

# 9.3.12B

EE24BTECH11027 - satwikagv

## Question:

Plot the solution of the differential equation:

$$y'' + xy' + xy = x. \quad (0.1)$$

## Solution:

To plot the curve of the given differential equation (0.1) we can do it using the method of finite differences which is a numerical technique for solving complex differential equations by approximating derivatives with differences.

The approximated forward derivative of  $y(x)$  is given as:

$$y'_n \approx \frac{y_{n+1} - y_n}{h} \quad (0.2)$$

On rearranging we get,

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + y'_n(h) \quad (0.3)$$

And also

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h \quad (0.4)$$

The approximated forward derivative of second order of  $y(x)$  is given as:

$$y''_n \approx \frac{y'_{n+1} - y'_n}{h} \quad (0.5)$$

Substitute eq (0.2) in eq (0.5) we get,

$$y''_n \approx \frac{y_{n+2} - 2y_{n+1} - y_n}{h^2} \quad (0.6)$$

Substitute eq (0.2) and eq (0.6) in eq (0.1) and on rearranging we get,

$$y_{n+2} = y_{n+1} (2 - hx_n) + y_n (1 + hx_n - h^2 x_n) + h^2 x_n \quad (0.7)$$

We need to assume two initial conditions as it is a second order differential equation.

So here we assume the initial conditions as

$$x_0 = 0 \quad (0.8)$$

$$y_0 = 0 \quad (0.9)$$

$$y'_0 = 1 \quad (0.10)$$

$$h = 0.1 \quad (0.11)$$

substitute eq (0.8), eq (0.9) and eq (0.10) in eq (0.1)  
we get

$$y''(0) = 0 \quad (0.12)$$

Substitute eq (0.10) in eq (0.3)

$$y_1 = y_0 + y'_0(0.1) \quad (0.13)$$

$$y_1 = 0.1 \quad (0.14)$$

For the rest of the points use eq (0.7) we get the other points.

