```
31. wap_to_check_whether_the_entered_number_is_armstrong_or_not
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main() {
  int num, original, remainder, count = 0;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  original = num;
  while (original != 0) {
    original /= 10;
    count++;
  }
  original = num;
  int sum = 0;
  while (original != 0) {
    remainder = original % 10;
    sum += pow(remainder, count);
    original /= 10;
  }
  if (sum == num) {
    printf("Armstrong\n");
  } else {
```

printf("Not an Armstrong\n");

```
}
  return 0;
}
32. wap_to_accept_a_2_d_array_and_display_it
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int arr[10][10], rows, cols;
  printf("Enter number of rows and columns: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
       scanf("%d", &arr[i][j]);
    }
  }
  printf("Array elements:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
       printf("%d ", arr[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
```

33. wap_to_display_sum_of_the_diagonal_elements_of_the_matrix

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int arr[10][10], n, sum = 0;
  printf("Enter the size of the square matrix: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
      scanf("%d", &arr[i][j]);
       if (i == j) {
         sum += arr[i][j];
      }
    }
  }
  printf("Sum of diagonal elements: %d\n", sum);
  return 0;
}
34. wap_to_display_transpose_of_the_matrix
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int arr[10][10], trans[10][10], rows, cols;
  printf("Enter number of rows and columns: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
       scanf("%d", &arr[i][j]);
       trans[j][i] = arr[i][j];
    }
  }
  printf("Transpose matrix:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < cols; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < rows; j++) {
       printf("%d ", trans[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
35. wap_to_display_upper_triangular_matrix
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int arr[10][10], rows, cols;
  printf("Enter number of rows and columns: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
       scanf("%d", &arr[i][j]);
    }
```

```
}
  printf("Upper triangular matrix:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
       if (j < i) {
         printf("0 ");
       } else {
         printf("%d ", arr[i][j]);
       }
    }
    printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
36. wap_to_display_matrix_addition
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int arr1[10][10], arr2[10][10], sum[10][10], rows, cols;
  printf("Enter number of rows and columns: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
  printf("Enter elements of first matrix:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
       scanf("%d", &arr1[i][j]);
    }
  }
```

```
printf("Enter elements of second matrix:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
       scanf("%d", &arr2[i][j]);
    }
  }
  printf("Sum of matrices:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
       sum[i][j] = arr1[i][j] + arr2[i][j];
       printf("%d ", sum[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
37. wap_to_display_marksheet_of_10_students
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int marks[10];
  printf("Enter marks of 10 students:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    printf("Student %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &marks[i]);
  }
  printf("Marksheet:\n");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    printf("Student %d: %d\n", i + 1, marks[i]);
  }
  return 0;
}
38. wap_menu_driven_to_create_user_defined_functions
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int factorial(int n) {
  return (n == 0 | | n == 1) ? 1 : n * factorial(n - 1);
}
int is_prime(int n) {
  if (n <= 1) return 0;
  for (int i = 2; i \le sqrt(n); i++) {
    if (n % i == 0) return 0;
  }
  return 1;
}
int sum_of_digits(int n) {
  int sum = 0;
  while (n != 0) {
    sum += n % 10;
    n /= 10;
  }
```

```
return sum;
}
int is_palindrome(int n) {
  int original = n, reversed = 0;
  while (n != 0) {
    reversed = reversed * 10 + n % 10;
    n /= 10;
  }
  return original == reversed;
}
int reverse_number(int n) {
  int reversed = 0;
  while (n != 0) {
    reversed = reversed * 10 + n % 10;
    n /= 10;
  return reversed;
}
int is_armstrong(int n) {
  int original = n, sum = 0, count = 0;
  while (original != 0) {
    original /= 10;
    count++;
  }
  original = n;
  while (original != 0) {
```

```
sum += pow(original % 10, count);
    original /= 10;
  }
  return sum == n;
}
int main() {
  int choice, num;
  printf("Menu:\n1. Factorial\n2. Prime\n3. Sum of digits\n4. Palindrome\n5. Reverse\n6.
Armstrong\n");
  printf("Enter your choice: ");
  scanf("%d", &choice);
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  switch (choice) {
    case 1: printf("Factorial: %d\n", factorial(num)); break;
    case 2: printf(is_prime(num) ? "Prime\n" : "Not Prime\n"); break;
    case 3: printf("Sum of digits: %d\n", sum_of_digits(num)); break;
    case 4: printf(is_palindrome(num) ? "Palindrome\n" : "Not Palindrome\n"); break;
    case 5: printf("Reversed number: %d\n", reverse_number(num)); break;
    case 6: printf(is_armstrong(num) ? "Armstrong\n" : "Not Armstrong\n"); break;
    default: printf("Invalid choice\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
```