Problem Statement:

A **ride-sharing company** wants to analyze the consistency of its drivers. For each driver, calculate the **variance** in trip earnings over the past 6 months. Also, determine how many times the driver's daily earnings deviated by more than **1.5 times** their average daily earnings within this period.

Table: TRIPS

- TRIP_ID (INT) Unique identifier for each trip
- DRIVER_ID (INT) ID of the driver
- TRIP_DATE (DATE) Date of the trip
- EARNINGS (DECIMAL) Earnings from the trip

Output:

- DRIVER_ID
- EARNINGS_VARIANCE (Variance of daily earnings over 6 months)
- HIGH_DEVIATION_DAYS (Count of days where daily earnings > 1.5 × average daily earnings)

Variance Formula:

The variance of daily earnings is calculated as:

$$\sigma^2 = rac{\sum (x_i - ar{x})^2}{n}$$

where:

- x_i = daily earnings
- $ar{x}$ = average daily earnings
- n = number of days

```
**QUERY:
```

```
WITH TOTAL_DAILY AS(

SELECT

DRIVER_ID,

TRIP_DATE,

SUM(EARNINGS) AS DAILY_EARNING

FROM TRIPS

WHERE TRIP_DATE >= CURRENT_DATE - INTERVAL 180 DAY

GROUP BY 1,2
)
```

```
,AVG_DAILY AS(
SELECT
      DRIVER_ID,
      AVG(DAILY_EARNING) AS AVG_EARNING,
      COUNT(TRIP_DATE) AS N_DAYS
FROM TOTAL_DAILY
GROUP BY 1
)
SELECT
      A.DRIVER_ID,
      SUM(CASE WHEN A.DAILY_EARNING > (1.5*B.AVG_EARNING) THEN 1 ELSE 0) AS
HIGH_DEVIATION_DAYS,
      SUM(POWER((A.DAILY_EARNING - B.AVG_EARNING),2))/B.N_DAYS AS EARNINGS_VARIANCE
FROM
      TOTAL_DAILY AS A
INNER JOIN
      AVG_DAILY AS B
ON A.DRIVER_ID = B.DRIVER_ID
GROUP BY 1
```