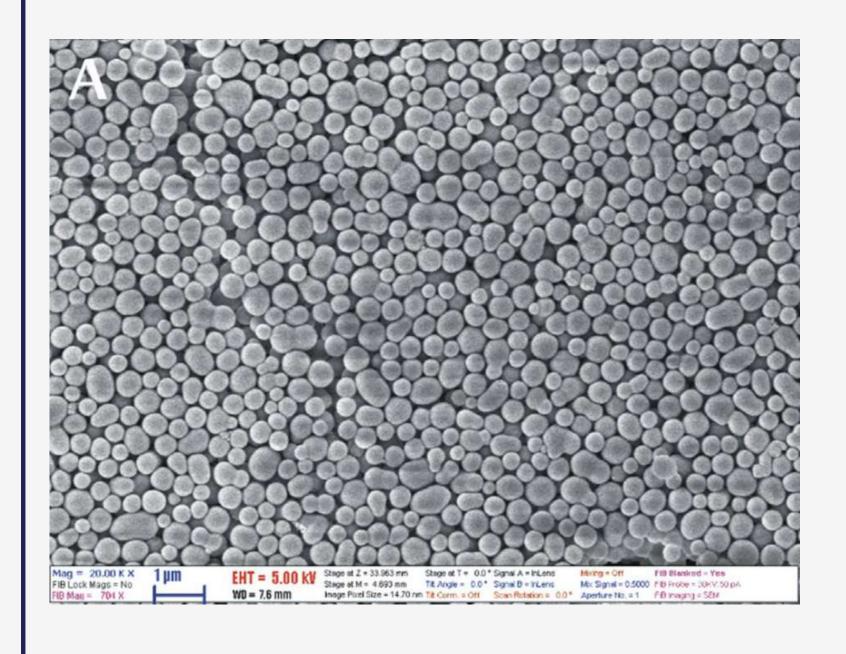
Miller indices (hkl) (2,1,1)

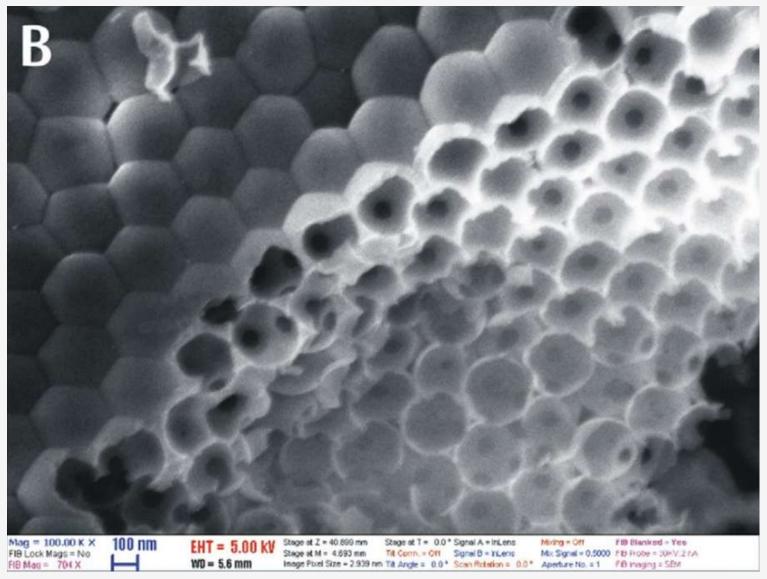
d-spacing (nm) 3.42

#### **RESULTS**

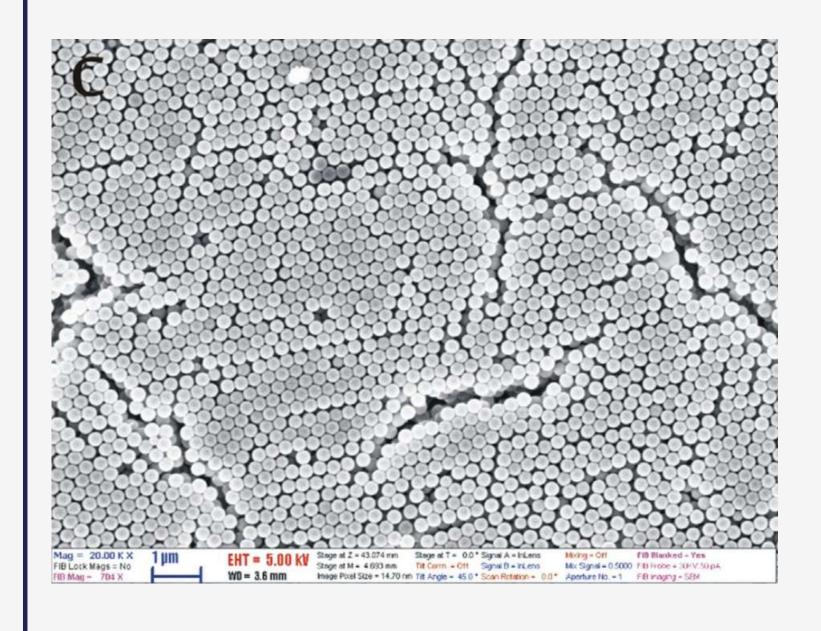
- It is a amorphous nature but the indices are consistent with a BCC crystal structure.
- The crystallite size of polystyrene nanospheres is around 3.42nm

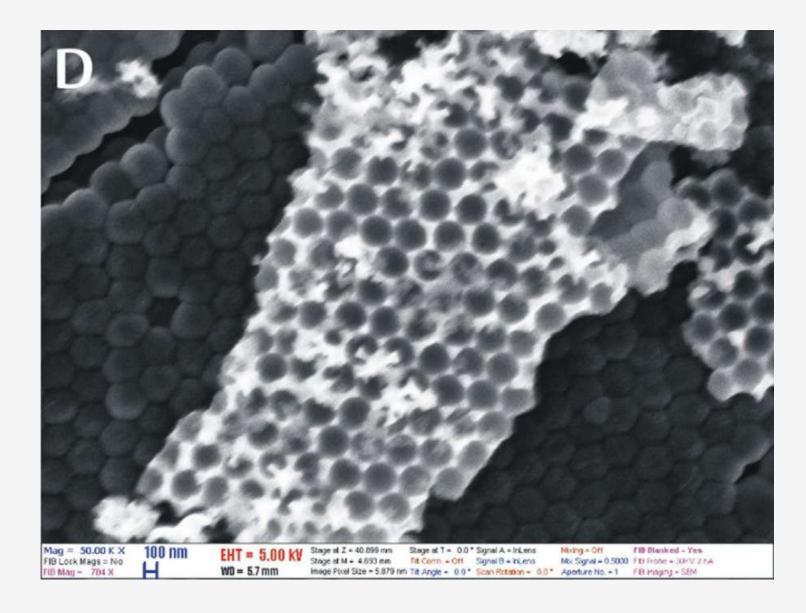
# SEM IMAGES





# SEM IMAGES





# **UV-VIS SPECTROMETRY**

# PRACTICAL DATA OF UV-VIS CHARACTERIZATION OF PHOTONIC CRYSTAL

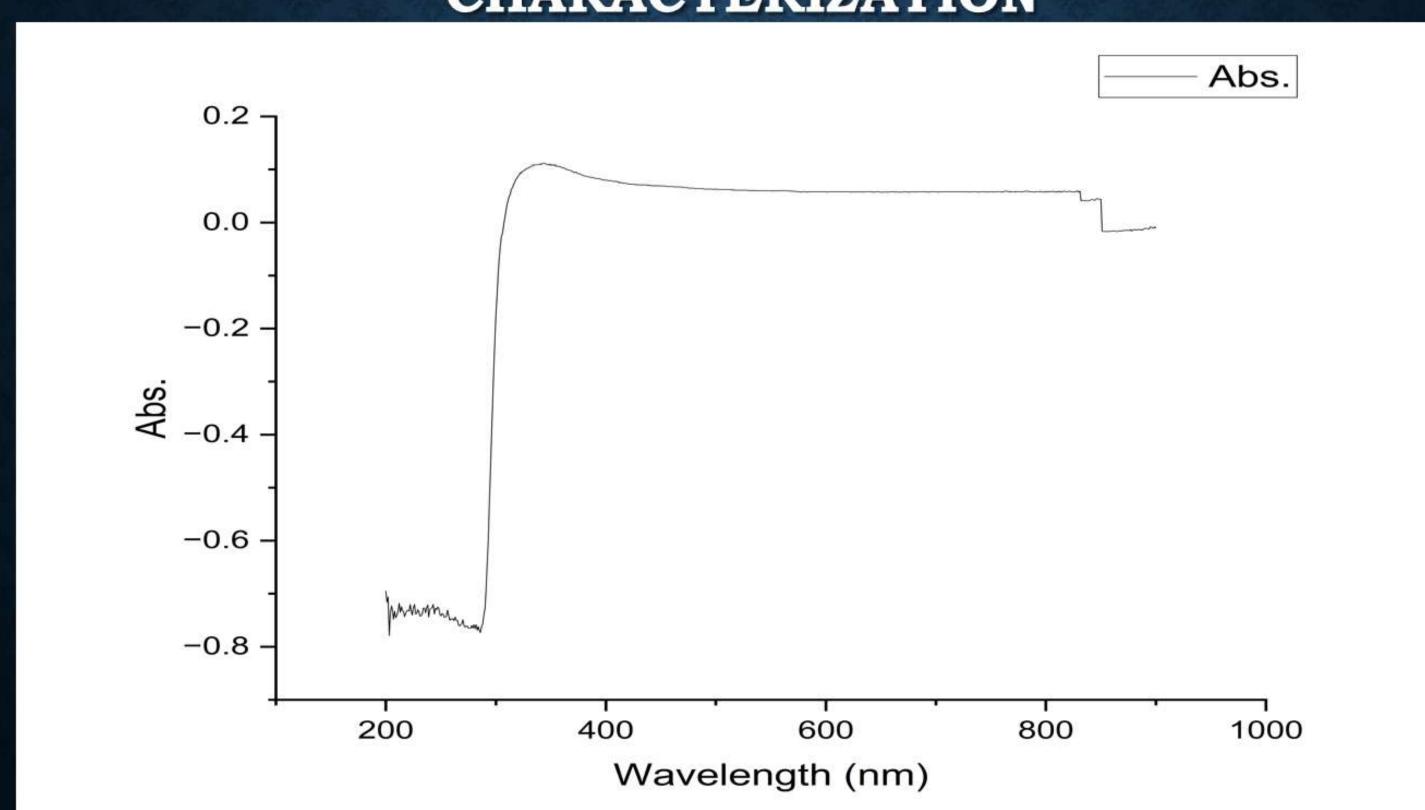
-		
1	slit - RawData	
2	Wavelength nm.	Abs.
3	200	-0.695
4	201	-0.716
5	202	-0.706
6	203	-0.779
7	204	-0.736
8	205	-0.723
9	206	-0.732
10	207	-0.748
11	208	-0.733
12	209	-0.745
13	210	-0.741
14	211	-0.733
15	212	-0.718
16	213	-0.735
17	214	-0.724
18	215	-0.732
19	216	-0.733
20	217	-0.743
21	218	-0.737
22	219	-0.732
23	220	-0.731
24	221	-0.733
25	222	-0.72
26	223	-0.731
27	224	-0.74
28	225	-0.726
29	226	-0.72
30	227	-0.738

31	228	-0.737
32	229	-0.73
33	230	-0.735
34	231	-0.742
35	232	-0.742
36	233	-0.738
37	234	-0.727
38	235	-0.727
39	236	-0.736
40	237	-0.725
41	238	-0.721
42	239	-0.744
43	240	-0.729
44	241	-0.728
45	242	-0.726
46	243	-0.72
47	244	-0.738
48	245	-0.727
49	246	-0.73
50	247	-0.725
51	248	-0.726
52	249	-0.738
53	250	-0.742
54	251	-0.737
55	252	-0.739
56	253	-0.744
57	254	-0.744
58	255	-0.743
59	256	-0.731
60	257	-0.74

61	258	-0.75
70074		
62	259	-0.747
63	260	-0.748
64	261	-0.747
65	262	-0.751
66	263	-0.744
67	264	-0.75
68	265	-0.75
69	266	-0.759
70	267	-0.761
71	268	-0.758
72	269	-0.756
73	270	-0.749
74	271	-0.759
75	272	-0.763
76	273	-0.761
77	274	-0.761
78	275	-0.765
79	276	-0.765
80	277	-0.765
81	278	-0.76
82	279	-0.765
83	280	-0.758
84	281	-0.766
85	282	-0.758
86	283	-0.769
87	284	-0.762
88	285	-0.77
89	286	-0.773
90	287	-0.762

# **UV-VIS SPECTROMETRY**

# GRAPH OF ABOVE DATA FOR UV-VIS CHARACTERIZATION



## **UV-VIS SPECTROMETRY**

## **RESULTS:**

From the graph, we conclude that our sample is almost transparent with little absorbance throughout the spectrum.

