The True Cost of Discounting: Does It Make Sense for Eniac?

What have we looked at?

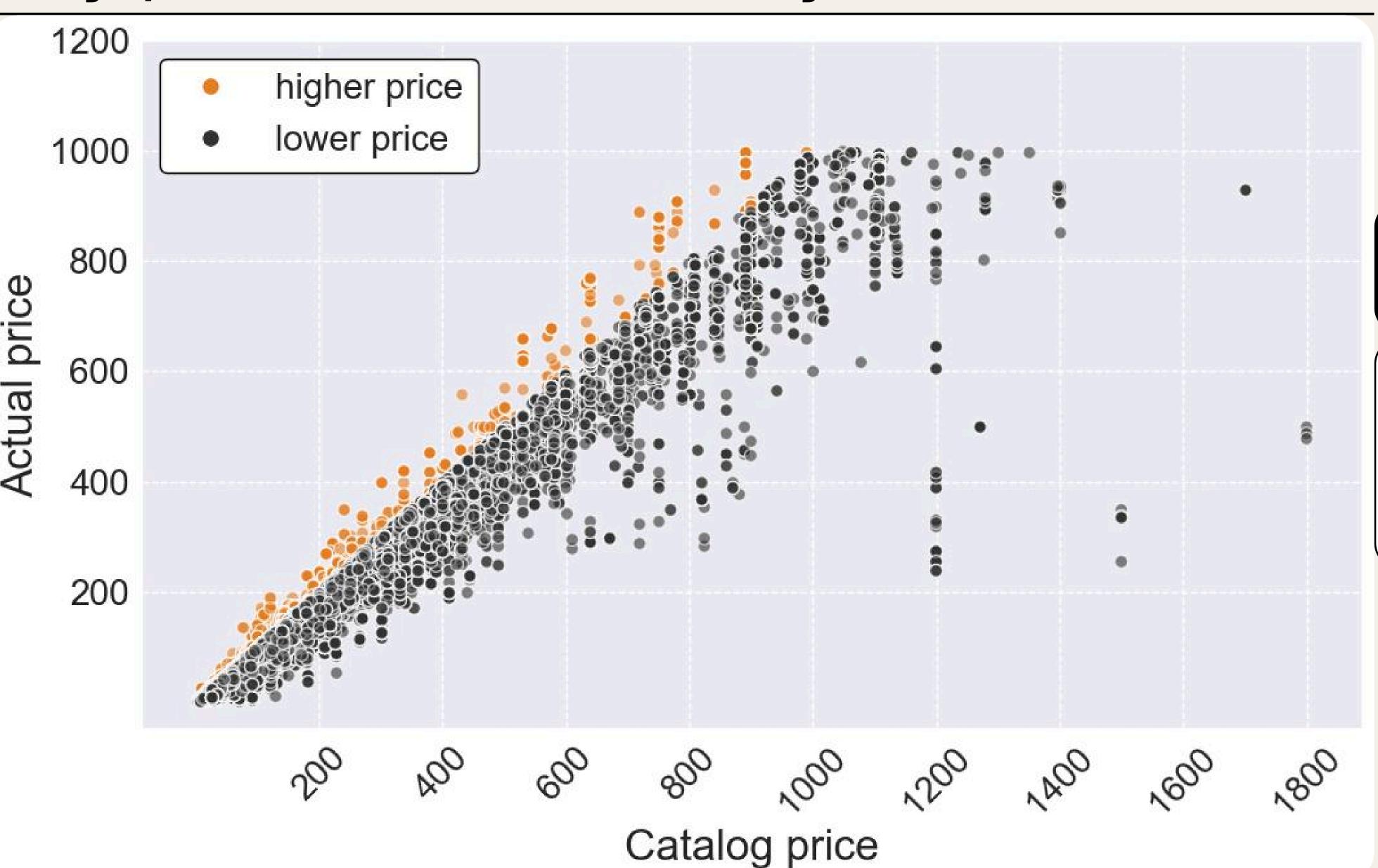
Dataset

all orders (40985)/ products (5098)/ discounts (\$1.390.217) from 01/2017 until 03/2018

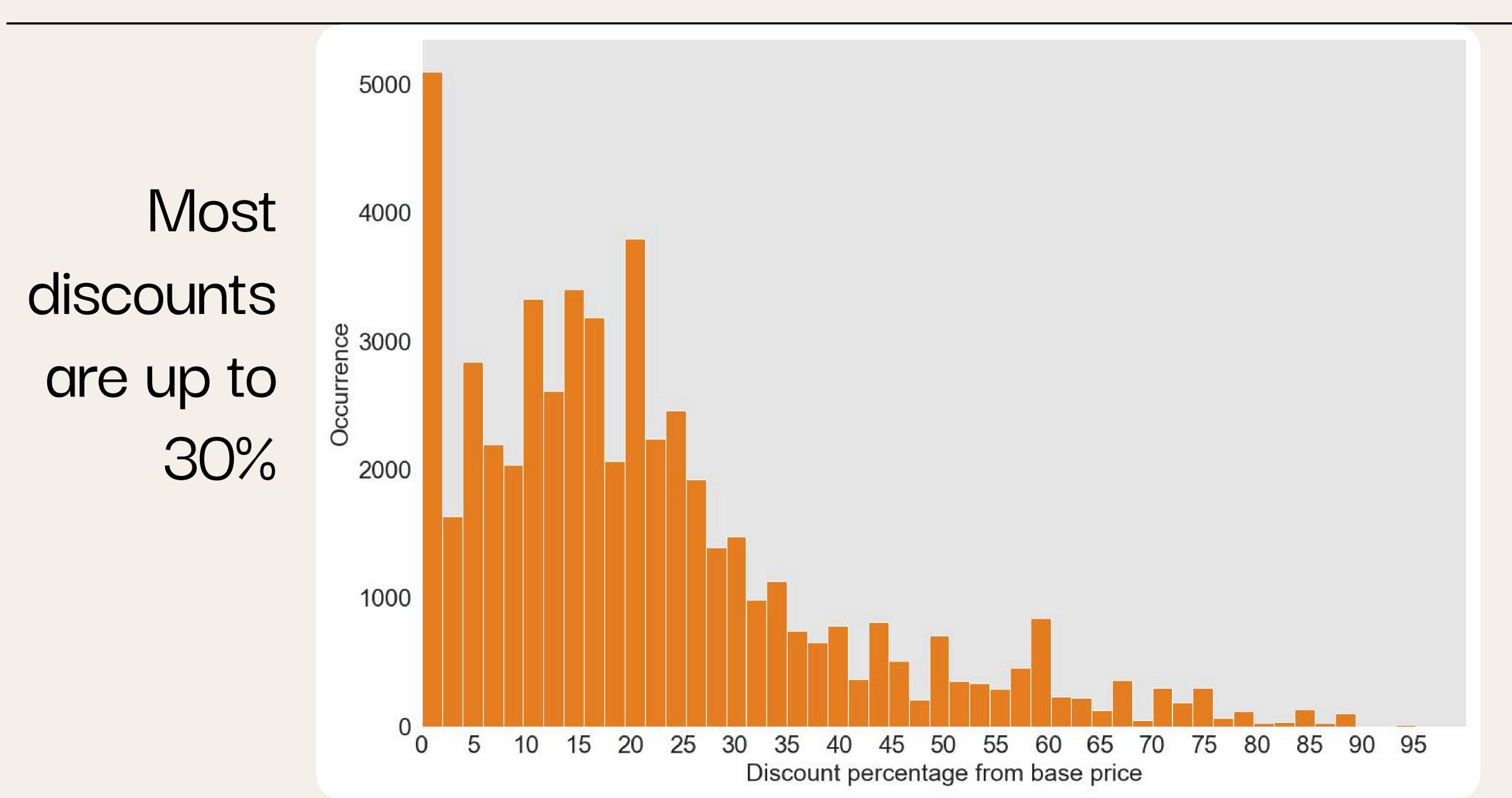
How do Eniacs' discounts look like?

How many products are currently discounted?

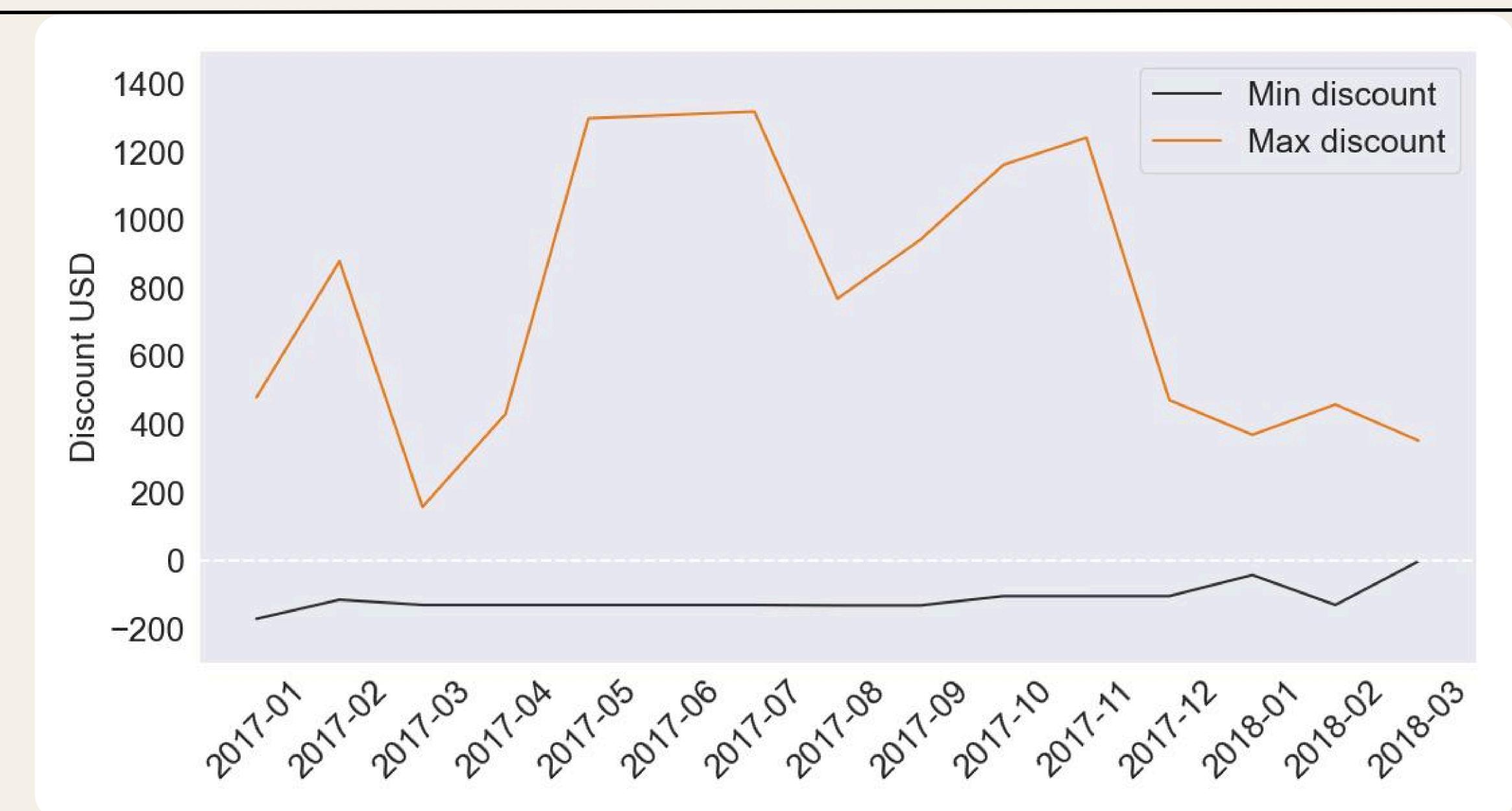




Distribution of all discounts



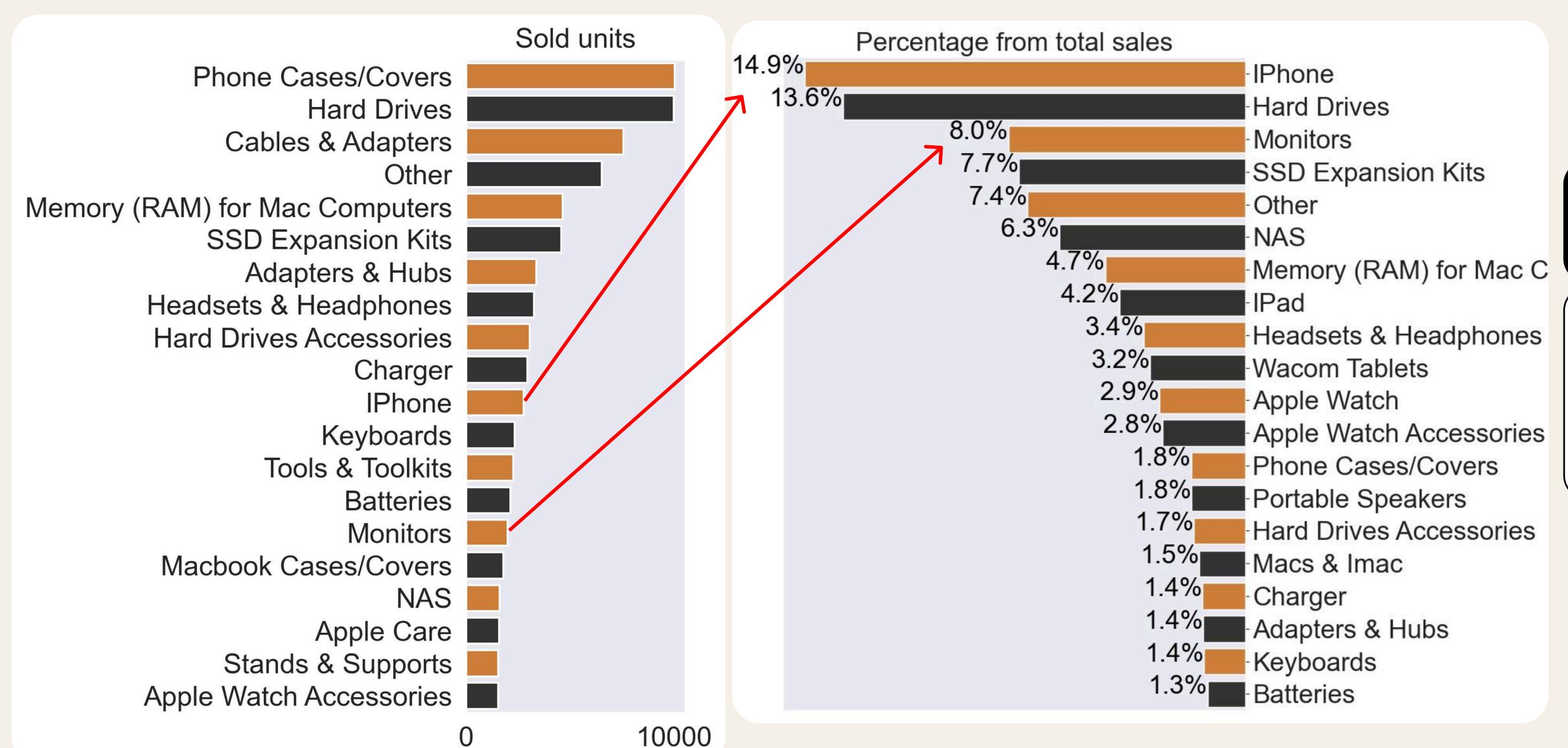
How high are the discounts throughout the year?



What is Eniac actually selling?

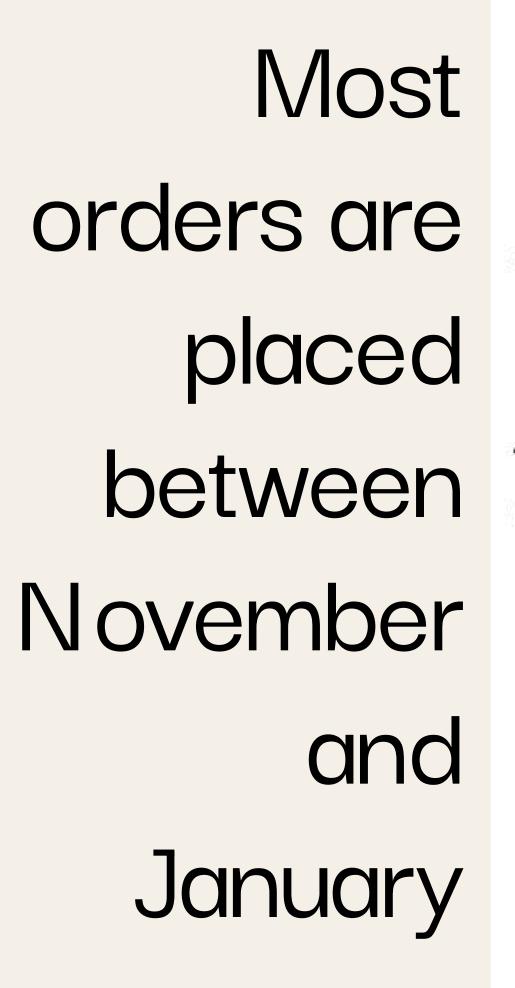
Most sold

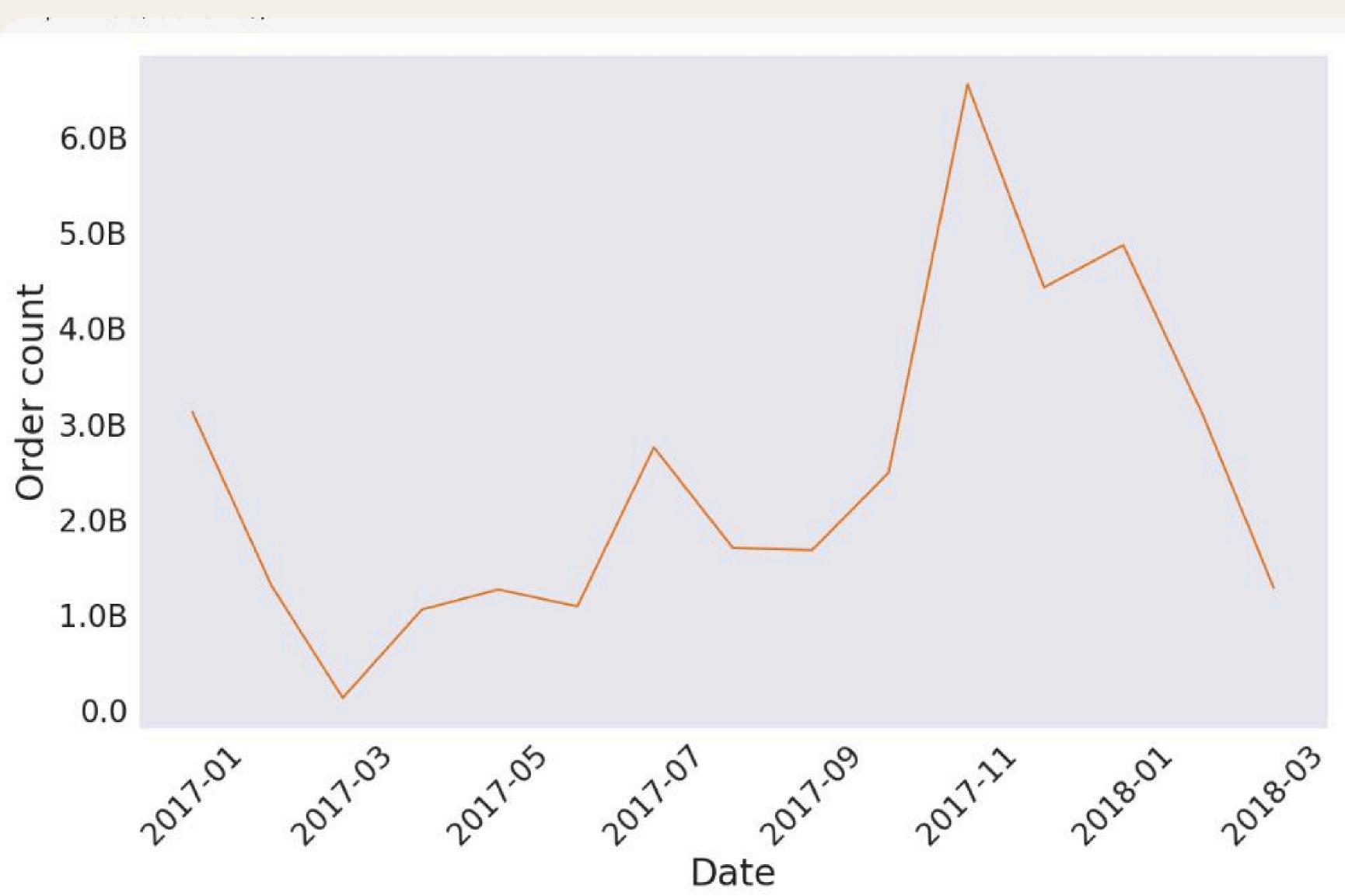
Generating revenue



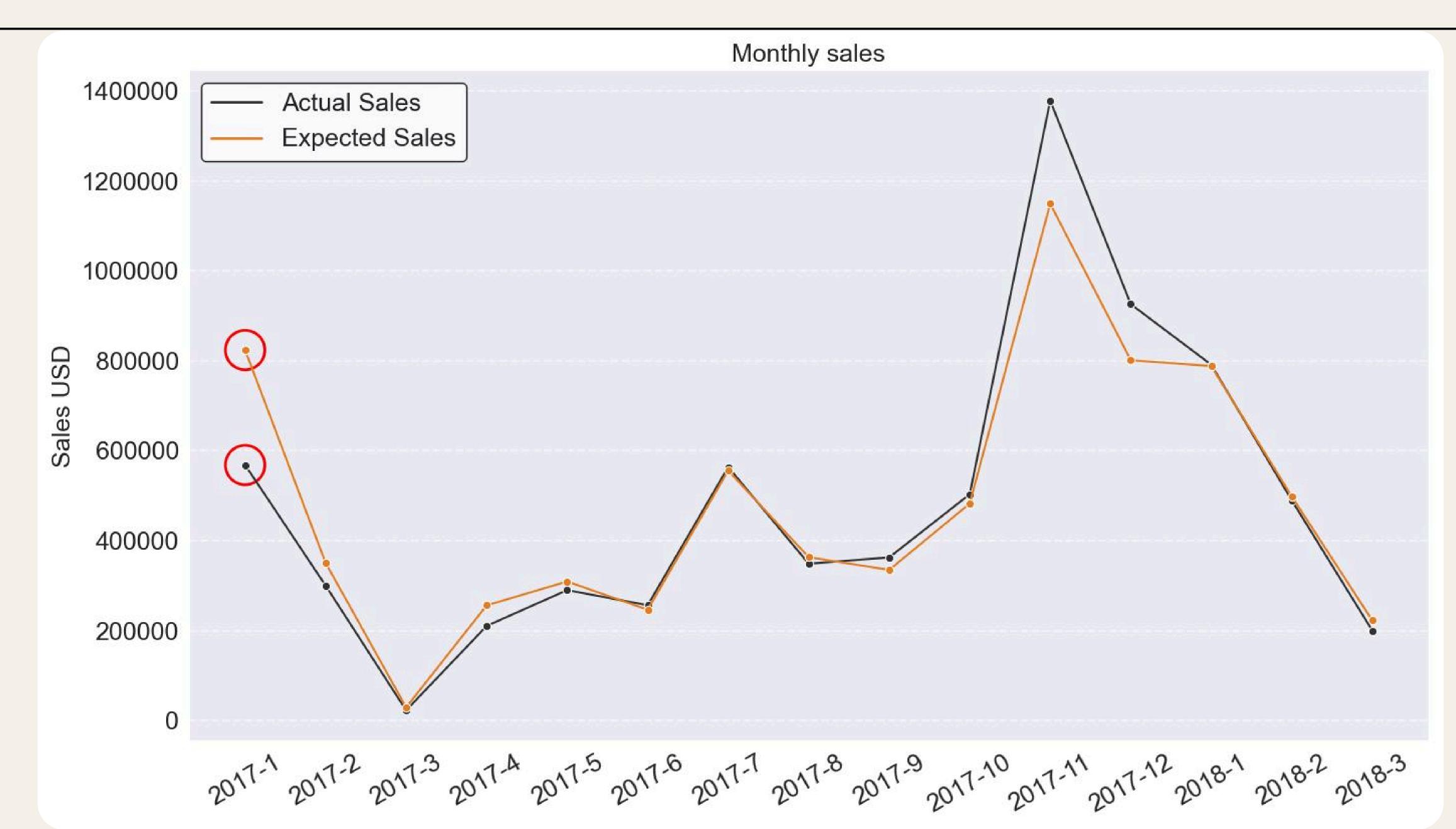
Is discounting our products driving up our sales?

Orders in our observed time window

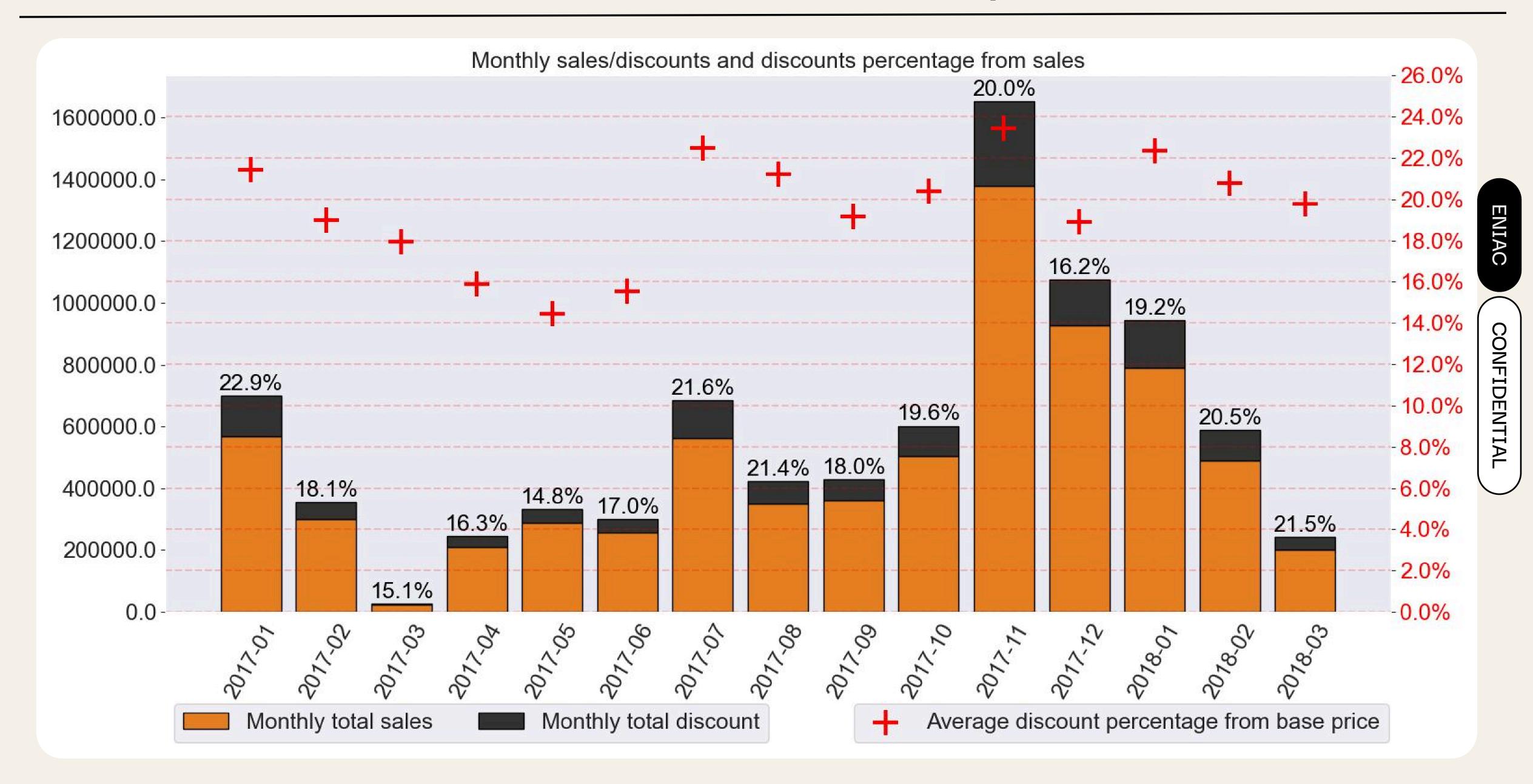




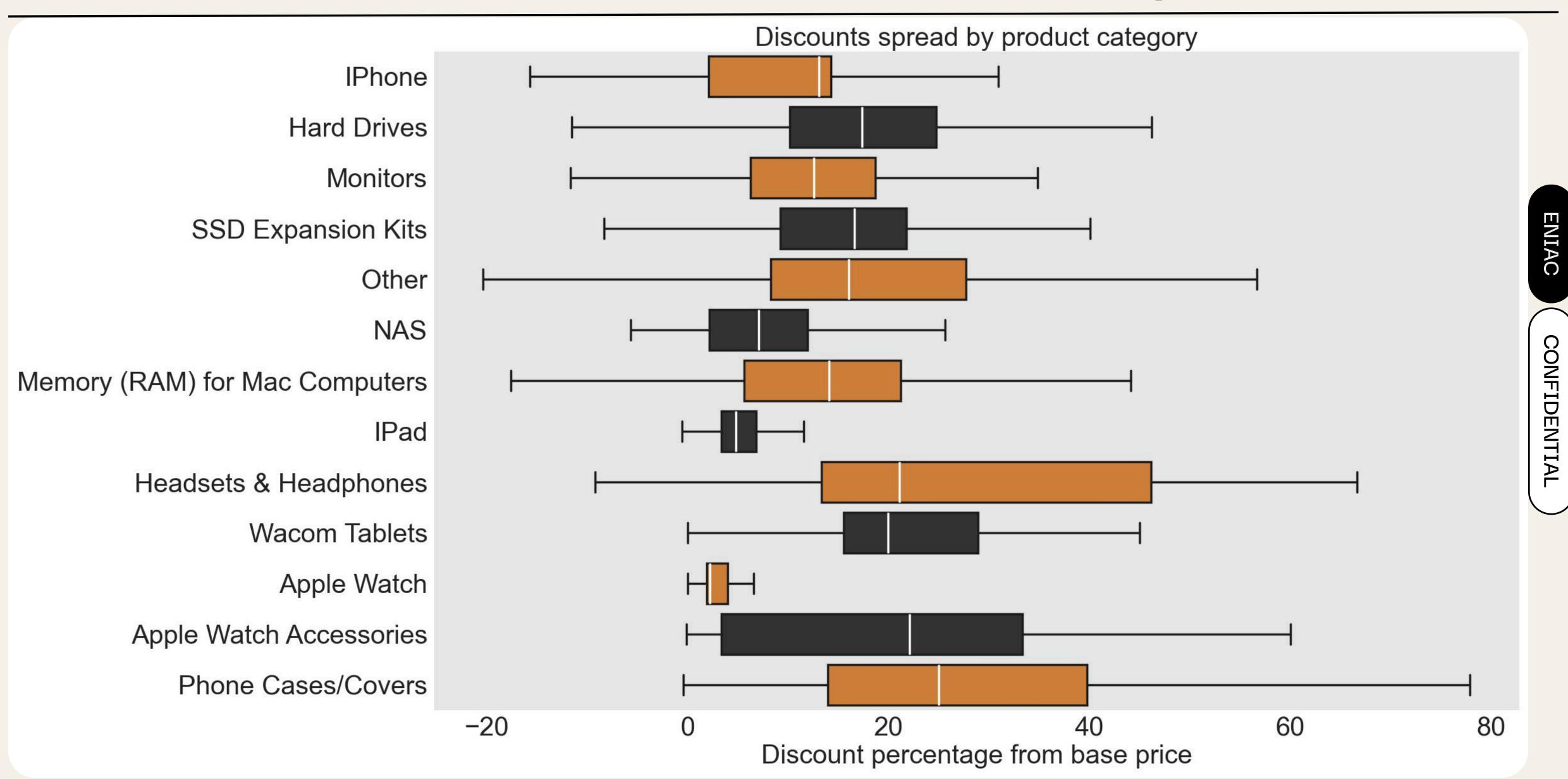
Sales in our observed time window



How do the discounts impact sales?



How do the discounts vary?



The danger of aggressive discount strategies

- Survey by **ProfitWell** revealed: over 70% of salesmen think discounting should be used to retain new customers
- nearly 80% believed a discount of +25% was appropriate
 - **BUT** on the long run customers may
- Have a lower willingness to pay (and may not think the product is worth the original price)
- · Are more likely to cancel and "churn out" when the price is brought back up
- Have lower lifetime customer value



Conclusion

- · To preserve discount effectivity, we should avoid offering constant discounts
- · There should be a defined time frame where no discounts are offered to allow for comparison
- · The discounts ranges should remain in some limits to preserve the product value
- · While we want to be perceived as a luxury-product-seller, revenue streams demonstrate we are also dependent on cheaper products

What would improve the data set?

- · Information on purchasing prices (to calculate exact profit margins)
- · Customer database with feedback info, location and numbers of returned items
- Data normalization and standardization (same number of decimal places, avoid scientific notation of float values)

Thank you!

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