

**Ans 1** The arithmetic and logic unit and Logic unit performs all arithmetic operations like addition, ~~sub~~ subtraction, division, and multiplication, and logical operations like AND, OR etc of the computer system. ALU is an independent unit because it performs the function independently.

It is a digital circuit representing the fundamental building block of the central processing unit (CPU) of a computer.

Modern CPUs contain very powerful and complex ALUs. In addition to ALUs, modern CPUs contain a control unit (CU).

The ALU can use only 'addition' to perform the other basic operations in this way. operation can be performed as follows

Subtraction :  $a - b = a + (-1) * b$ .

Multiplication :  $a * b = a + a + \dots + a$  ..  $b$  times.

Division :  $a / b =$  continuously subtract  $b$  from  $a$  and count how many times we can do that



### 3a) Youtube -

- > Hardware - PC, server, microphone, Webcam
- > software - web Browser, video editing program, Sound editing Software, Mobile App user - Any public user  
user professional Youtubers, celebrities, Journalist, etc

### ⑥ Retail software -

- > Hardware - POS Terminal, Workstation, Barcode Scanner, Register screen, Receipt Printer
- > software - Inventory, Customer Loyalty  
Loyalty software,  
E-commerce applications, Retail management  
management software.
- > user - Stores, staff, customers (self service)

Ans ④ Education- The computer provides a tool in the education system known as CBE (computer based education).

CBE involves control, delivery, and evaluation of learning.

Also, Remote learning

Healthcare-

Diagnosis: X-Ray, MRI, CT Scan patient

monitoring: These are used to check

the patient monitoring: These are used to

check the patient's sign for abnormality

Such as in cardiac Arrest, ECG, etc.

Pharma information system: computer is used to check drug labels, expiry dates, harmful side effects, etc.



① (456)<sub>8</sub> →

4 5 6

↓

↓

↓

Binary → 100 101 110

∴ (0 100 101 110) } Converting to decimal  
↓      ↓      ↓  
1      2      14

1 2 14

↓

(1 2 E)<sub>16</sub>

↓

Ans.

(Converting to ~~Hexadecimal~~  
Hexadecimal)

2b:

(b)

(23.6825)

23 ~~23~~  
↓  
binary → 10111

0.6825

$$\therefore 0.6825 \times 2 = 1.3255 \mid 1$$

$$\del{0.6825} 0.3255 \times 2 = 0.651 \mid 0$$

$$0.651 \times 2 = 1.302 \mid 1$$

$$0.302 \times 2 = 0.604 \mid 0$$

$$\del{0.604} \times 2 = \dots \downarrow$$

$\therefore$  Binary → (10111.1011)<sub>2</sub>  
R.

(b) (23.6825)

2b:

2	23	
2	11	1
2	5	1
2	2	1
2	1	0
2	0	1

10111

0.6825

0.6825 × 2 = 1.325	→ 1
0.325 × 2 = 0.65	→ 0
0.65 × 2 = 1.3	→ 1
0.3 × 2 = 0.6	→ 0

1011

∴ (10111.1011)<sub>2</sub>

Ans.

# 2 C num

① (11 00 11 . 11 00 11) <sub>2</sub> to decimal

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc}
 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & \cdot & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\
 \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 & & 2^{-1} & 2^{-2} & 2^{-3} & 2^{-4} & 2^{-5} & 2^{-6} \\
 \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
 32 & 16 & 8 & 4 & 2 & 1 & & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{8} & \frac{1}{16} & \frac{1}{32} & \frac{1}{64}
 \end{array}$$

$$32 + 16 + 2 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{32} + \frac{1}{64}$$

$$= (51.796875)_{10}$$

Ans.